

# 2011 Census: The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire

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*Report by:*

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<b>CONTENTS</b>	<b>Page</b>
<b>Introduction</b>	<b>3</b>
The Census and the Welsh Language	3
Limitations of the Census	3
2011 Census: The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire	4
Acknowledgements	4
<b>The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire in 2011</b>	<b>6</b>
1.1 Demographic patterns and changes	6
1.2 County totals and percentages	7
1.3 The Welsh language at ward level	10
1.4 The Welsh language at community level	12
2 Welsh Speakers by age	14
3.1 Households in which Welsh is spoken	19
3.2 Language transmission in the home	21
4 Welsh Speakers by oral-literacy skills	24
5 Welsh Speakers by place of birth	27
6 Welsh Speakers by occupation, employment industry and socio-economic class	31
<b>Conclusions</b>	<b>35</b>
<b>Appendices</b>	<b>40</b>
Graphs	
Maps	
Tables	

## **Introduction**

### **The Census and the Welsh language**

The census is the most important source of information we have in relation to the number, classification and state of the population in Wales. In addition to providing a looking glass into the demographic, social and economic changes faced by our communities on a decade by decade basis, it is also an extremely important basis for planning public policy and delivering services in years to come.

Information about the Welsh language first began to be collected in the census of 1891, and with the exception of 1941 in the midst of the tumultuous Second World War, more detailed, comprehensive and sophisticated data relating to the Welsh language and its speakers has been published ever since. Unfortunately, different censuses during the past century or more have served to track the dilution of the Welsh language. A century ago almost a million of Wales' inhabitants could speak Welsh, whereas by today its speakers are little over half that number. In 1901 half the country's population could speak Welsh, as could nine out of ten of Carmarthenshire's inhabitants. By today, the national percentage of Welsh speakers has dropped to 20 per cent, whilst speakers in Carmarthenshire, for the first time ever, are in the minority of the county's population. However, despite tracking its decline, the censuses also prompted purposeful and concerted action in favour of the Welsh language, and they were used as an extremely important planning tool

### **Limitations of the Census**

Nonetheless, despite the importance and value of the census statistics to any study of the demographic state of the language and trends in language change, the limitations of the census as a source of information must be borne in mind. The census' main weakness is that it is entirely dependent on the interpretation and accuracy of the individual completing the form to assess their own ability (and that of their family) to speak Welsh - a skill that can vary from individual to individual and that certainly leads to varying responses on the census response form. A number of Welsh speakers who fear they are not totally fluent or that their Welsh is 'not good enough' will record they are unable to speak Welsh, while others who can manage a few sentences in Welsh will record that they can speak the language – there is no way of measuring speakers' fluency. Bearing in mind that parents are responsible for assessing and recording their children's language, it is likely that the language statistics for the 3-15 age range exaggerates the growth of the Welsh language to some extent - and bearing in mind that the majority of children in Carmarthenshire attend category A schools and receive bilingual education, most parents could hardly be blamed for sincerely believing that their children, consequently, possess full bilingual skills, whether that is the case or not.

Neither is the language question associated to any language domains and no question is asked in relation to the use made by the individual and their family of the language, therefore this again can colour responses negatively and positively, depending on the respondent's interpretation. Further, since 1891, a number of elements have changed in every census, meaning that it is not possible to compare census statistics in detail from one decade to another, and certainly not over a century. The way in which the question on the language was asked was changed on the census form, the population base that was counted was changed, and the community and ward boundaries on the ground changed, and even the boundaries of the county itself. As a result, it is also very important to be aware of the limitations of the census statistics.<sup>1</sup> It should also be borne in mind that the census is but one source among a number of other sources.

Yet, census data continues to be our main source of a statistical overview of the position of the language and our yardstick to measure its prosperity, and the census continues to be an extremely useful tool when studying patterns of change.

### **2011 Census: The Welsh language in Carmarthenshire**

This report is a follow-up to the report on *the Welsh language in Carmarthenshire at the beginning of the 21st century* prepared in 2005 in order to analyse the 2001 Census statistics. This report has been prepared in the same format and order, using corresponding data sets to those used for 2001, so there is a correlation between both reports and a means by which to compare and contrast. For the analysis of the 2001 Census, the position of the Welsh language in Carmarthenshire was tracked back to the first language statistics published in 1891, therefore in order to gain a full historical picture of the changes in relation to the Welsh language in the county at the turn of the twentieth century, reference should be made to that report.

**The purpose of this report is to update the previous analysis by focusing on the data from the 2011 Census and tracking, analysing and interpreting the patterns of change experienced since 2001.**

### **Acknowledgements**

Particular thanks go to Lesley Rees, Research and Information Policy Officer at the Customer Focus and Policy Department, Carmarthenshire County Council for providing all the data sets and information in relation to demographic profiles for the different electoral wards in the county. Her willing

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<sup>1</sup> For a discussion on the limitations of language calculations as a means of measuring inhabitants' language ability, see Colin Baker, *Foundations of Bilingual Education and Bilingualism* (3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Clevedon, 2001), pp.18-41. For a discussion on the limitations of the census in Wales specifically, see John Aitchison and Harold Carter, *Language, Economy and Society: The Changing Fortunes of the Welsh Language in the Twentieth Century*. (Cardiff, 2000), pp.15-22.

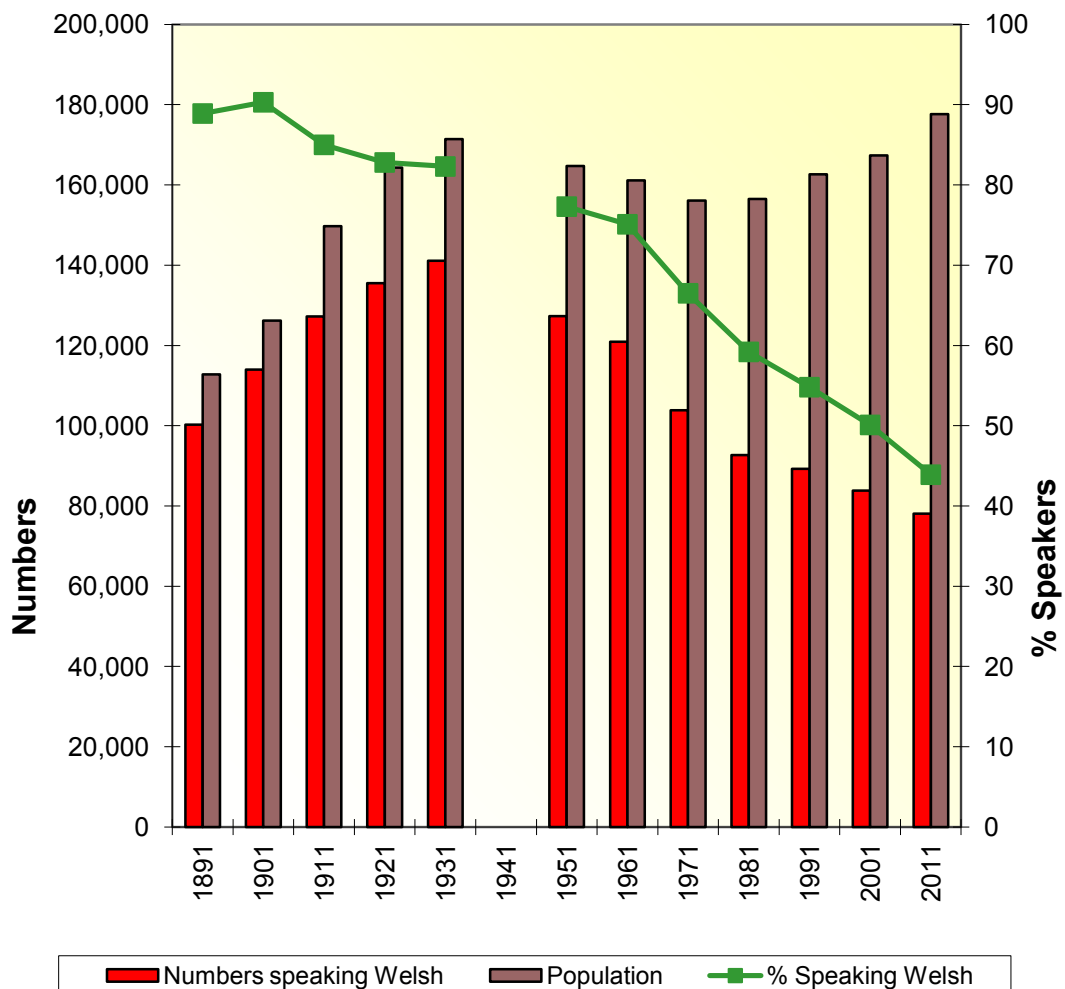
and forthcoming assistance were of considerable assistance in preparing this report and the work could not have been completed without her. Thank you.

## The Welsh language in Carmarthenshire in 2011

### 1.1 Demographic patterns and changes

According to 2011 Census evidence, Carmarthenshire continued with many of the themes of the previous forty years. The total number of inhabitants in the county continued to rise and had reached 183,777 – the highest number of people ever to live within the boundaries of Carmarthenshire, and even higher than the number in 1931 at the height of industrialisation and before the storm of the Second World War and the arduous years that followed. It was not until the 1980s and the economic boom that the tide turned, and the period of shrinkage and depopulation ceased, and the population began to grow once again. Numbers subsequently grew consistently, and the biggest increase in population in a whole generation was experienced between 2001 and 2011, as the number of people soared by 10,931, or +6.3 per cent.

**Patterns of increase in population and decrease in percentages speaking Welsh, Carmarthenshire 1891-2011**



(see also Tables 1.1 and 1.2, and Graphs 1.1 and 1.2)

Nonetheless, by 2011, Carmarthenshire was home to an increasingly ageing population. This was again the continuation of a common theme in the recent history of the county. Percentages in the younger generation decreased, dropping to 13.8 per cent of the whole population – i.e. a decrease of -5.2 per cent in the population number since the 2001 Census. The percentage of children aged 3-14 has pretty much decreased in Carmarthenshire ever since 1921, when this age group represented over a quarter of the population (25.6 per cent). Yet, the percentage in the older generation continued to rise throughout the same period. In 1921, only 6.0 per cent of the population was over 65, but by 2011 the percentage had reached 21.5 per cent. Between 2001 and 2011 alone, the number in this age group increased by +13.3 per cent. In terms of numbers, there were 24,514 children aged 3-14 living in Carmarthenshire in 2011, while there were 38,176 inhabitants aged 65 and older – i.e. 13,662 more.

As birth and death rates in Carmarthenshire had remained quite static since the middle of the twentieth century, it is clear that in-migration was the main reason for the net population increase. In 2011 the birth rate for Carmarthenshire was 10.5 per cent, while the death rate was 11.1 per cent. The county's inhabitant total grew as a result of the increasing number of people born outside Wales settling here, rather than as a result of natural processes. This was also a familiar thread in the recent demographic history of Carmarthenshire. The percentage of those born outside Wales in the first three decades after the Second World War steadily but consistently rose, and increased considerably more quickly from the 1970s onwards. By 2011, 24 per cent of the population of Carmarthenshire were born outside Wales. There has been much media attention during recent years surrounding the in-migration seen in Britain from eastern Europe in particular, and to some extent this has been echoed also in Carmarthenshire. The population born overseas increased by +93.3 per cent in ten short years. Nonetheless, these foreign immigrants represented only 4.1 per cent of the county's overall population. Despite their number increasing by 3,661 between 2001 and 2011 they were not as numerous as those born in other parts of Britain, and in England in particular. There were 36,499 of those living in Carmarthenshire by 2011, representing 19.9 per cent of the population, and despite this upsurge in immigrants representing a +19.5 per cent increase during 2001 and 2011, in number terms, it equated to 5,967 inhabitants.

## 1.2 County totals and percentages

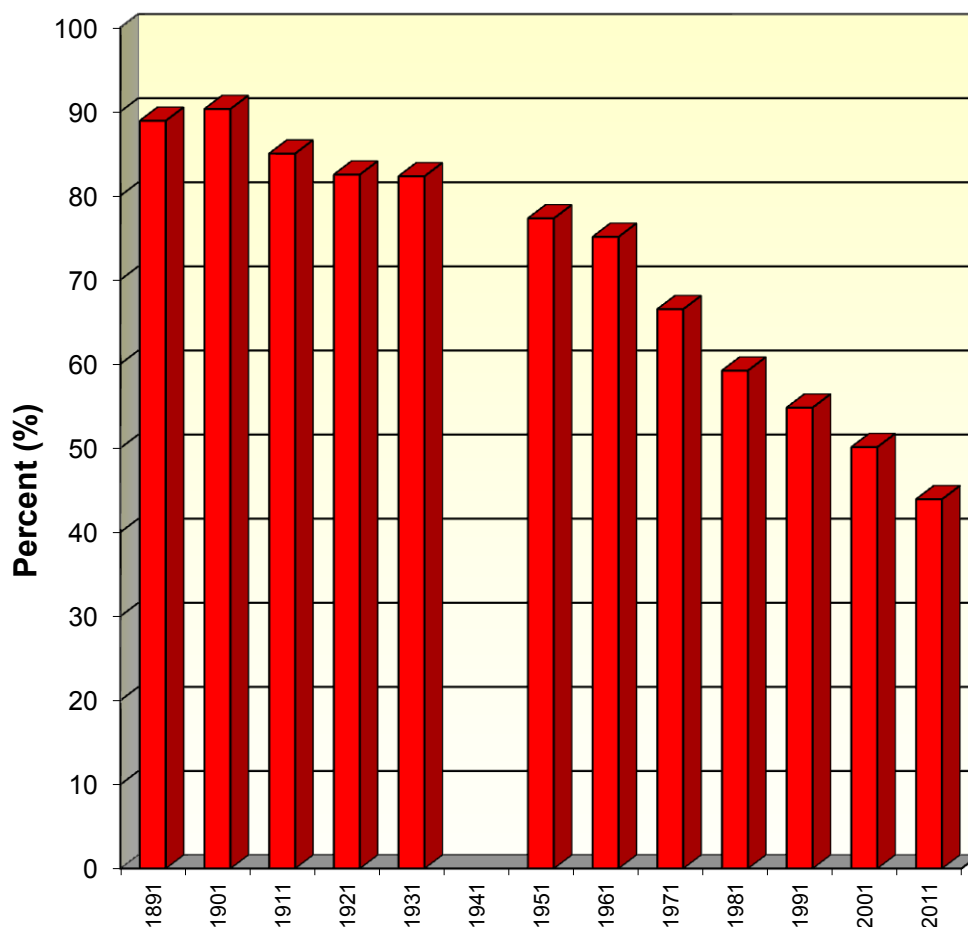
Unfortunately, the story of the Welsh language in Carmarthenshire was also the continuation of a common theme – namely that of shrinkage and retreat. On census day, 27 March 2011, 78,048 Welsh speakers were returned for Carmarthenshire (decreased from 89,213 in 1991 and 83,802 in 2001).

The number of Welsh speakers at a national level also saw a decrease, but while the total number of Welsh speakers in Wales had decreased from

575,730 in 2001 to 562,016 in 2011, the total was still considerably higher than the percentage of Welsh speakers in Wales in 1991, namely 508,098. Therefore, despite there being 13,714 fewer Welsh Speakers in the whole of Wales in 2011 compared to 2001, the net increase was still 53,918 Welsh speakers in Wales during the twenty year period between 1991 and 2011 (see Tables 1.3). In Carmarthenshire, the number of Welsh speakers declined consistently, with a net loss of 11,165 during the same period.

Similarly, the percentages of Welsh speakers also continued to go down. In 1991, 54.8 per cent of the county's inhabitants could speak Welsh, but the percentage dropped to 50.1 per cent of the population by 2001 (see Graph 1.3) and decreased still further to 43.9 per cent in 2011 – the first time ever for the percentage of Welsh speakers in Carmarthenshire to drop below half, meaning that Welsh speakers in the county are now in the minority in an area traditionally considered to be one of the language's heartlands. Although percentages of Welsh speakers have also decreased on a national level since 2011 – falling from 20.5 per cent in 2001 to 19.0 per cent in 2011, the percentage remained higher than it was in 1991 – at 18.7 per cent.

**Percentages of Welsh speakers in Carmarthenshire, 1891-2011**



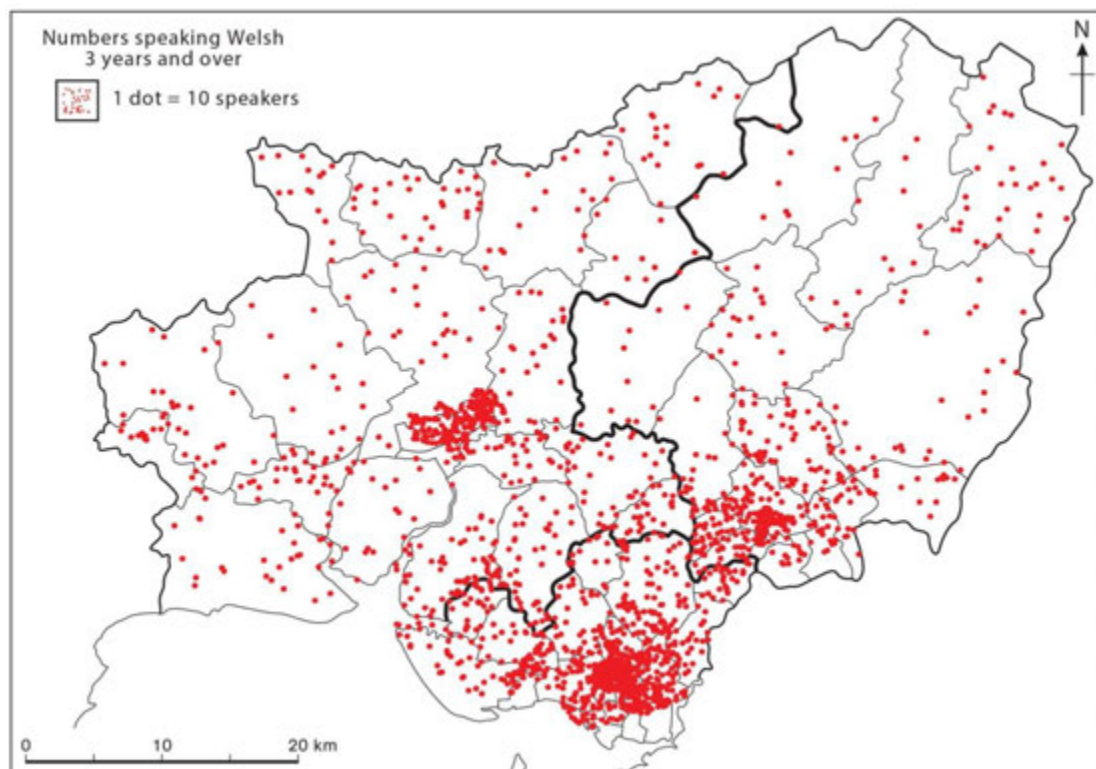
(see also Table 1.3 and Graph 1.3)



Although most counties saw a small decrease in the percentages of their Welsh speakers between 2001 and 2011, the old areas of the Welsh heartlands, y Fro Gymraeg, experienced the greatest decrease – with Ceredigion seeing a decrease of -4.5 per cent and Gwynedd -3.3 per cent. But Carmarthenshire experienced the greatest decrease by a long way, as the percentage fell -6.1 per cent between the two censuses (and -10.9 per cent between 1991 and 2011).

It should be borne in mind, nonetheless, that Carmarthenshire still had the greatest number of Welsh speakers in 2011 of all Wales' unitary authorities (compared with Gwynedd: 77,000, Anglesey: 38,568, Cardiff: 36,735 and Ceredigion: 34,964) (**see Table 1.4**). Once again, it was the post-industrial and populated wards of the Gwendraeth Valley and the Amman Valley that saw some of the highest numbers of Welsh speakers, such as Llan-non (3,262), Gorslas (2,523) and Llandybie (2,207). The towns continued to be important centres for attracting Welsh speakers, such as Carmarthen (where there were 5,123 Welsh speaking inhabitants), Llanelli (5,732), Llandeilo (1,454), Burry Port (1,324) and Ammanford (1,290) (**see Map 1.1**).

#### **Distribution of Welsh Speakers in Carmarthenshire, 2011 (by number)**



Although the towns were traditionally considered to be Anglicised centres, it is clear that by the turn of the twenty first century that Welsh speakers had increasingly migrated to the towns due to draws such as employment, education and facilities - a pattern repeated across the whole of Wales since

the 1980s, and experienced particularly in Cardiff.<sup>2</sup> Although they are in the minority in percentage terms, with so many living within the boundaries of the large towns, these Welsh speakers represent a numerous and significant corpus within the towns - though they have perhaps not coalesced into a conscious group to promote their own interests as a recognised group. However, in terms of coordination of educational, social and cultural policies, this urban accumulation could be significant by way of providing resources and organising activities and an element of targeting the towns should be considered in language planning.

### 1.3 The Welsh language at Ward level

The census permits us to scrutinise the state of the language at electoral ward and community level. Looking firstly at the distribution of Welsh speakers according to 2011 Census figures at ward level in Carmarthenshire we see a very disheartening pattern (see **Table 1.5 and Map 1.2**). Of the 58 electoral wards used as census count areas in 2011, in only 26 wards could half or more of the population speak Welsh. (In 2001 half or more of the population of 35 wards could speak Welsh). There was no single ward in Carmarthenshire by 2011 where over 70 per cent of the population could speak Welsh anymore, after the percentages in Pontyberem, Llannon and Gorslas in the Gwendraeth Valley and Cwarter Bach in the east Amman Valley, all fell beneath that threshold. Indeed, only in 5 wards across the entire county could 60 per cent of the population now speak Welsh (namely the four previous wards which were over 70 per cent, and the Penygroes ward). Nonetheless, where it could be claimed back in 2001 that almost every one of the Gwendraeth and Amman wards had a population of 60 per cent or more of Welsh speakers, only a handful of those wards remain so to this day. At the other end of the spectrum less than 30 per cent of the population of almost every ward in Llanelli town by 2011 could speak Welsh - the only ward with a higher percentage was Bynea on the eastern outskirts of the town, with 31 per cent able to speak Welsh.

Each of the county's towns saw a similar tale of losing ground. Percentages of Welsh speakers in all of Carmarthen town's wards dropped for the first time ever under 40 per cent in the 2011 Census. In 2001 43 per cent of Carmarthen's inhabitants could speak Welsh but by 2011 the percentage had dropped to 37.6 per cent - i.e. a difference of -5.4 per cent. Carmarthen was a commercial centre for centuries, attracting a high population due to the economic opportunities and it would seem that the success of the town has contributed to some degree to its increased Anglicisation in recent decades. However, due to the presence of several large employers within the public sector in Carmarthen, such as the local university, the general hospital and the head offices of the local authority itself, the state of the language could be very positively influenced if those institutions adopted a concerted policy of

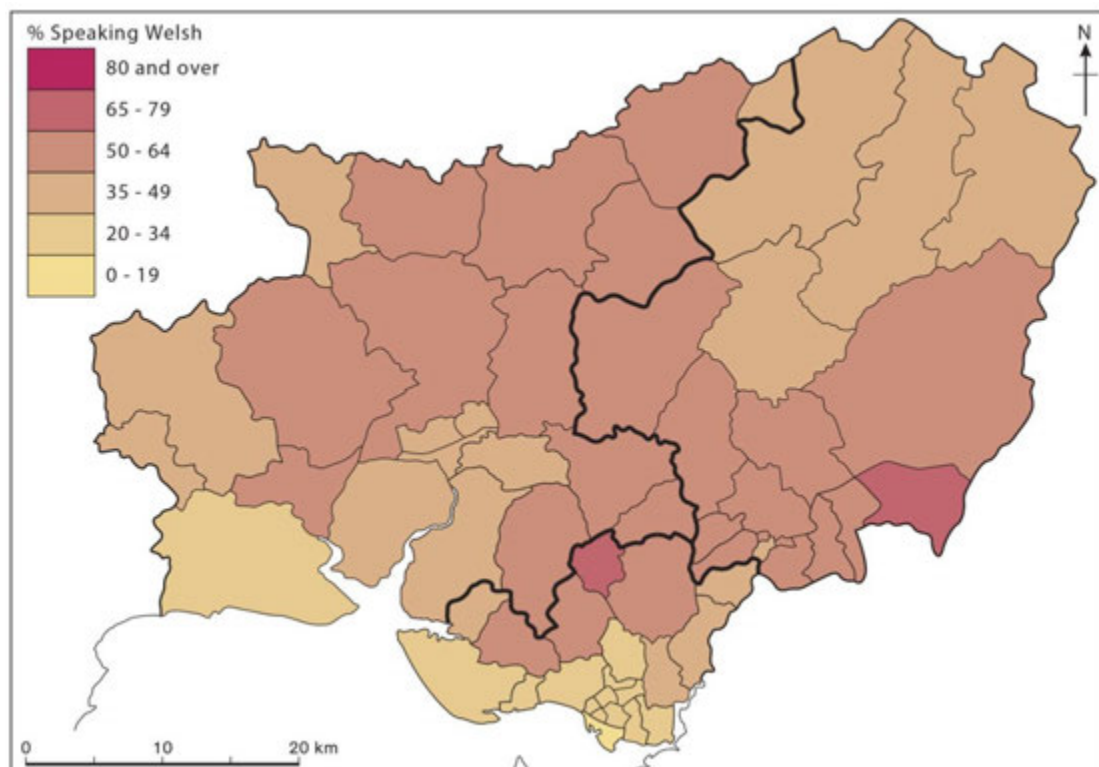
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<sup>2</sup> See Aitchison and Carter, *Language, Economy and Society*, pp.80-9.

making the workplace more Welsh in nature and stipulated a percentage of their posts as being those for which the Welsh language is essential.

The experience was similar across the county. Percentages of Welsh speakers decreased in Burry Port from 36.4 per cent to 32.2 per cent (a decrease of -4.2 per cent), Llandeilo from 55.1 per cent to 50.3 per cent (a decrease of -4.8 per cent), Kidwelly from 50.6 per cent to 44.4 per cent (-6.2 per cent), and Llandovery from 47.5 per cent to 40.3 per cent (-7.2 per cent). But the town that undoubtedly experienced the greatest decrease in the percentages of Welsh speakers between 2001 and 2011 was Ammanford. In 2001 62.1 per cent of the population of the Ammanford ward could speak Welsh. By 2011 that percentage had dropped to 49.9 per cent - a difference of -12.2 per cent. Of all the areas in Carmarthenshire, it appears that the Amman Valley saw the greatest linguistic losses between 2001 and 2011. In the seven wards within the Amman Valley development area, a decrease of -9.5 per cent was experienced in the percentage of Welsh speakers - considerably greater than the average for the whole county. The town and its neighbouring, bordering wards experienced the greatest drop in the percentage of speakers - Saron (-16.4 per cent) saw the greatest decrease among all wards in the county, but in addition to the town of Ammanford itself (-12.2 per cent) a decrease was also seen in Tycroes (-11.1 per cent), Garnant (-11.0 per cent), Betws (-9.9 per cent), Hendy (-8.2 per cent), Glanamman (-7.8 per cent) and Pontamman (-6.5) – all of which saw a decrease greater than the county average (-6.2 per cent) in their Welsh speakers.

### Distribution of Welsh Speakers in 2011 (by percentage) at ward level



The towns have traditionally held higher percentages of monoglot English speakers due to the influence of commerce and industrialisation, and the seaside areas, where tourism was for generations a factor in Anglicisation, continue in 2011 to see lower percentages of Welsh speakers, particularly Laugharne Township (22.4 per cent). The natural beauty of the county's coastline and its popularity in attracting visitors have certainly been a factor in the further Anglicisation of a number of these wards between 2001 and 2011. The wards of Llansteffan (48.5 per cent to 44.2 per cent), Llanishmel (55.2 per cent to 50.3 per cent) and Pembrey (36.3 per cent to 31.1 per cent) all experienced a further decrease in their Welsh speaker percentages since the last census. Several rural areas within the county also experienced significant losses in terms of Welsh speaker percentages by the beginning of the twenty first century, mainly as a result of the decline of the agriculture industry and population migration - the out-migration of the younger, Welsh speaking generation, from rural areas, and the in-migration of the older population, predominantly from England and non-Welsh speaking, into these areas in their place. By 2001, wards at the top end of the Tywi Valley, such as Cilycwm and Manordeilo and Salem, and the ward of Llanboidy on the boundary with Pembrokeshire, had already experienced a substantial decrease in their Welsh speaker percentages. However, the English language further penetrated the rural areas between 2001 and 2011. Percentages of Welsh speakers dropped in the ward of Cynwyl Gaeo from 58.0 per cent in 2001 to 46.7 per cent in 2011 – a difference of -11.3 per cent. In the north east of the county in the ward of Cenarth, the percentage of Welsh speakers dropped from 60.4 per cent in 2001 to 48.8 per cent in 2011 – a difference of -11.6 per cent. While the rural areas around the Tywi Valley and Teifi Valley were once the backbone of rural Welsh society in Carmarthenshire, these areas are now experiencing a faster and more devastating language decline than any other part of the county.

#### 1.4 The Welsh language at Community level

Therefore, each and every electoral ward in Carmarthenshire experienced a demise between 2001 and 2011 – no *increase* was seen in Welsh speaker percentages anywhere. Looking at the census results at a Community level, results can be compared over a twenty year period between 1991 and 2011. (Electoral ward boundaries were changed after 1991, which means that at ward level only data for 2001 and 2011 can be compared) (**see Table 1.6, Graphs 1.4 – 1.7, and Maps 1.3 – 1.5**). When comparing 1991 and 2011 data, we see that three communities in the far south-westerly corner of the county experienced a small increase in their percentages of Welsh speakers, namely Eglwyscummin (+5.9 per cent), Pendine (+5.7 per cent) and Laugharne (+2.6 per cent). The education system is certainly mainly responsible for this small increase in Welsh speaker percentages in communities that had been Anglicised for many generations. However, it should be borne in mind that only very small numbers of Welsh speakers live

in these communities and as a result, any increase is going to appear significant. For example, there were 39 Welsh speakers living in Pendine in 1991, while 61 had been counted there in 2011 – which puts the increase of +5.7 per cent in Welsh speakers there into context. Certain other communities also experienced an increase in Welsh speaker numbers, such as Abergwili (+113), Whitland (+56), Manordeilo (+45) and Llanpumsaint (+33). This small increase appears to represent something of a trend among Welsh speakers to converge in villages and communities on the outskirts of towns such as Carmarthen and Llandeilo. However, it is not easy to explain very micro patterns of demographic shift such as this. Between 1991 and 2001 there was a significant increase in the numbers of Welsh speakers in Llanegwad (+91), but ten years later the number had once again declined (-40). All kinds of very local catalysts, such as a housing development, the opening of a new primary school premises, closure of a primary school, losing an important employer, or losing key community facilities such as a village shop, post office or surgery, can greatly influence speaker patterns at a community level. Consequently, the local authority must make full use of tools such as language impact assessments to fully gauge the implications of all developments on the state of the language when considering planning applications and drawing up policies such as Local Development Plans.

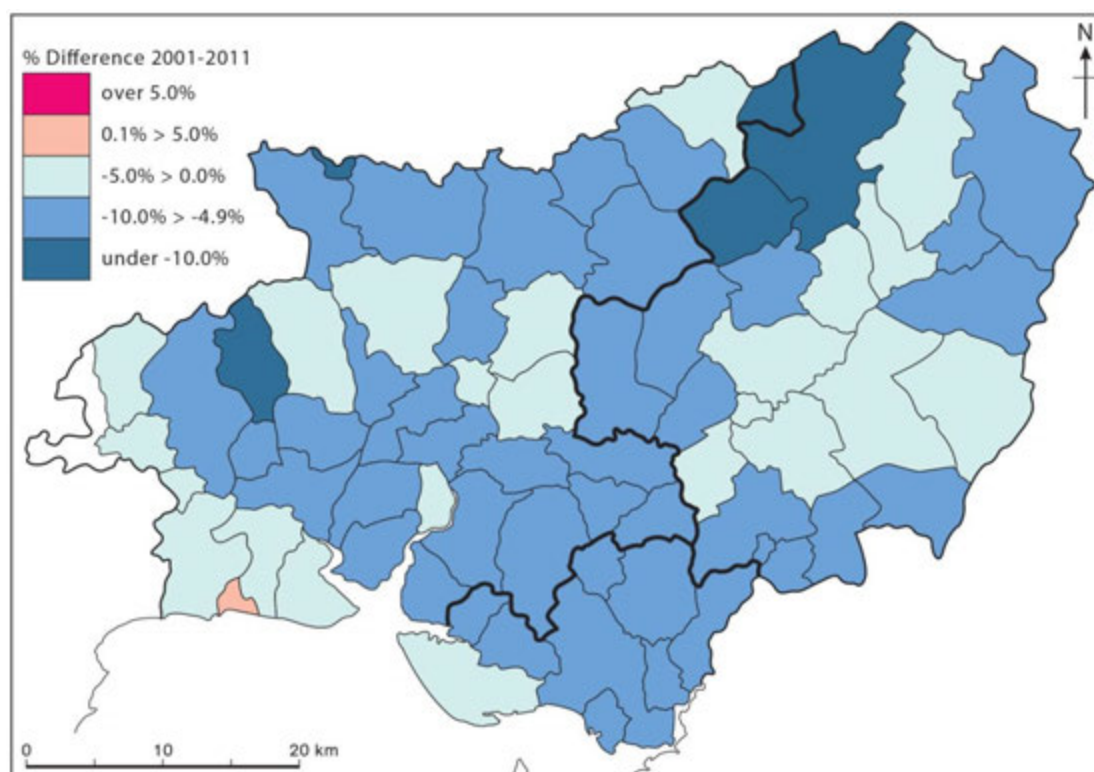
However, the language took a shift in the opposite direction in the vast majority of communities in the county between 1991 and 2011. Of the 72 communities in Carmarthenshire, 69 of them experienced a decrease in Welsh speaker percentages in that twenty year period.

The community that experienced the greatest decrease was Llanwinio to the north of St Clears, in which 1 in 5 of its Welsh speakers was lost between 1991 and 2011 (a drop from 67.5 per cent to 46.0 per cent). 40 communities experienced a decrease of over -10 per cent in Welsh speaker percentages - 12 of those saw a decrease of more than -15 per cent. In truth, only 15 of all communities in the county experienced a decrease lower than the county average in terms of their Welsh speaker percentages across a twenty year period. The loss in numbers of Welsh speakers in some of these communities is more alarming still. If the modest increase in the number of Welsh speakers in communities such as Llanpumsaint (+30) and Abergwili (+113) is to be celebrated, then the shocking decrease of -1,768 speakers seen in Llanelli town between 2001 and 2011, and a further -1,201 in Llanelli Rural, is the subject of some alarm. Also within the old district of Llanelli -594 Welsh speakers were lost in Llan-non and -530 in Llanedi to the north east of the town, with another -521 in Cefn Sidan and -431 in Trimsaran to the west of the town. -633 Welsh speakers were lost in Ammanford and -600 in Cwmaman, and -484 Welsh speakers were lost in Carmarthen town between 1991 and 2011.

Despite the glimmer of hope that appeared in 2001, therefore, when the percentage of Welsh speakers rose nationally in Wales for the first time ever, reversing a century and more of language decline, the Welsh language clearly

continued to lose ground in Carmarthenshire in terms of Welsh speaker numbers and speaker percentages. Indeed, it appears that that decline is gathering pace and worsening, and that the demographic picture strongly suggests that the Welsh language is rapidly perishing in some of the county's communities.

### **Difference in Welsh speaker percentages between 2001 and 2011 at community level**



## **2 Welsh speakers by Age**

A very revealing element of the census data is the distribution of Welsh speakers across a number of age groups (**see Table 2.1 and Graph 2.1**). Within Carmarthenshire's Welsh speaker cohort in 2011, there are higher percentages than the county average of school age children (3-14 oed), young people (16-24 oed) and people over retirement age (aged 65 and over) who can speak Welsh. Up until the 1970's 8 out of ten people in Carmarthenshire who were middle aged or older could speak Welsh.<sup>3</sup> However, percentages of Welsh speakers in this age group have decreased at a faster rate in every census since. Since 1981 the county has lost almost 8 per cent of its Welsh speakers from the population aged 65 and over, with every decade, and the demise of the older generation is directly reflected in

<sup>3</sup> For a discussion on coupling language with the older generation, see Brinley Thomas 'Accounting for Language Shift in a South Wales Mining Community', *Cardiff Working Papers in Linguistics*, 5, 1987, 55-100.

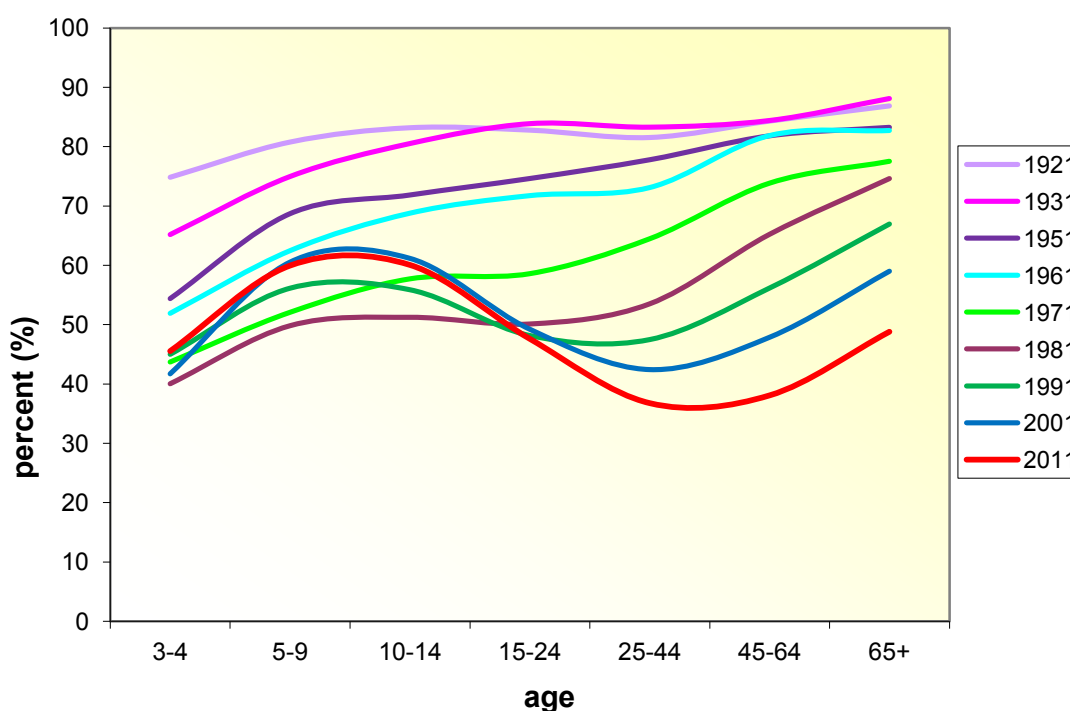
the decrease of Welsh speaker percentages across the entire county at each census.

### Welsh Speakers in Carmarthenshire by Age Group, 2011

WELSH SPEAKERS (aged 3 and over)	Number	Percentage (%)
3-15	15,514	57.7
16-24	9,040	46.2
25-34	7,073	37.5
35-49	12,881	35.8
50-64	14,910	39.1
65-74	9,209	45.3
75-84	6,472	51.2
85+	2,949	56.9
TOTAL	78,048	43.9

Similarly, the percentage of Welsh speakers of retirement age in Carmarthenshire dropped from 59.0 per cent to 51.1 per cent between 2001 and 2011 – a difference of 7.9 per cent. However, as the gap between the percentage for this age group and the county average is rapidly closing, it appears that natural processes of demographic change - birth and death - will not have as dramatic an influence on percentages for the entire county in future censuses.

### Linguistic ability by age, Carmarthenshire 1921-2011



The fact that the constant decline seen over the past decade in percentage of Welsh speakers in the younger generation has reversed offers more hope (see Graphs 2.2 - 2.4). Back in 1921 8 out of ten people in Carmarthenshire between 3 and 15 years of age could speak Welsh. However, these percentages decreased gradually but constantly until they reached a low in 1981 when the percentage had dropped to 47.0 per cent. It was clear that the children of the county had been turning their backs on the Welsh language, or rather, that more and more parents had chosen not to raise their children in Welsh, for a generation and more, and that the future of the Welsh language was faltering in Carmarthenshire. However, a corner was turned in 1991 when the percentage of Welsh speakers between the ages of 3-15 rose to 60.4 per cent.

Unfortunately, that increase was not sustained and this percentage slipped somewhat in both subsequent censuses – 58.2 per cent in 2001 and 57.7 per cent in 2011, but at least the rapid decline that characterised the previous half century slowed down and percentages stabilised to some extent.

These results bear testament to the success of the education system in making Welsh speakers of the county's children, a pattern repeated elsewhere in the country where access to bilingual education has succeeded in creating new speakers for the Welsh language who would not otherwise have accessed it. Education has proven to be vital in the course of the language across the whole of Wales, and has managed to reverse the process of losing ground in other parts of the country, Anglicised over generations, to a story of gaining ground and increasing Welsh speaker numbers and percentages. By now, it is among the school age population in Wales that the highest numbers and percentages of Welsh speakers in all age groups are found:

### Welsh Speakers in Wales, by Age Group 2011

WELSH SPEAKERS (aged 3 and over)	Number	Percentage (%)
3-15	168,750	37.6
16-24	80,909	21.6
25-34	57,158	15.9
35-49	85,050	13.8
50-64	79,217	13.3
65+	90,932	16.2
TOTAL	562,016	

It is worth looking more closely at the ability to speak Welsh in this phase. In the following table the ability to speak Welsh between 2001 and 2011 is compared for children aged 3-4, 5-9 and 10-14. 2011 data clearly shows that there was a higher percentage of Welsh speaking 3-4 year olds in Carmarthenshire than in 2001 – the only age group where this occurred. Indeed, this is the highest the percentage for 3-4 year olds has been in the



county since 1961 (when a figure of 51.9 per cent of this age group was returned as Welsh speakers).

### Welsh Speakers aged 3-15 in Carmarthenshire, 2001 and 2011

WELSH SPEAKERS	2001		2011	
	Number	Percentage (%)	Number	Percentage (%)
3-4	1,651	41.7	1,901	45.5
5-9	6,444	60.5	5,814	60.0
10-14	6,889	61.2	6,392	60.1
AGED 3 -15	16,390	58.2	15,514	57.7

This statistic is testament to the success of campaigns such as TWF in seeking to persuade parents to raise their children bilingually, and as the future of the language literally depends on the next generation of speakers, the hope is that this modest but significant upsurge further augurs that the Welsh language is slowly turning a corner. Note that the percentage of 3-4 year old Welsh speakers, i.e. the pre-school age group, is higher than the percentage for speakers aged 25-34 (37.5 per cent), which is the group most likely to bring up children - proof of the commitment of parents who are themselves non-Welsh speaking to raise their children bilingually. By the time their children reach school, therefore, the hope is that the desire and commitment of these parents to raise their children to speak Welsh will be reinforced by formal education. (However, it is also important to bear in mind that it is the parents who respond on their children's behalf when completing the census form, and that an element of exaggeration of a 3-4 year old child's linguistic ability may occur and that the percentages, as a result, are overly optimistic. It would be wise therefore not to become complacent in relation to this data).

The data for school phase is also optimistic, as 6 out of 10 5-9 and 10-14 year olds were returned as Welsh speakers - very similar percentage to those of 2001, which suggests that the education system is managing to maintain the percentages of Welsh speakers despite the apparent decline seen in all other age groups by school phase. However, in light of the fact that Carmarthenshire percentages of Welsh speakers aged 3-15 years continue to steadily decrease, and bearing in mind that the county's education policy is to ensure that all children are totally bilingual by the time they leave school, there is no argument that much remains to be done.

Caution should also be exercised to avoid depending wholly on the education system to reverse the decline of the Welsh language in Carmarthenshire. Although higher percentages than the county average of 3-15 year olds can speak Welsh, the percentage decreases by the next age group, 16-24. Though this again is higher than the 2011 county average (46.2 per cent), it is lower than the percentage for 2001 (47.6 per cent) and 1991 (52.5 per cent)

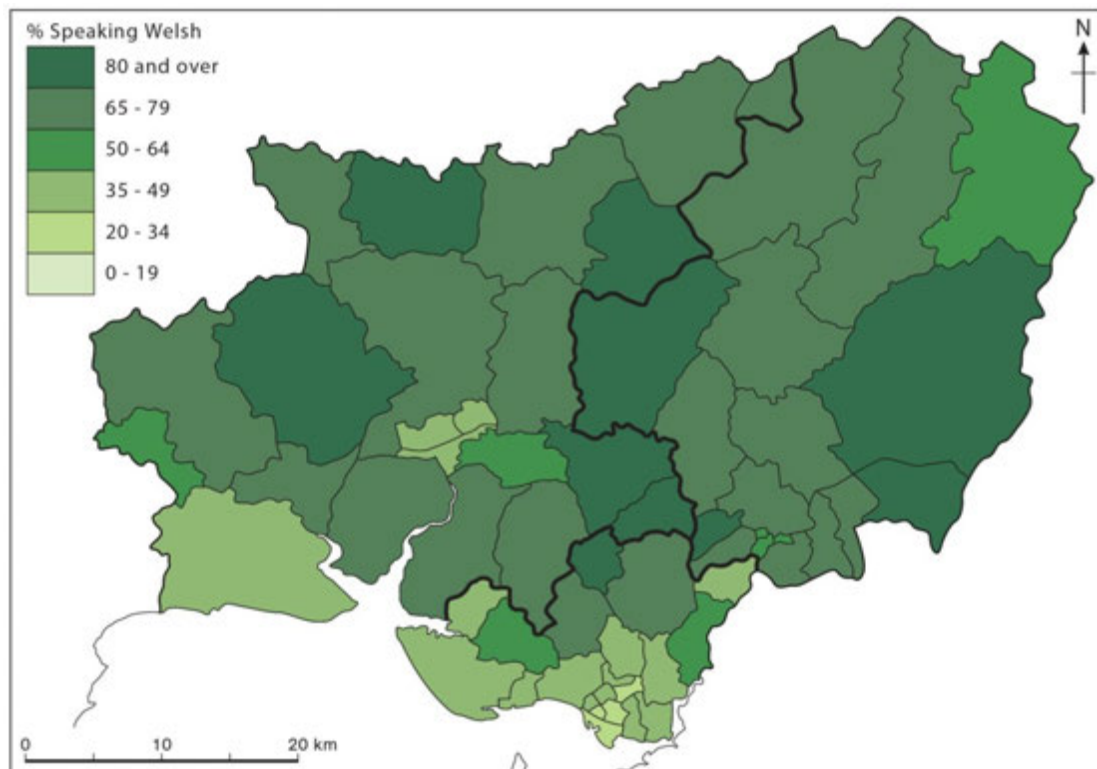
(see Graphs 2.5 – 2.6). Unfortunately, it does not appear that the percentage upsurge experienced in the school age group is maintained beyond the school phase. 58.2 per cent of Carmarthenshire's 3-15 year old inhabitants could speak Welsh in 2001, but in 2011, only 46.2 per cent of these inhabitants (who would be 16-24 years of age by now), could speak Welsh – a very significant difference of -12 per cent. Of course, not all of those young people counted in 2001 continue to live in Carmarthenshire by 2011 - while 3-15 year old inhabitants in the county reached over 28,000 in 2001, 16-24 year old inhabitants in the county in 2011 totalled just over 19,500. It is clear, therefore, that a significant number of our young people leave Carmarthenshire after finishing school to go to university or to find work, and a substantial percentage of those are clearly Welsh speakers. But the statistics also suggest very strongly that the education system in Carmarthenshire does not create lifelong Welsh speakers as many of our young people continue to shun the Welsh Language once they have completed formal education.

It is also disappointing to note that it is in the 25-34 age group (37.5 per cent) that the lowest percentage of Welsh speakers can be found in Carmarthenshire, namely, the age group most likely to raise children. This percentage was considerably lower in 2011 than in 2001 (42.4 per cent), and significantly lower than the percentage of Welsh speakers aged 16-24 in 2001 (47.6 per cent), therefore if these were the same people ten years later, then a very significant proportion of them chose to shun the language for some reason. Similarly, the percentage of Welsh speakers in the other age groups also decreased between 2001 and 2011.

While Welsh was spoken by 47.9 per cent of 35-49 year old inhabitants in the county in 2001, that percentage fell to 35.8 per cent in 2011, and the percentage of Welsh speakers aged 50-64 fell from 55.6 per cent in 2001 to 39.1 per cent in 2011 – a dire decrease of -16.5 per cent in just ten years. Looking at the percentage difference for each group above 35 years of age, a decrease of -13.4 per cent is seen to have occurred, which is further proof of the importance of the stabilising and small increase seen in percentages of Welsh speakers in the younger age range. Indeed, were it not for the success of the education system producing new Welsh speakers in the younger generation, the situation would be very bleak for the Welsh language in Carmarthenshire by now. The next step is to ensure that that generation has an opportunity to use Welsh after their days of formal education.

It is also interesting to note where the higher percentages of Welsh speaking inhabitants of school age were living across the county (see Table 2.2 and Map 2.1). The statistics very broadly reflect the distribution of all Welsh speakers across the county. For example, once again it is in the Llanelli district that the lowest percentage of children aged 3-15 who could speak Welsh was seen.

## Distribution of Welsh speakers aged 3-15, Carmarthenshire 2011



However, it appears that the education policy succeeds well in several areas across the county, such as at the heart of the Gwendraeth Valley (Penygroes: 83.6 per cent, Pontyberem: 82.5 per cent, Llanddarog: 81.6 per cent and Gorslas: 81.5 per cent), the area to the east of Carmarthen town (Llanegwad: 80.9 per cent), Llangeler in the north of the county (80.9 per cent), Trelech to the west (80.2 per cent) and south Dinefwr (Cwarter Bach: 85.2 per cent and Llangadog: 83.6 per cent).

### 3.1 Households in which Welsh is spoken

A lack of language transmission between generations continues to be a dire problem for the Welsh language in some parts of the county, although the situation in other parts has clearly improved following the intervention of schemes such as TWF. According to the 2011 statistics, there were 4,175 children aged between 3 and 4 living in Carmarthenshire and 45.5 per cent of those could speak Welsh. 42.6 per cent of these Welsh speaking 3-4 year old children lived in homes in which both parents (in the case of couple homes) or one adult (in the case of lone parent households) could speak Welsh.<sup>4</sup> Past patterns in Carmarthenshire and other parts of Wales show that the rate of language transmission is higher in households in which both parents speak

<sup>4</sup> All statistics and discussions that follow on 'households' are based on residences in Carmarthenshire where children aged 3 to 4 were living on the day of the census, 27 March 2011.

Welsh to the children than when only one parent can speak Welsh. 2011 figures show that only 25.4 per cent of households in Carmarthenshire were Welsh households compared to 29.4 per cent in 2001, which was again relatively low, but 4 per cent higher than it was ten years later). 23.6 per cent of households in the county were 'mixed' language households (i.e. where one adult spoke Welsh, while the other adult or adults in the household were non-Welsh speaking), and 51 per cent of households in the county were non-Welsh speaking compared to 42.6 per cent in 2001). By the way, when discussing non-Welsh speaking households, this means that all adults in those households are non-Welsh speaking, not that the children are also necessarily non-Welsh speaking.

Considering the distribution of these households in terms of language across the county, it should be noted to begin with, that there was no single ward across the entire county in which 65 per cent or more of households were Welsh language households (**see Table 3.1 and Map 3.1**). Indeed, by 2001 there were only 5 wards in Carmarthenshire where over half of households were Welsh language households. The highest concentrations of Welsh language households tended to gather around three specific areas, namely Llangadog, the area between Pontyberem and Llangyndeyrn in the easterly part of the Gwendraeth Valley and the more northerly zones of the Teifi Valley between Llanfihangel-ar-arth and Llanybydder. There were also two secondary areas with significant concentrations of Welsh speaking households, in a corridor to the north of Carmarthen town through Cynwyl Elfed and Llangeler, and some dispersed wards in Dinefwr – mainly Glanamman, Cwarter Bach, Penygroes and Llanfihangel Aberbythych to the north.

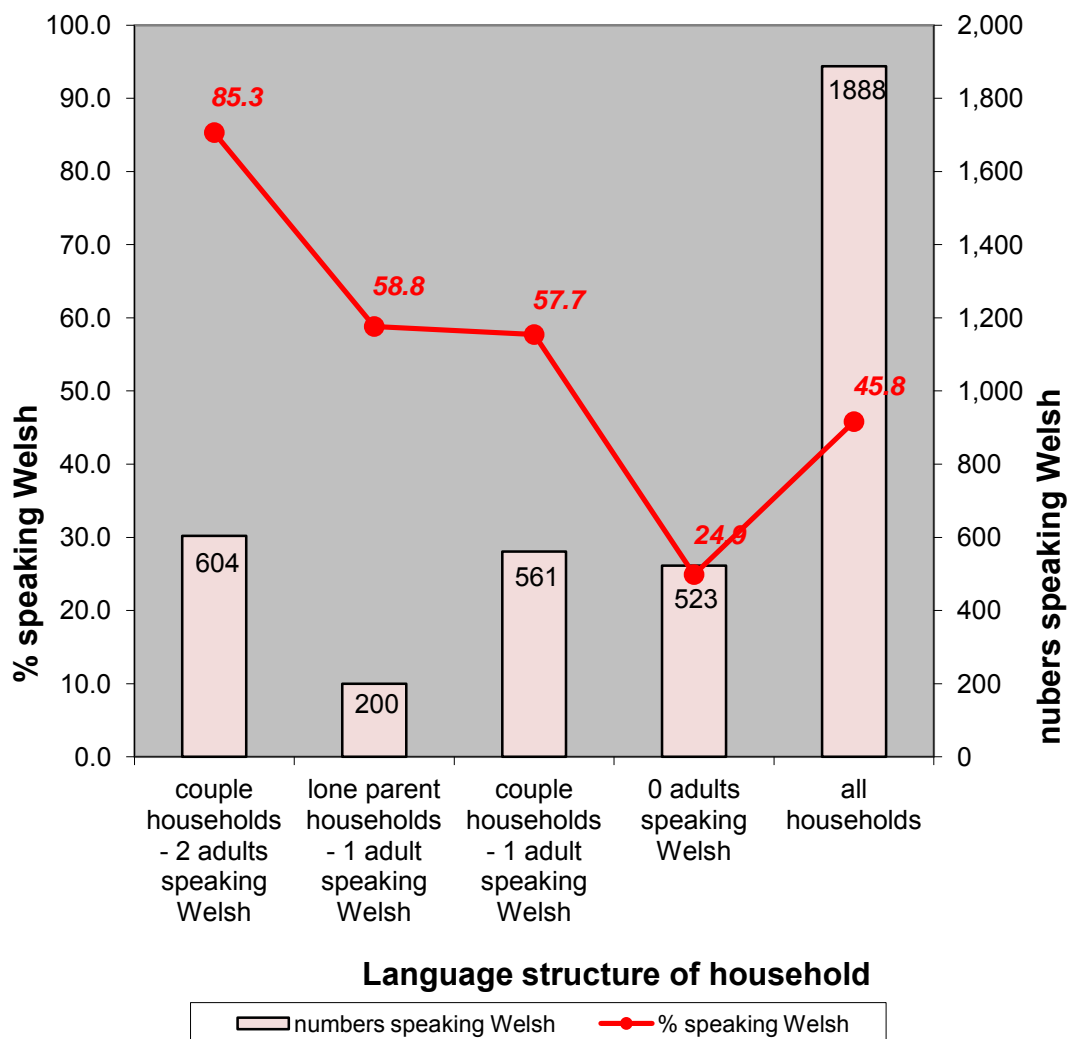
It is slightly more difficult to identify patterns in the distribution of mixed language households as it is not possible to explain the linguistic tendencies of households according to any particular geographical, social or demographic factors (**see Map 3.2**). It is possible, of course, that Welsh speaking individuals are more likely to come across Welsh speaking counterparts in communities where there is a high percentage of Welsh speakers. But in this age where people come into contact with very many individuals from outside their local geographical communities, their usual social networks and their traditional work and educational domains, so too do they come into contact with individuals from different linguistic backgrounds. Looking at the distribution of non-Welsh speaking households, however, it is very apparent that the greatest concentrations of households in which no parent spoke Welsh (65 per cent and above) were in the urban Llanelli wards and a little to the west of town in Burry Port and Pembrey. However, it appears that the Carmarthen town south ward also experienced significant processes of Anglicisation as 69.2 per cent of children aged 3-4 in that ward were also being brought up in households in which no parent spoke Welsh (**see Map 3.3**). Significant concentrations (over 50 per cent of the non-Welsh speaking households) were also found along the county's boundary and western

coastline – Llanboidy (52.5 per cent), Whitland (62.9 per cent), Laugharne Township (55.8 per cent) and Llansteffan (56.7 per cent); in Cenarth (56.1 per cent); and the Cynwyl Gaeo ward (52.0 per cent) in the upper most rural end of Dinefwr, mainly as a result of the in-migration of non-Welsh speaking families from England.

### 3.2 Language transmission in the home

Very interesting patterns become apparent when considering the percentages of 3-4 year olds across the county who were recorded as being able to speak Welsh, when the linguistic composition of the family is also taken into account. On average in Carmarthenshire, 76.7 per cent of children aged 3-4 who lived in Welsh speaking homes could speak Welsh - namely a small increase from 2001 when 72.9 per cent of children aged 3-4 who lived in Welsh speaking homes could speak Welsh. This means that almost a quarter of parents in Welsh speaking households choose to bring up their children in English (see Tables 3.2 and 3.3 and Graphs 3.1 and 3.2).

Language transmission in the home, Carmarthenshire 2011



If the linguistic ability of these children were considered in more depth according to the structure of the home, those children brought up by two Welsh speaking parents were seen to be far more likely to be able to speak Welsh (85.3 per cent) than those raised by a single Welsh speaking parent (58.8 per cent). Looking at language transmission rates across the county, the majority of wards can be seen to have recorded a transmission rate of 75 per cent or higher, in more than half of the county – from the areas with the highest percentages of Welsh speakers in the Gwendraeth Valley to those with the lowest percentages such as Laugharne (**see Map 3.4**). It is clear, therefore, that schemes such as TWF have proven successful in persuading Welsh speaking parents to bring up their children in Welsh in several areas. Nonetheless, only three wards recorded full language transmission (i.e. 100 per cent) in Welsh speaking households, and a number of wards in the county again showed considerably lower levels of language transmission - particularly around the towns – Carmarthen, Llanelli and Ammanford. In the Amman Valley area, the wards with the lowest percentages were Glanamman (50 per cent) and Llandybie (60 per cent), while in Llanelli town the percentage dropped below 60 per cent in 7 wards – with the lowest of all being Felinfoel and Llwynhendy where only a third of Welsh speaking households with children aged 3-4 bring up those children in Welsh.

It is difficult without further research to know what is responsible for this - whether complacency and a lack of realisation amongst these parents that the Welsh language was dwindling and that they had a role to play in supporting the language by raising their children in Welsh, or is it as a result of the conscious and concerted decision to dispense of the language and bring up their children in English. One must of course be wary of the percentages as they are based on such small numbers (e.g. a total of 40 children aged 3-4 were counted in Swiss Valley and only 4 of those are brought up in Welsh speaking households. However, of those 4, every one can speak Welsh with the result that the transmission rate is 100 per cent). What is certain, however, is that these percentages, despite being based on small numbers, provide us with a picture of parental trends across the county and it is clear that it is more difficult for Welsh speaking parents to raise their children in Welsh when the percentages of Welsh speakers in the community around them are very low. Due to the nature of social networks, human resources and money, enthusiasm and volunteer activity, and so forth, it is natural that a campaign such as TWF has not had the same influence in every community. Consequently, it is important for language planners in the county to evaluate the need for intervention and proactive action regularly and direct the scarce resources allocated to them carefully and effectively.

Similar patterns can also be seen in mixed language households, although the language transmission rate is considerably lower when only one parent is able to speak Welsh. On average, Welsh is spoken by 57.7 per cent of children aged 3-4 in the county who live in two parent families where only one of the adults speaks Welsh - which is higher than the corresponding average

in 2001, namely 49.6 per cent. It is interesting to note that there is a greater increase in the transmission rate of mixed households in the county than the Welsh speaking households between both censuses, which raises the question whether the TWF campaign has focused its messages on the advantages of raising children bilingually on couples where only one parent can speak Welsh, presuming quite understandably that two parents who can speak Welsh would certainly raise their children in their mother tongue. That does not follow, nevertheless, since half the children aged 3-4 in the wards of Bynea and Glyn spoke Welsh although both their parents could speak Welsh. (In the wards of Llwynhendy and Tyisha none of the children aged 3-4 brought up in households where both parents could speak Welsh could speak their parents' language). Overall, though, it is clear that the transmission rate falls from the three quarter mark to little over a half when one parent rather than both parents can speak Welsh. Looking in more detail at what influence the parent's language has on these children, we see that language transmission patterns in mixed language households vary significantly according to which parent can speak Welsh. In mixed households, 61.4 per cent of the children were brought up in Welsh when only the mother could speak Welsh. But when the father was the only Welsh speaker, the transmission rate dropped to 51.2 per cent – over 10 percentage points lower.

The situation varied significantly on the ground, and it is difficult to draw any conclusions in terms of patterns when the percentages appear so inconsistent (**see Map 3.5**). Very high transmission rates were seen among mixed households in the wards of Llanboidy, Llanfihangel Aberbythych and Glyn (100 per cent). However, there is something very odd about the fact that the language transmission rates in those wards are higher in mixed language households than in Welsh speaking households (where transmission rates of 85.7 per cent, 70.6 per cent and 69.2 per cent respectively were recorded). Once again, caution is needed so as not to allow small numbers to skew the statistics (as there are fewer than 10 children concerned in those 3 wards). However, some areas cause considerable concern in relation to the lack of language transmission once more, particularly Carmarthen town south yet again, (16.7 per cent), the Carmarthen town west ward (35.3 per cent) and Llansteffan to the south of town (20 per cent); the wards of Lliedi (27.3 per cent), Kidwelly (31.3 per cent) and Dafen (38.1 per cent) in Llanelli; and Cynwyl Gaeo yet again in north Dindefwr (33.3 per cent). It is more difficult to withstand English influences when only one parent can speak Welsh, of course, which means that there is increased dependence on the education system to support and supplement the Welsh taught on the hearth.

In considering language transmission patterns in non-Welsh speaking households, it should be noted that some wards demonstrated relatively high percentages of children aged 3 to 4 able to speak Welsh despite neither of their parents being able to speak Welsh (**see Map 3.6**) – e.g. Abergwili (66.7 per cent), Llanegwad (58.8 per cent), Cwarter Bach (58.3 per cent), Betws (56.6 per cent), Trelech (53.3 per cent) and Penygroes (52 per cent). This

could be as a result of the respondent's interpretation of the census' question and their assessment of their own and their children's linguistic ability, or it could, of course, reflect the fact that these children have extended family who can speak Welsh and who help in their upbringing (and therefore their linguistic development) and/or the existence of *cylchoedd meithrin* Welsh medium nursery groups, *Ti a Fi* groups, or bilingual childcare services in the area. It is certain that there is a need to continue to support campaigns such as TWF to persuade parents of the advantages of raising their children bilingually, and ensure that a mechanism continues to be in place from nursery age to the end of the school career to support and supplement parents' endeavours whether it be through training bilingual childminders, supporting and promoting bilingual nursery groups, organising bilingual activities via the *Mentrau Iaith* language initiatives and other agencies, and strengthening the county's bilingual education policy and its effective implementation in the schools.

#### 4 Welsh Speakers by Oral-Literacy Skills

In addition to information about Welsh speakers, the census has also been a very valuable source of information since 1971 in relation to inhabitants' language skills - in terms of their ability also to read, write and for the first time in 2001, understand spoken Welsh only (see **Table 4.1** for full statistics on all skills held by Carmarthenshire inhabitants in 2011).

#### Monoglot Welsh speakers in Carmarthenshire, 1891–2011

MONOGLOT WELSH SPEAKERS (aged 3 and over)	Number	Percentage (%)
1891	63,345	56.2
1901	44,901	35.6
1911	30,705	20.5
1921	27,063	16.6
1931	15,728	9.2
1951	7,302	4.4
1961	3,976	2.5
1971	4,500	2.9
1981	3,211	2.1
1991	-	0.0
2001	-	0.0
2011	-	0.0

By now, the best measure we have of the state of the language is the competence of the speakers across a range of specific linguistic skills. In 2001, 12,085 of Carmarthenshire's inhabitants could speak Welsh, but were unable to read or write the language (namely 7.2 per cent of the entire population over 3 years of age). Although a proportion of these individuals are



young children whose literacy skills are not yet developed in Welsh or English, it is clear that these also include a number of older people who, while able to speak Welsh, are unable to read or write the language. By 2011 that number had dropped to 11,919 (i.e. 6.7 per cent of the population), but that is possibly as a result of the overall decrease in numbers and percentages of Welsh speakers rather than an indication that the skills divide is gradually closing. Aitchison and Carter noticed in their study of language outcomes in 2001 that the percentage of those who spoke Welsh alone was far higher in Carmarthenshire than the national average for Wales (2.8 per cent), and the same is true in 2011 (when the national average was 2.7 per cent)<sup>5</sup>. Indeed, it appears that the oral-literacy divide is more notable in the traditional Welsh heartlands than in other areas of Wales, and that there is a significant (and higher than expected) corpus of inhabitants within Carmarthenshire, Gwynedd (5.8 per cent) and Anglesey (7.0 per cent) in particular, whose grasp of the language is very elementary. In other parts of the old Welsh heartland, y Fro Gymraeg, there was a firmer correlation between the Welsh speakers and those literate in the language.

In considering the micro-position across Carmarthenshire, note that all wards returned higher percentages than the national average of inhabitants able to speak Welsh, but could not read or write it (**see Table 4.2 and Map 4.2**). The lowest percentages were found in the rural areas while the highest percentages of Welsh speaking inhabitants who could only speak the language were found in the urban towns (particularly the Amman Valley, e.g. Ammanford: 10.1 per cent, Llandybie: 10.6 per cent, and Glanamman: 11.1 per cent). By relating those inhabitants who could speak only Welsh to the total of those with some degree of knowledge of Welsh (i.e. those who possess one or more recognised skills - comprehension, speaking, reading, writing), we see the same type of picture emerging. In the whole of Carmarthenshire, 11.5 per cent of those who have some knowledge of Welsh can only speak it compared to an average of 10.2 per cent across Wales. Once again, this compares unfavourably with the other areas in the bygone heartland, y Fro Gymraeg, where a higher average of the language's speakers can also write and read it (such as Gwynedd: 7.9 per cent and Ceredigion: 8.5 per cent.). Carmarthenshire's percentages are more akin to other counties in a period of language transformation between the heartlands of the language and the Anglicised areas in the south east (compare with Pembrokeshire: 11.6 per cent; Powys: 10.9 per cent, Conwy: 10.5 per cent, and Denbighshire). Although the gap is not as bad as that seen in areas of the south east, it should also be borne in mind that those areas at least saw a huge increase in Welsh speaker percentages between 1991 and 2011, particularly among school age children, giving an indication that the language in those reclaimed areas will continue to burgeon and strengthen.<sup>6</sup> In the

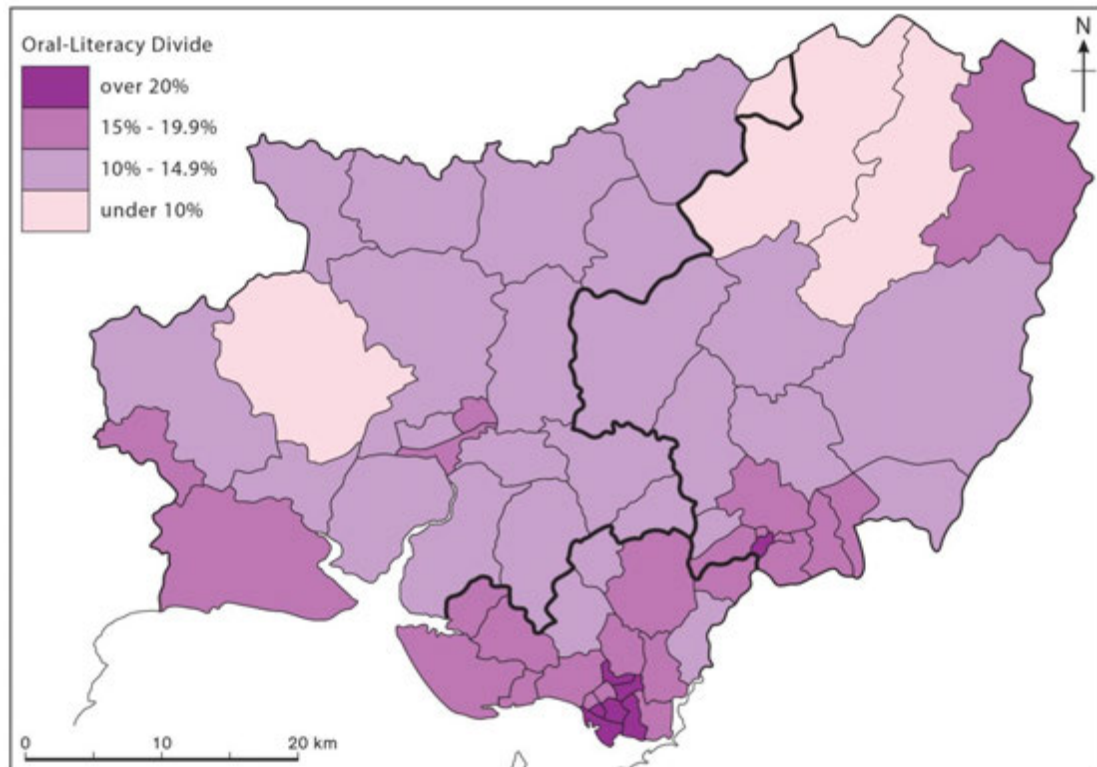
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<sup>5</sup> John Aitchison and Harold Carter, *Spreading the Word: The Welsh Language 2001* (Talybont, 2004), pp.97-106.

<sup>6</sup> Aitchison and Carter, *Spreading the Word*, pp.97-106.

position of Carmarthenshire, on the other hand, the oral-literacy divide is an indication of the dilution of the language as its traditional speakers lose vitally important skills and take a very significant step towards losing their language altogether.

### Oral-literacy Divide, Carmarthenshire 2011



As a number of language sociologists have argued following the first important discussion by E.G. Bowen and Harold Carter on this subject in 1975, the ability to read and write in a language is a sign of its stability.<sup>7</sup> Similarly, a lack of literacy in a language is a sign of instability and suggests that speakers do not place high value on being skilled in that language. Furthermore, lack of literacy more often than not signifies a vital step in language decline, as the first skills to go amiss in a process of language shift will be the skills of literacy. They require more investment in time and energy by the speaker than the ability to speak alone, or even understand a spoken language, which are easier skills to acquire and maintain and to some extent inhabitants in a bilingual society will gain them passively. Consequently, the oral-literacy divide was used by Bowen and Carter to identify 'borderline' communities going through a language shift. Using this technique, we can identify a number of communities across Carmarthenshire which have embarked on the pathway of language shift and are in danger of losing the Welsh language.

<sup>7</sup> See E.G. Bowen and Harold Carter, 'The distribution of the Welsh language in 1975: An analysis', *Geography*, 60 (1975), 1-15.

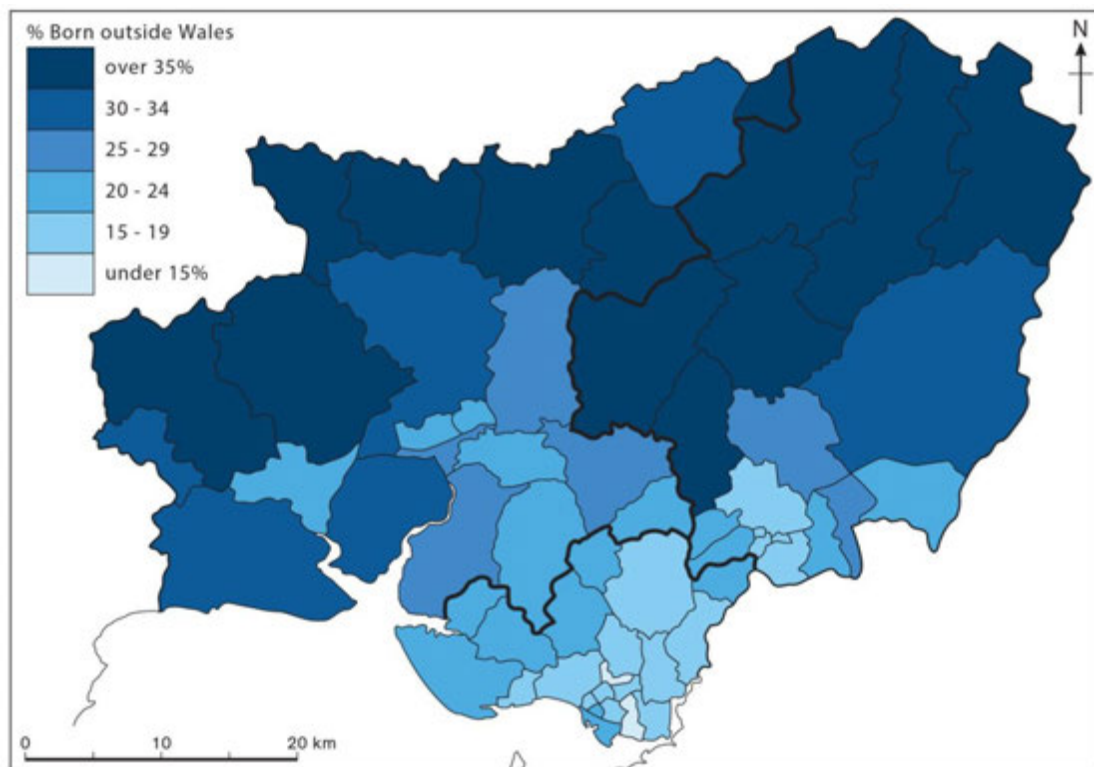
By looking at the numbers of Welsh speakers who are illiterate in the language as a percentage of the total number of Welsh speakers, we see an incredibly revealing picture of the state of the Welsh language in Carmarthenshire in 2011. Across the whole of Wales, 14.2 per cent of those who can speak Welsh can only speak Welsh. Once again, the percentage for Carmarthenshire (15.3 per cent) was higher than the national average, and compared badly with the other Welsh areas (such as Gwynedd: 8.9 per cent and Ceredigion: 10.4 per cent). The percentage was also higher than it was in 2001 (14.4 per cent) and a sure sign that the oral-literacy divide in Carmarthenshire continued to grow, which in turn is a sign that the process of language shift was also gathering pace. The percentage for Cardiff even was better than Carmarthenshire (13.1 per cent), mainly because the capital city had attracted very many educated Welsh speakers from the north and west to work in the media and the new civil service. At the local level, well above half of Carmarthenshire's wards had returned percentages that were above the national average. The vast majority of those wards that remained lower than the national average were in rural parts of the county, although the post-industrial and urban wards in the Gwendraeth Valley and the Amman Valley also returned below average percentages. Looking more closely at those wards with the greatest oral-literacy divide, 8 out of the 10 with the biggest divide were in the Llanelli ward – returning percentages of around 20 per cent or more. Indeed, in the Tyisha ward over a quarter of speakers could neither read nor write Welsh. Because the oral-literacy divide was so high in these wards around Llanelli and much of the Amman Valley, it is fair to conclude that these are the areas most likely to lose the language within the next generation or two. Bearing in mind the fact that these areas also have the lowest percentages of Welsh speakers in the county in the school age children group (between 25 per cent and 35 per cent), and some of the highest percentages where only one parent speaks Welsh, the prospects cause considerable concern.

## 5 Welsh Speakers by Place of Birth

There is very little doubt that one of the most important factors that affected the prosperity of the Welsh language in its traditional areas in recent years has been population mobility. The dual process of the out-migration of Welsh speakers and the immigration of monoglot English speakers engendered a substantial decline in the numbers and percentages of Welsh speakers across its heartlands. That was also experienced in Carmarthenshire, where there has been a significant increase in the percentages of those born outside Wales since the 1970s. Up until 1971, 9 out of 10 inhabitants in Carmarthenshire had been born and brought up in Wales – the majority of them in Carmarthenshire itself. However, as a result of processes such as counterurbanisation, migration when seeking work and retirement, the county experienced an increase in the number of inhabitants born outside the country (see **Table 5.1** and **Graph 5.1**). Thirty years later, and the percentage of

those born in Wales had dropped by 14 per cent. The percentages of inhabitants born in Wales continued to be extremely high in some parts of the county (particularly the district of Llanelli and around Ammanford), and among the highest percentages of people born in Wales across the country. However, it is a very different story in some of the rural communities that were clearly very attractive to immigrants. It was in Cynwyl Gaeo, a ward that comprises the rural and remote communities of Caeo, Crug-y-bar, Cwrt-y-cadno, Ffarmers and Pumsaint, that the highest percentage of immigrants were found in Carmarthenshire (45.5 per cent) – in which there was a further increase of + 5.3 per cent in the population of the ward born outside Wales since 2001 (40.2 per cent ). By 2011, 17 wards had returned 30 per cent and above of their inhabitants as people born outside Wales - all rural wards across different parts of the county (see Table 5.2, Graph 5.3 and Map 5.1).

### Population born outside Wales, Carmarthenshire 2011



The effects of that in-migration on the Welsh communities were significant, spurring Harold Carter to declare that the immigrant population from outside Wales was linked to losing the language'.<sup>8</sup> The results of the 2001 census showed a close correlation between the percentages of monoglot English speakers in a number of wards and the percentages of those born outside Wales, and the 2011 results confirmed exactly the same pattern (see Graphs 5.4 - 5.6). The Anglicised nature of some areas, such as Whitland, could of

<sup>8</sup> Carter, *Mewnfudo a'r Iaith Gymraeg*, pp. 8.

course be explained by the fact that they had historically been closely linked with south Pembrokeshire. It is certain that tourism has played a part in Anglicisation of the area along the coast around Laugharne and Llansteffan, and that the market towns of Carmarthen and Llandovery have fallen under the influence of English traders for a decade and more. But it was the in-migration of non-Welsh people that led to the Anglicisation of wards such as Llanboidy, Trelech and Cynwyl Elfed in Bro Myrddin; Cynwyl Gaeo, Cilycwm, Manordeilo and Llangadog in the Tywi Valley area; and Cenarth, Llangeler and Llanybydder in the Teifi Valley area. Similar patterns of Anglicisation were experienced in other rural areas across the Welsh heartland, particularly on the other side of the county border in some of the communities of Ceredigion and north Pembrokeshire. The clear correlation between the percentages of monoglot English speakers and percentages of inhabitants who were born outside Wales was very significant. In Llangeler in 2011, 45.5 per cent of inhabitants were non-Welsh speaking and 40.7 per cent were born outside Wales. There was a close correlation in a number of communities between the percentages of those born outside Wales and the percentages of monoglot English speakers, which strongly suggests that wards such as Trelech in the west of the county, with forty per cent of the population born outside the county– were Anglicised *as a result* of in-migration.

However, comparing the statistics from the latest two censuses, it can be seen that the towns and more industrial areas experienced the greatest increase in percentages of those born outside Wales during the past decade. Of the 13 wards in Carmarthenshire that saw an increase of +5 per cent and over in the population born outside Wales between 2001 and 2011, only two were rural wards. The towns of Llanelli, Ammanford, Carmarthen and Whitland saw the greatest increase – Tyisha was the ward within Llanelli town that saw greatest in-migration in terms of percentage as there was an increase of + 11.7 per cent in the percentage of inhabitants born outside Wales (or a total of + 489 people), and Glan-y-môr in Llanelli saw the highest number with a total of + 592 (or a percentage increase of + 8.8 per cent). It is difficult to explain why there was such an increase in these urban and industrial wards, but only in some of these wards can a vast proportion of the in-migration between 2001 and 2001 be attributed to the people who had moved into the area from outside Britain. One of those wards was Tyisha – in 2001, 97.3 per cent of inhabitants in the ward were British born (87.9 per cent of those in Wales), while 2.7 per cent were born outside Britain. By 2011, the percentage of Tyisha inhabitants born in Britain had dropped to 88.7 per cent (76.2 per cent of those in Wales) while 11.3 per cent were born outside Britain. Therefore, of the +11.7 per cent increase seen between 2001 and 2011 in the percentage of Tyisha inhabitants (i.e. +489 individuals) born outside Wales, 8.6 per cent of that increase (i.e. 354 individuals) were as a result of in-migration from outside Britain (and predominantly from countries in central and eastern Europe). Although a similar number of the immigrants to Glan-y-môr in the same period had moved to the ward from outside Britain (+332 individuals), they did not represent as significant a proportion of the

increase in people born outside Wales (i.e 5.5 per cent of the +8.8 increase) between 2001 and 2011.

It is fair to say that there were additional challenges for the Welsh language in seeking to integrate immigrants into Carmarthenshire from the continent and beyond. The first priority for these immigrants upon settling is learning and improving their English in an attempt to gain British citizenship. Very few of them will be aware of the language and culture of Wales before moving to the county and though some will put down firm routes and although some will immerse themselves in the Welsh way of life, they are in a very small minority. With the entire local population able to speak English, there is no necessity for them to learn Welsh in order to be able to communicate with the local inhabitants of their new adoptive communities. However, in reality, the impact of this immigration from beyond Britain is small in comparison to the impact of immigration from other parts of Britain - and from England in particular. And although it was largely the industrial towns and areas that experienced the greatest increase in population born outside Wales between 2001 and 2011, the total number of that immigrant population remained relatively small within the overall population. Although around the same number of immigrants from outside Wales lived in the Bigyn ward (1,149) and in Cynwyl Elfed (1,027), the fact that they represented twice the population in Cynwyl (34 per cent compared to 17 per cent in Bigyn) meant that the pressure on the Welsh language was also that much greater.

The census statistics in 2011 provide us with a picture also of the immigrants' linguistic ability. Across the county, 13.2 per cent of the immigrants claimed they could speak Welsh (**see Table 5.3**) – a lower percentage, by the way, than in 2001 when 14.9 per cent of the immigrants claimed they could speak Welsh. The highest percentages of immigrants who could speak Welsh were found in those wards where there were the highest percentages of speakers among the entire population (such as Cwarter Bach: 22.9 per cent, Pontyberem: 19.2 per cent, Garnant: 18.5 per cent and Llan-non: 18.0 per cent). Nonetheless, it should be borne in mind that there were very few immigrants in these areas (in terms of number and percentage of the population). That said, the evidence suggests strongly that immigrants in communities where a very high percentage of the indigenous population speaks Welsh are far more likely to integrate successfully and learn the language of the community. Similarly, some of the lowest percentages of Welsh speaking immigrants were found in those wards with the lowest percentage of the indigenous population able to speak Welsh (such as a number of wards in the Llanelli district). This suggests furthermore that the immigrants had not felt a necessity to learn the language as Welsh was not the language of the local community.

Out-migration, of course, is just as detrimental as the in-migration. As Harold Carter stated, 'one must remember that the linguistic character of a community is decided, at least in part, by those who move out as well as

those who move in.<sup>9</sup> Wales experienced very significant out-migration during the 1980s – between 1981 and 1987 almost 270,000 Welshmen crossed Offa's Dyke.<sup>10</sup> In terms of the prosperity of the language, the worst blows were felt in the Welsh speaking heartlands in the north and west of the country and in the nature of the population lost. By the end of the 1980s 28,000 people had left Gwynedd, Dyfed and Clwyd each year, and half of those were young people aged between 15–29.<sup>11</sup> Because of inflated house prices, a shortage of houses for rent in some communities, a shortage of economic opportunities, lack of social and entertainment facilities, and the appeal of higher education outside Wales, the Welsh speaking heartlands were impoverished of some of their liveliest and brightest sons and daughters. Sometimes, of course, some of these people would merely leave Wales temporarily, intending to return to their roots after gaining work experience of visiting other parts of the world. Sometimes, they would be enticed to Cardiff due to the centralisation of national institutions in the capital city offering exceptional work opportunities for Welsh speakers, such as in media or for the Welsh Government. But all too frequently, many of these young people will leave their roots for good, causing the loss of an important and influential proportion of Welsh speakers.

Unfortunately, it is very difficult to summarise comprehensive statistics from the censuses in terms of patterns of out-migration, as the data is skewed towards recipient areas rather than contributory areas. In reality, there are very few sources that can be used effectively to summarise this important information, but Harold Carter showed that it was possible to use the National Health Service Register to track population movements between unitary authority areas across Britain as people registered with various general practitioners. Nevertheless, no-one, thus far, has used this source to conduct a comprehensive study of patterns of out-migration from Carmarthenshire, a task that should be undertaken as a matter of urgency to understand the nature and scale of this dire demographic problem.

## 6 **Welsh Speakers by Occupation, Employment Industry and Socio-Economic Classification**

Some degree of additional data was also published in light of the 2011 Census that provides a detailed picture of the position of the Welsh language across some specific themes, such as in particular, inhabitants' occupation, employment industry and socio-economic classification.

In terms of employment industry, it is clear that Welsh speakers tend to work mainly within Wholesale and Retail Trade (14.9 per cent), Human Health and

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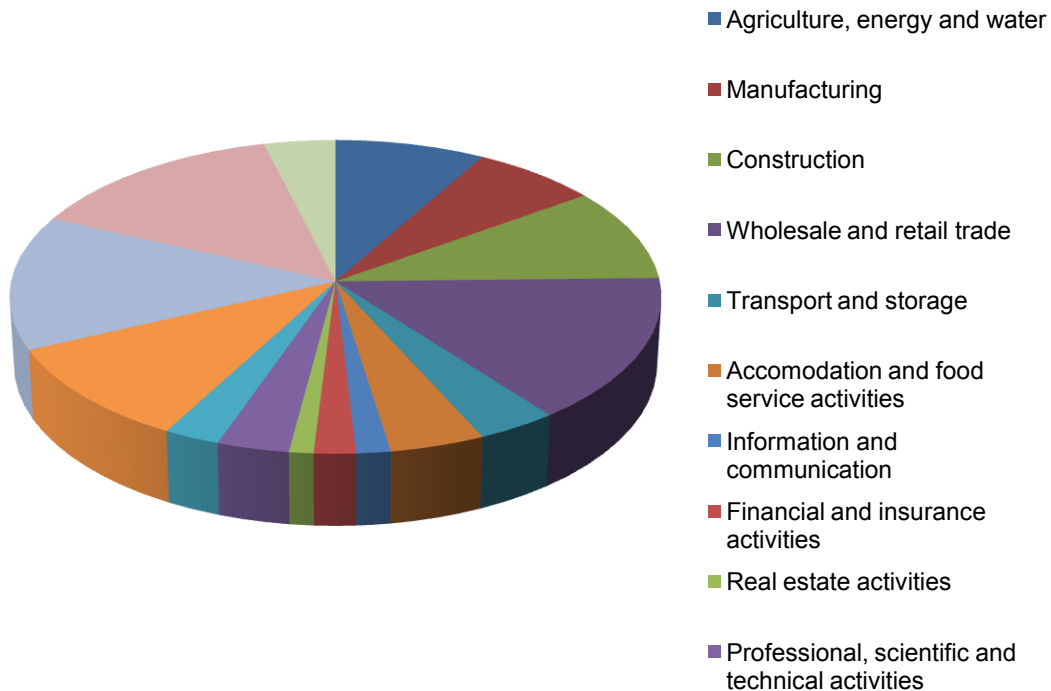
<sup>9</sup> Carter, *Mewnfudo a'r Iaith Gymraeg*, pp. 11.

<sup>10</sup> Office for National Statistics, *Population Trends*, October 1988, Table 6.6.

<sup>11</sup> Figures supplied by the Planning Departments at Gwynedd County Council, Clwyd County Council and Dyfed County Council for 1990. Quoted in Welsh Language Society, *Adroddiad ar yr Allfudriad* (Aberystwyth, 1991).

Social Work (14.2 per cent), and Education (see Table 6.1 and Graph 6.1). These percentages were quite similar to the 2001 Census (at 15.8 per cent, 14 per cent, and 10.7 per cent respectively).

### Distribution of Welsh speakers by Industry, Carmarthenshire 2011



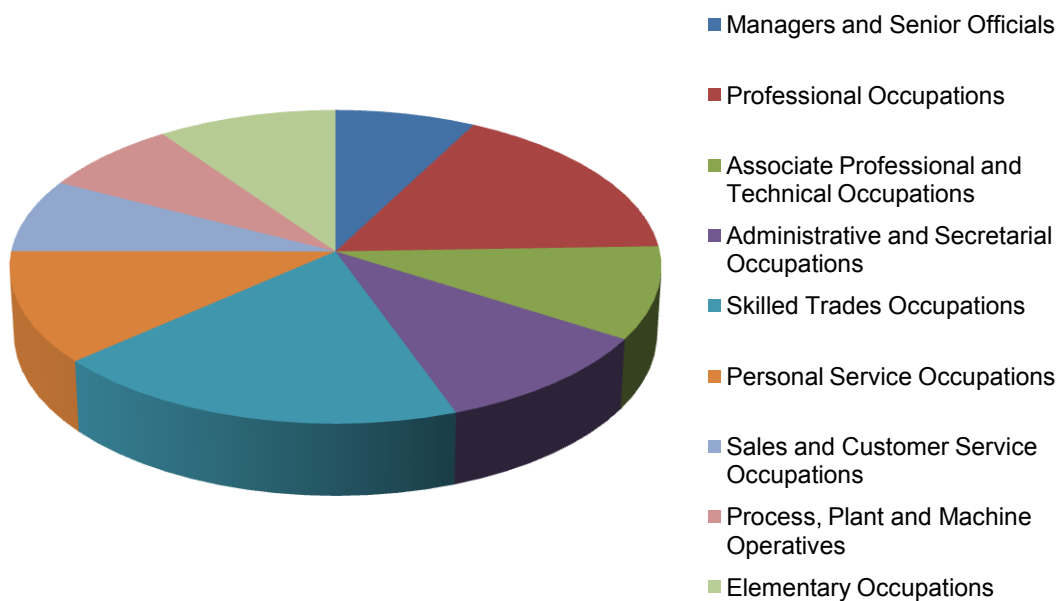
However, a significant decrease was experienced in the percentage of Welsh speakers employed in the Manufacturing sector - from 11.6 per cent in 2001 to 6.9 per cent in 2011. By now, only 8.2 per cent of Welsh speakers work in the agriculture sector, which is a direct result of the general decline in the industry during recent years. Looking at the statistics from a different angle, one can see that a significant proportion of the county's inhabitants working in the Agriculture sector can speak Welsh (56.8 per cent), although that percentage is lower than the corresponding percentage for 2001 (65.1 per cent). The next sector with the highest percentage of Welsh speakers was Education (55.1 per cent) followed by Public Administration (46.7 per cent) – testament to the increasing importance of bilingual skills in the public sector and, in turn, the importance of the public sector in the sustenance of the Welsh language. The most Anglicised sectors in Carmarthenshire in 2011 were Administrative Activities and Support Services (67.6 per cent non-Welsh speaking), Manufacturing (67.1 per cent), and the Hospitality and Food Services sector (66.5 per cent) – reinforcing the traditional image of the tourism sector as one which is in essence an Anglicised and alien industry). Note that the vast majority of employees in the most populous sector in the county, namely



Wholesale and Retail Trade, where 13,502 of the county's inhabitants were employed, were also non-Welsh speaking (62.6 per cent).

There were very interesting occupational patterns for Carmarthenshire inhabitants in 2011 (see Table 6.2 and Graph 6.2). Of all the county's inhabitants, the majority of working people in Carmarthenshire belonged to the Trades Occupations (19 per cent, compared to 16.6 per cent in 2001).

### Distribution of Welsh speakers by Occupation, Carmarthenshire 2011



A slightly higher percentage of Welsh speakers belonged to these occupations than the non-Welsh speakers (14.9 per cent), while the Selling and Customer Services occupations and the Processing, Machinery and Plant Operatives occupations were the two least popular occupational sectors among Welsh speakers (7.6 per cent). Looking at the statistics somewhat differently, we can see the linguistic divide within the different occupations. The first thing we notice is how few Managers and Senior Officers were Welsh speaking (34.8 per cent Welsh speaking compared to 65.2 per cent non-Welsh speaking, which was even lower than the corresponding percentages in 2001, namely 39.9 per cent compared to 60.1 per cent). This echoes a strong argument by Delyth Morris and Glyn Williams who have shown that there is a constant tendency for Welsh speakers to be overlooked for managerial positions, and that a higher than average proportion of non-Welsh speaking people occupy managerial positions across Wales, and particularly in traditionally Welsh areas<sup>12</sup>. However, it is interesting to note that it is in the

<sup>12</sup> Glyn Williams and Delyth Morris, *Language Planning and Language Use: Welsh in a Global Age* (Cardiff, 2000), pp.129-35.

private sector that the biggest linguistic gap can be seen between Managers and Senior Officers: while there is a 36.5 percentage point difference between Managers and Owners in the private sector (68.2 per cent non-Welsh speaking and 31.8 per cent able to speak Welsh), the gap decreased to 25.5 percentage points between Managers and Corporate Directors in the public sector (62.7 non-Welsh speaking and 37.3 able to speak Welsh).

While in 2001 it could be stated that a higher proportion of people employed in the Professional Occupations in Carmarthenshire spoke Welsh (53.0 per cent compared to 47.0 per cent), that was not however the case in 2011 (46.3 per cent of professional people in Carmarthenshire were Welsh speaking in 2011 while 53.7 per cent of them were by now non-Welsh speaking). Indeed, there was no occupational sector by 2011 where there were more Welsh speakers than non-Welsh speakers, although there were more Welsh speakers in the Agricultural occupational sub-sectors (62.9 per cent compared to 37.1 per cent) and Teaching and Education (60.4 per cent compared to 39.6 per cent). There were more non-Welsh speakers in the Textiles and Printing occupational sub-sectors (65.7 per cent compared to 34.3 per cent), the Processing, Machinery and Plant Operatives occupations (67 per cent compared to 33 per cent), and the Administrative and Elementary Services (65.2 per cent compared to 34.8 per cent). Welsh speakers appear also to be in the minority within the sales occupations (35.9 per cent), but represent a greater percentage of the workforce within customer services (41.3 per cent), again underlining the importance of bilingual skills when dealing with the public within the public sector. If the same emphasis were placed on offering bilingual services within the private and voluntary sectors, it is certain that the percentages of Welsh speakers would increase in those sectors also.

The thematic tables conclude by looking at the socio-economic classification of the inhabitants of Carmarthenshire (**see Table 6.3 and Graph 6.3**). It is interesting to note that 20.7 per cent of Welsh speakers belong to the lower managerial and professional occupations (compared to 18.7 per cent of non-Welsh speakers), 14.8 per cent belong to the semi-routine occupations, and 13.6 per cent are small employers and own account workers. Only 6.4 per cent of Welsh speakers belonged to the senior management occupations and professional occupations. Indeed, 60.4 per cent of this socio-economic classification were non-Welsh speaking, and only 39.6.0 per cent were Welsh speaking (while in 2001, 58.0 per cent were non-Welsh speaking and 42.0 per cent could speak Welsh). In reality, there were higher percentages of English than Welsh speakers across each and every one of the 8 socio-economic classifications. Considerably higher percentages of the long-term unemployed sub-category were also non-Welsh speaking (75.3 per cent compared to 24.7 per cent who could speak Welsh).

## Conclusions

### State of the Welsh Language in 2011

- According to the 2011 Census, the Welsh language continues to be a **language in decline** in Carmarthenshire. Between 2001 and 2011, the numbers of Welsh speakers dropped from 83,802 to 78,048 – a decrease of -7.4 per cent in the total number of those able to speak the language.
- That occurred during a period when a net increase occurred in the county's whole population, meaning that its percentage of Welsh speakers had dropped from 50.1 per cent in 2001 to 43.9 per cent by 2011 – a decrease of -6.2 per cent in the percentages with the result that the **Welsh speakers were for the first time, in the minority** within Carmarthenshire.
- Carmarthenshire experienced the **greatest decrease** in Welsh speaker percentages **of all the counties in Wales** between 2001 and 2011 (Ceredigion -4.5 per cent, Gwynedd -3.3 per cent).
- Despite the failure of the Welsh language at a national level to repeat the encouraging results of the 2001 Census when an increase was experienced for the first time in Welsh speaker percentages, the language was holding its ground quite well, and still showed a *net* increase of 53,918 in the numbers of Welsh speakers during a twenty year period between 1991 and 2011. However, **Carmarthenshire suffered a net loss** of 11,165 in the number of Welsh speakers during the same period.
- In terms of speaker numbers, nevertheless, Carmarthenshire had the **highest total number of Welsh speakers** of all local authorities in Wales once again in 2011. There were very significant clusters of speakers in the county's towns, particularly Llanelli (5,732) and Carmarthen (5,123), and the post-industrial areas of the Gwendraeth Valley and the Amman Valley comprised 10,463 and 12,267 speakers respectively.
- Distribution patterns of speakers in percentage terms highlighted that the language remained **at its strongest across the Gwendraeth Valley** (where they represented 62.4 per cent of the population), and in individual wards such as Cwarter Bach (67.4 per cent) and Penygroes (62.2 per cent) in the Amman Valley. Nevertheless, no single electoral ward existed in the entire county any longer in which 70 per cent or more of the population could speak Welsh.
- It was in the **Llanelli town wards that the language was at its weakest** in speaker percentage terms (23.8 per cent), while Welsh speakers continued to lose ground and shrink in the towns of Carmarthen (where the percentage of Welsh speakers was 37.6 per cent). Burry Port (32.2 per cent), Llandovery (40.3 per cent) and Whitland (42.4 per cent). But it was Ammanford that experienced the greatest linguistic decline of all the county's towns between 2001 and 2011, decreasing from 62.1 per cent to 49.9 per cent - a difference of -12.2 per cent.

- **Losses were also experienced in rural areas**, including the top and bottom end of the Teifi Valley – percentages of Welsh speakers in the Cynwyl Gaeo ward fell from 58.0 per cent in 2001 to 46.7 per cent in 2011 (a difference of -11.3 per cent), while percentages in Cenarth dropped from 60.4 per cent to 48.8 per cent (a difference of -11.6 per cent).
- When the results of the 2011 census are compared with those of 1991 (by comparing statistics at community level), it can be seen that 69 out of the 72 communities in Carmarthenshire experienced a linguistic decline. In a period of twenty years the community of Llanwinio experienced a decrease of -21.5 per cent in its percentages of Welsh speakers, while the communities of Abernant and Newcastle Emlyn, also in the west of the county, experienced a decrease of -19.0 per cent and -18.9 per cent, while communities such as Cynwyl Gaeo (-16.3 per cent, Llansadwrn (-16.7 per cent) and Llanyrcrws (-16.9 per cent) experienced similar decreases in the rural eastern areas of the county.
- Those communities that experienced an increase in the percentages of Welsh speakers during the same period were very rare exceptions, and it is no coincidence that the 3 (Eglwyscummin 5.9 per cent, Pentwyn 5.7 per cent, and Laugharne Township 2.2 per cent) are all on the south westerly coast of the county and started from quite a low starting point statistically to begin with. Note that this increase in percentages represents in terms of numbers no more than 52 additional people, in twenty years - therefore it is unlikely that the increase is of any exceptional statistical significance, although any increase, of course, is to be welcomed in the face of results that are otherwise extremely disappointing.

### Age groups

- In terms of the distribution of Welsh speakers across the age groups, the **highest percentages are found among the 3-15 age group (57.7 per cent) and those aged 85 or older (56.9 per cent)**.
- Within the school age range, note that 60.0 per cent of children aged 5-9 and 60.1 per cent of children aged 10-14 can speak Welsh (compared with 60.5 per cent and 61.2 per cent in 2001), proving that the percentages are holding their ground quite well within the school age groups. The percentages also testify to the success of the county's education system in producing and supporting Welsh speakers during their educational career (although the percentages still fall short of the county's education policy of creating fully bilingual pupils by the time they leave school).
- The percentages of Welsh speakers in the 25-49 age group (36.4 per cent) are considerably lower than the county average (43.9 per cent), and significantly lower than the percentages of Welsh speakers in the 15-24 age group in the 2001 results (49.2 per cent), which is testament to the process of language shift as speakers gradually shun the Welsh language the further away they are from their school days.

- Note that 58.2 per cent of inhabitants aged 3-15 in Carmarthenshire (i.e. the county's school population) were Welsh speaking in 2001, but in 2011 only 46.2 per cent of these inhabitants (who would by then be aged 16-24), were recorded as being Welsh speakers (a loss of -12.0 per cent). This suggests that a vast proportion of those who were school children ten years ago have relinquished their Welsh for some reason.
- At the other end of the age range, there is a timely warning that the numbers and percentages of Welsh speakers in the county will continue to decrease while this generation of Welsh speakers continues to be lost each year through death. A linguistic position which is dependent on the older speakers to support the speaker percentage is unsustainable and there will be an ongoing decrease in the percentages of speakers until more speakers are produced among the younger generations.

### **Language transmission**

- Although almost half the households in the county included at least one parent who could speak Welsh (based on the households with children aged 3 to 4), only 25.4 per cent of those households had both parents Welsh speaking (compared to 29.4 in 2001). Indeed, there were only 5 wards in Carmarthenshire by 2011 where over half the households were Welsh speaking households.
- In terms of language transmission patterns, on average across the county, children are brought up through the medium of Welsh in three quarters of the Welsh speaking households (i.e. where both parents can speak Welsh, or the sole parent not living with a partner). Across the vast majority of the county, children are usually brought up in Welsh by Welsh speaking parents, which is testament to the success of the language initiatives and schemes such as TWF in persuading Welsh speaking parents to raise their children in Welsh. It is also testament to the upsurge in confidence in the usefulness of Welsh as a valuable modern language and the general advantages of bilingualism.
- However, around a quarter of Welsh speaking households are also seen to continue to choose to bring their children up in English (a fairly constant percentage since 2001).
- In mixed language households (i.e. two adult households where Welsh is spoken by one parent only) the transmission rate is considerably lower (57.7 per cent) – but higher than in 2001 (47.9 per cent). On the ground, the transmission rates vary very significantly from 100 per cent in the wards of Llanboidy, Llanfihangel Aberbythych and Glyn, to the Carmarthen town south ward where only 16.7 per cent of children aged 3 to 4 living in mixed language households were brought up to speak Welsh. It is more difficult to withstand the influences of English when only one parent speaks Welsh, which means that there is more dependency on the education system to support and bolster the Welsh taught on the hearth.

## **Range of language skills in the population**

- According to the 2011 results, 58.1 per cent of the population of Carmarthenshire have some knowledge of Welsh (that is, at least one language skill such as comprehension, speaking and/or writing Welsh), compared to 63.6 per cent in 2001. This is the third highest percentage among all unitary authorities in Wales (after Gwynedd 73.5 per cent and Anglesey 69.6 per cent). However, it appears that in Carmarthenshire there is a higher than usual average of inhabitants who understand spoken Welsh only (11.5 per cent), and the highest average of inhabitants who can speak Welsh but cannot read or write Welsh (15.3 per cent of the Welsh speakers in the county). These percentages were extremely high in the Llanelli area, where almost a quarter of Welsh speakers could not read or write Welsh.
- This oral-literacy divide is an indication of linguistic instability and a way of identifying areas which are going through the process of language shift (since parents who are illiterate in the language are far more likely to relinquish the language than parents who can read and write Welsh as well as speak it). Consequently, focusing resources in specific areas such as Llanelli and the surrounding area, the Amman Valley, Carmarthen and the surrounding area, Llandovery and the Laugharne and Whitland area is much needed.

## **Patterns of out-migration and in-migration**

- In-migration has proven to be an important influence in terms of the Anglicisation of vast swathes of the county. Although there is no correlation between percentages of monoglot English speakers and percentages of people born outside Wales in areas such as Llanelli, the Gwendraeth Valley, the Amman Valley and Carmarthen, it is clear there is a close correlation between the two in the rural areas. There has been very significant in-migration in some communities in the upper end of the Tywi Valley from Cilycwm to Llandeilo, in the Teifi Valley area between Llangeler and Cenarth and the Llanboidy area. For example, in Llangeler in 2011 45.5 per cent of inhabitants were non-Welsh speaking and 40.7 per cent were also born outside Wales.
- Only a small minority of these immigrants have succeeded in integrating into their new adoptive communities by learning Welsh (13.2 per cent). The statistics suggest that immigrants in communities where a high percentage of the indigenous population speaks Welsh are far more likely to integrate successfully and learn the community language. Similarly, the statistics also suggest that the immigrants in those communities with the lowest percentages of Welsh speakers among the indigenous population did not feel any necessity to learn the language as Welsh was not the language of the local community.
- Unfortunately, though the effects of emigration are so significant and fateful on the prosperity of the Welsh language, the census statistics do

not reveal much. A study should be conducted as a matter of urgency of the National Health Service Register in order to understand the nature and scale of this dire demographic problem.

### **Patterns of employment and enterprise**

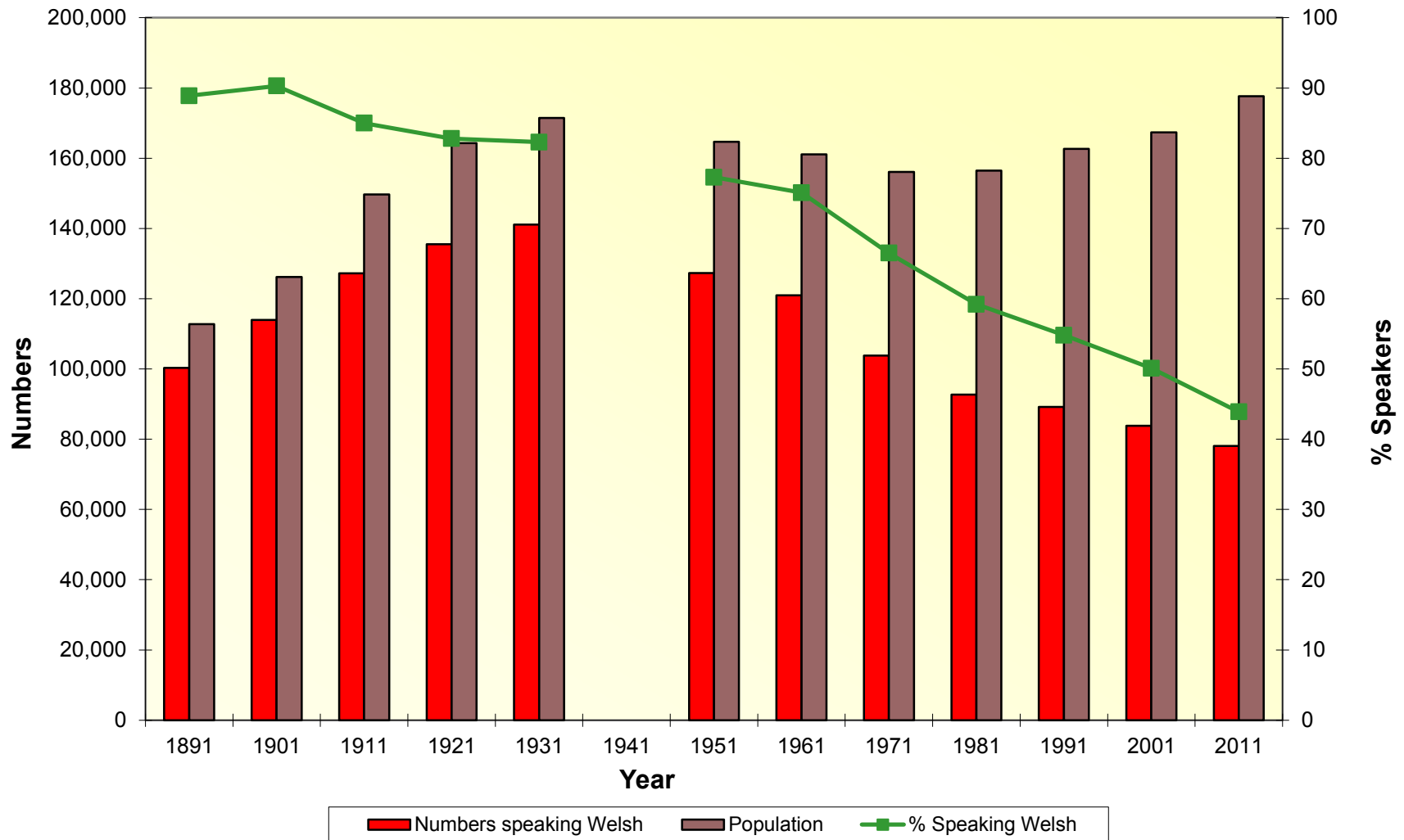
- In 2011, 41.5 per cent of the workforce of Carmarthenshire could speak Welsh, compared to 58.5 per cent who were non-Welsh speaking. This percentage is lower than the county average and means that the Welsh speakers are in the minority within the workplace. The majority of Welsh speakers are employed within the Wholesale and Retail Trade sector (14.9 per cent), Human Health and Social Work (14.2 per cent), and Education (13.9 per cent). By now, only 8.2 per cent of Welsh speakers work in the agriculture sector. Welsh speakers are in the majority in only two sectors, namely Agriculture, where 56.8 per cent of the employees speak Welsh (compared to 65.1 per cent in 2001), and Education (55.1 per cent).
- A minority of Public Administration sector employees can speak Welsh (46.7 per cent) and the percentage of those who can speak Welsh in the Wholesale and Retail Trade (37.4 per cent) and the Hospitality and Food Services sector (33.5 per cent) is even lower, proving that there is a need to promote bilingual skills among the workforces of those sectors offering services to the public - be it the public, private or voluntary sector.

# ***APPENDIX I:***

## **Graphs**

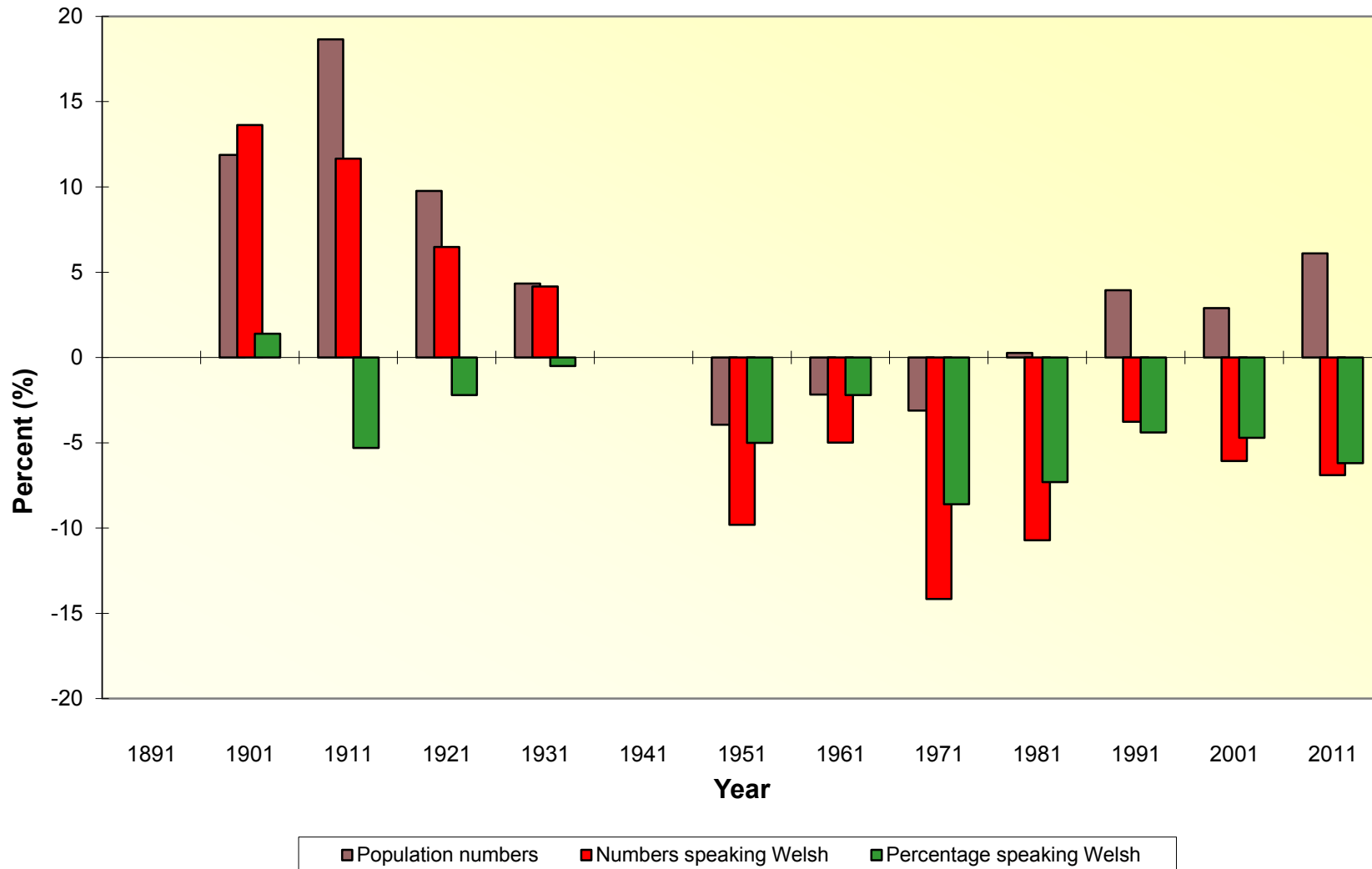


## Patterns of increase in population and decrease in percentages speaking Welsh, Carmarthenshire 1891-2011



GRAPH 1.1

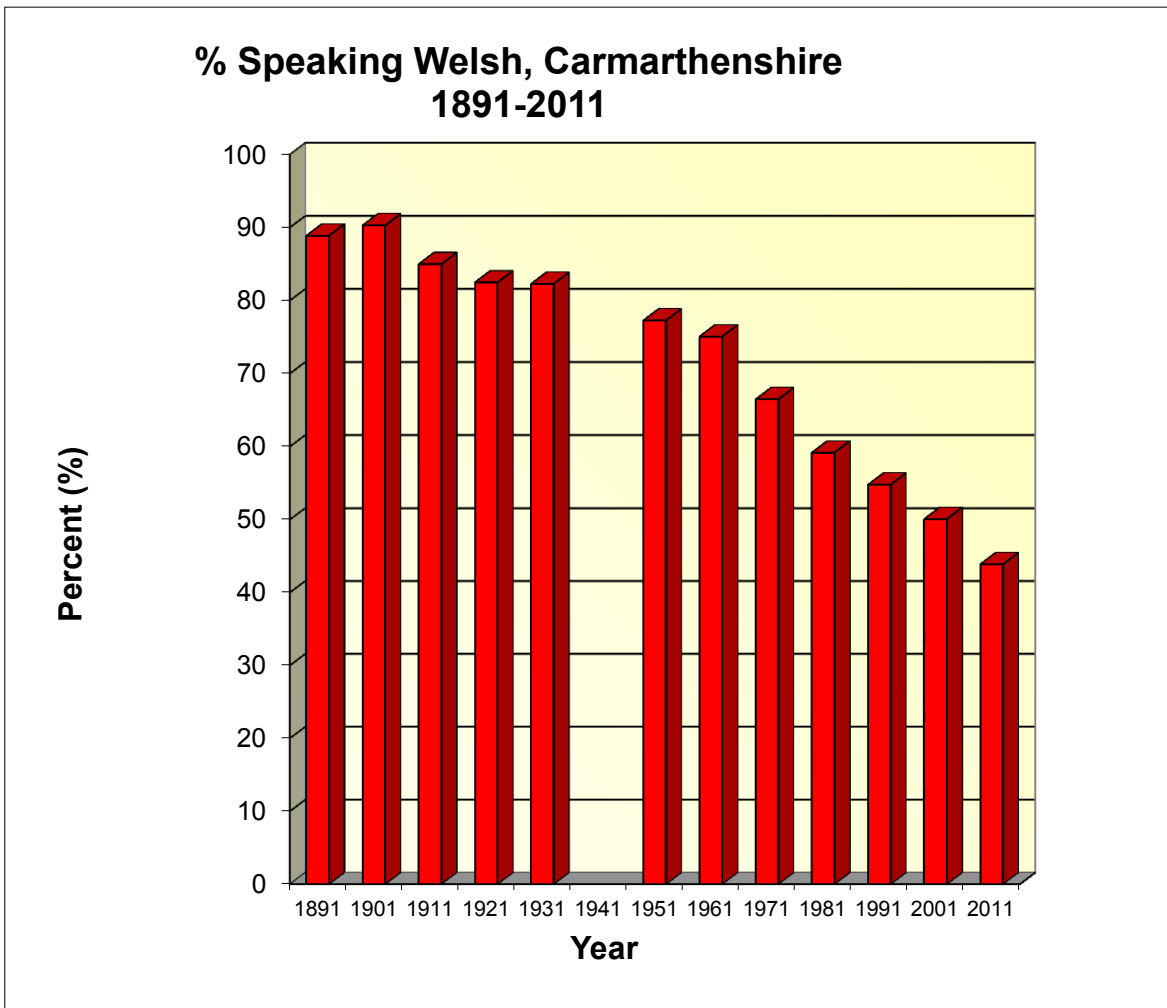
## Changes in population and Welsh speakers, Carmarthenshire 1891-2011



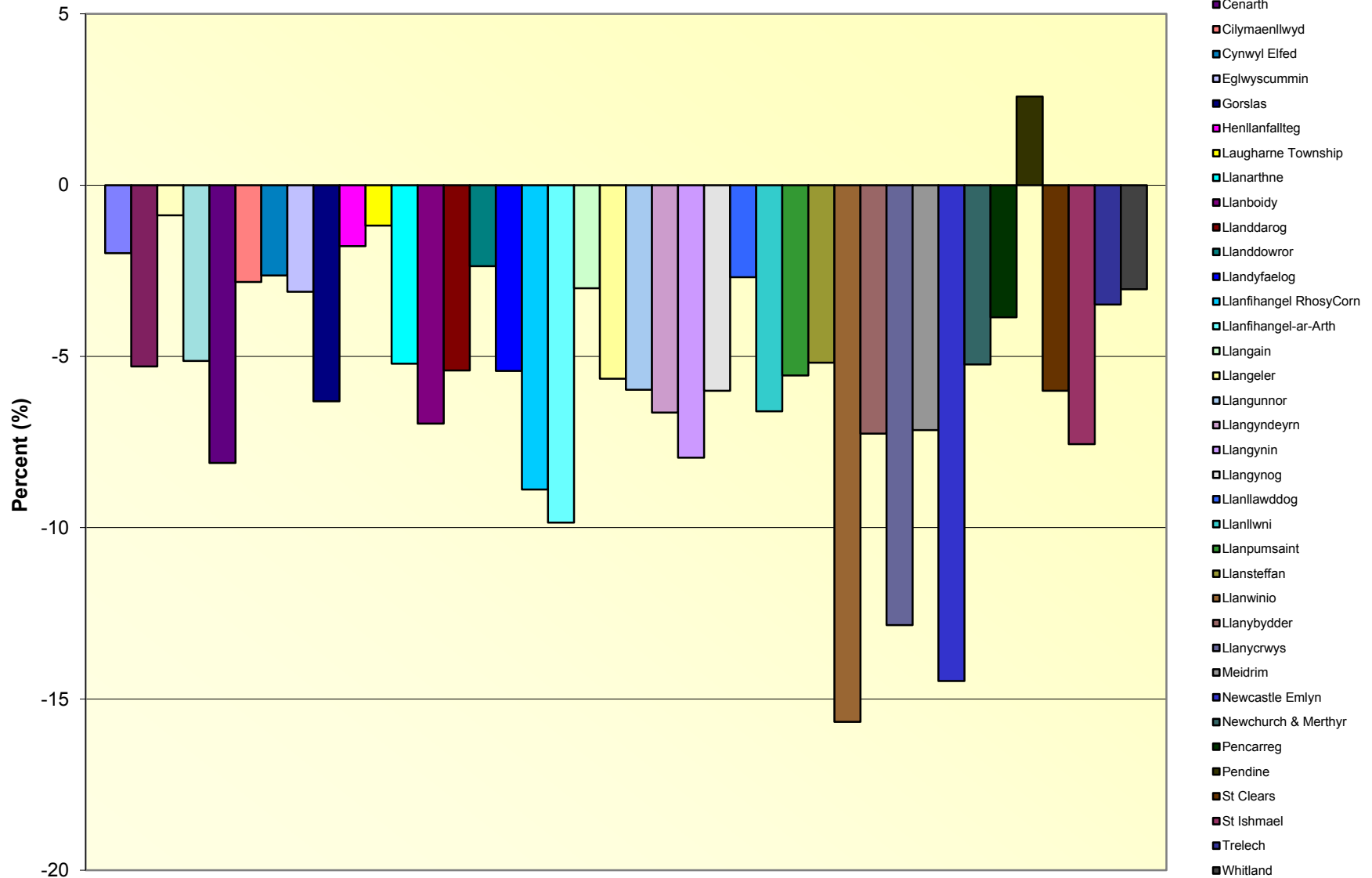
**GRAPH 1.2**

# Welsh speakers in Carmarthenshire, 1891-2011

Year	Numbers of Welsh speakers	% Speaking Welsh
1891	100,282	88.9
1901	113,947	90.3
1911	127,236	85.0
1921	135,487	82.5
1931	141,138	82.3
1941		
1951	127,295	77.3
1961	120,939	75.1
1971	103,825	66.5
1981	92,705	59.2
1991	89,213	54.8
2001	83,802	50.1
2011	78,048	43.9

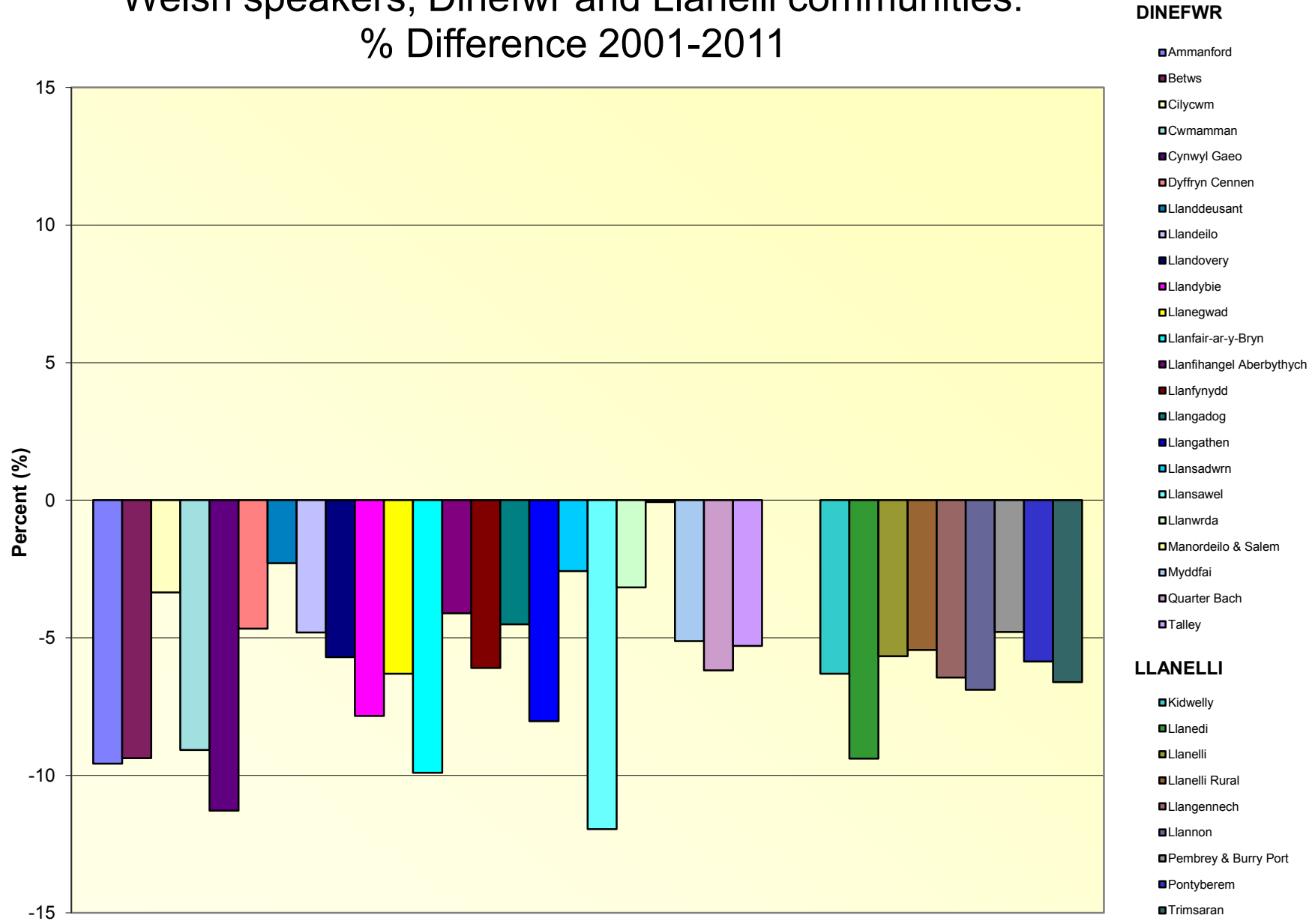


# Welsh speakers, Carmarthen communities: % Difference 2001-2011



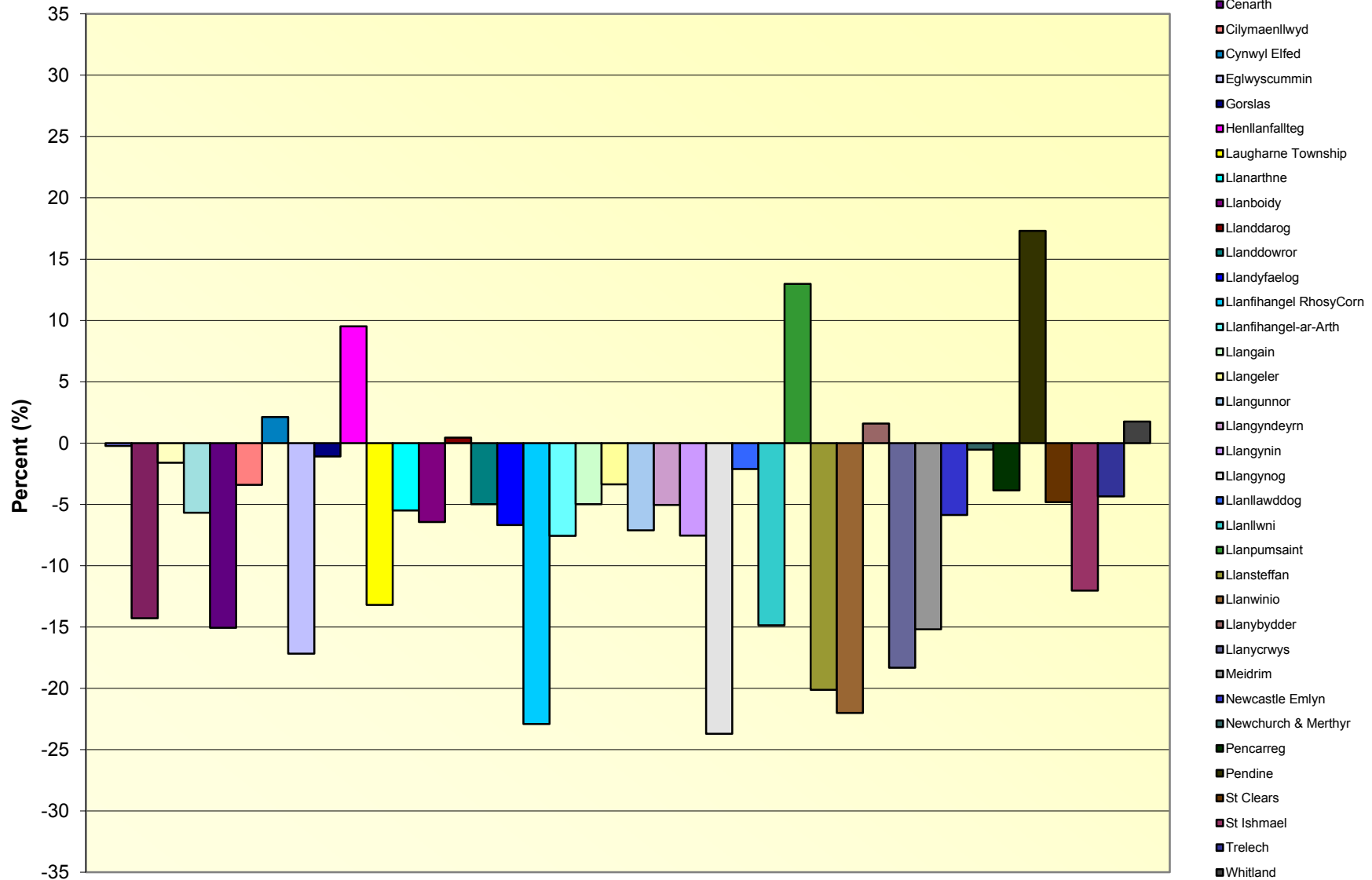
GRAPH 1.4

# Welsh speakers, Dinefwr and Llanelli communities: % Difference 2001-2011



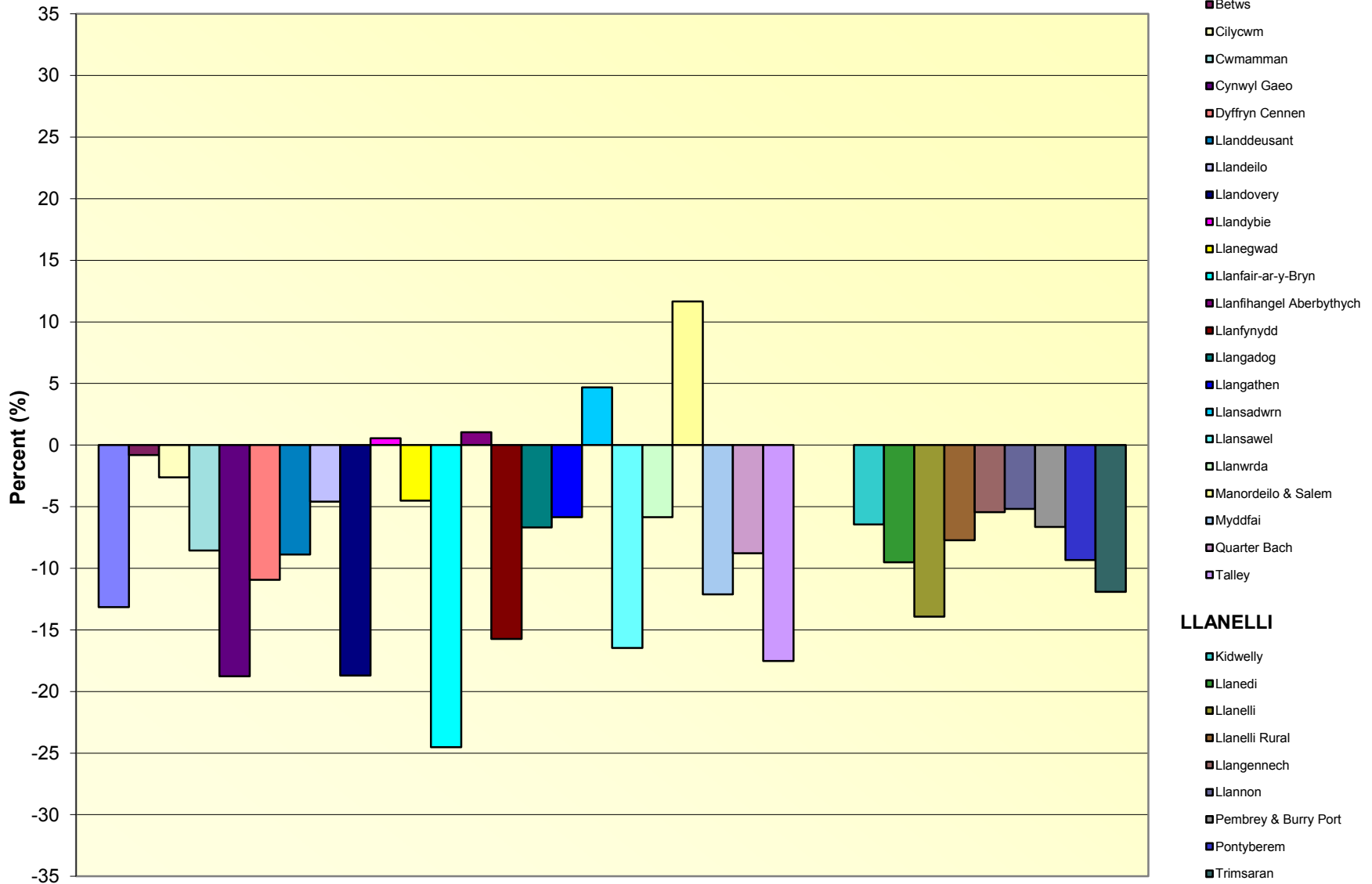
GRAPH 1.5

# Welsh speakers, Carmarthen communities: % Change 2001-2011



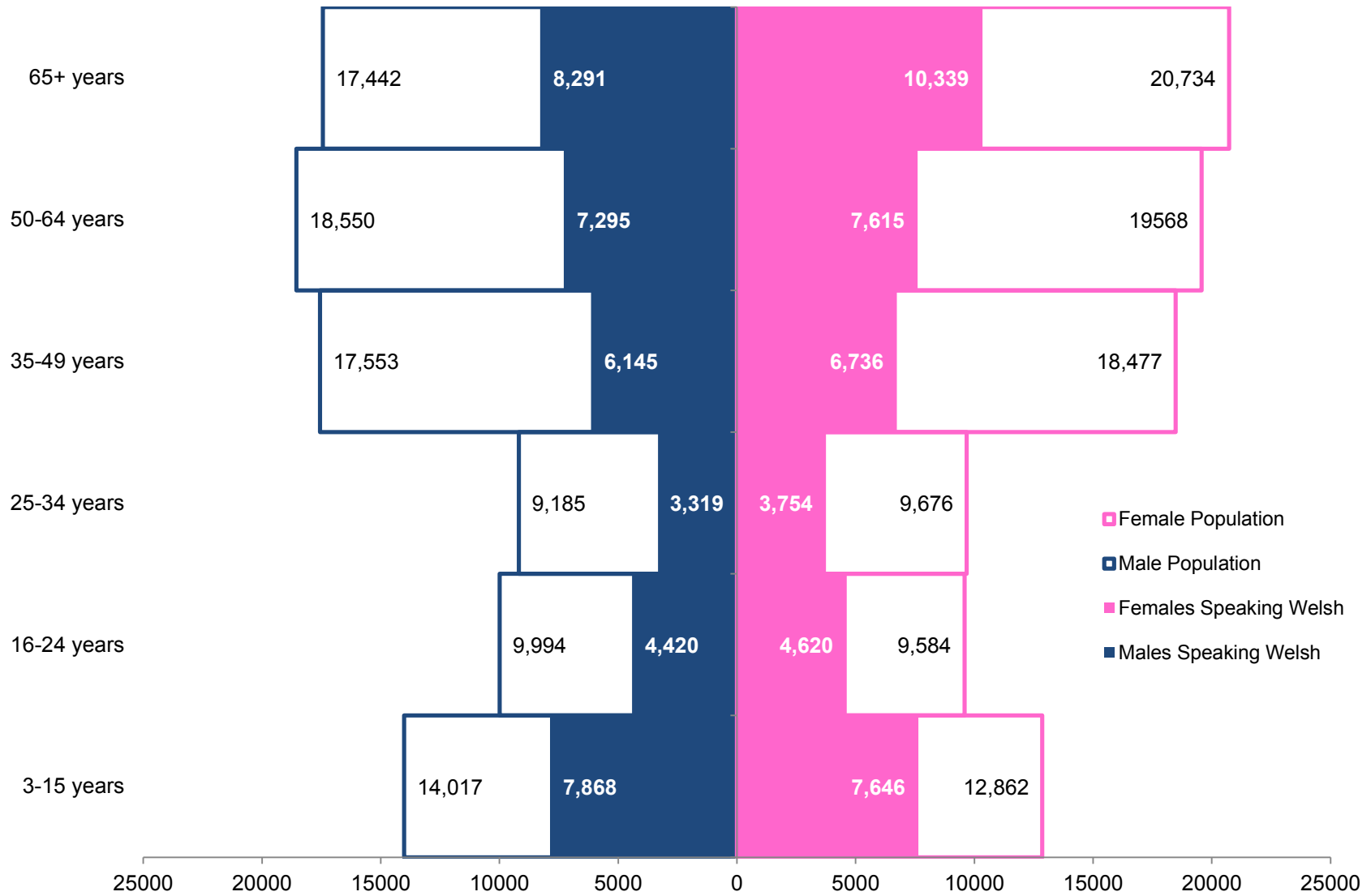
GRAPH 1.6

# Welsh speakers, Dinefwr and Llanelli communities: % Change 2001-2011



GRAPH 1.7

# Welsh speakers by Age and Sex

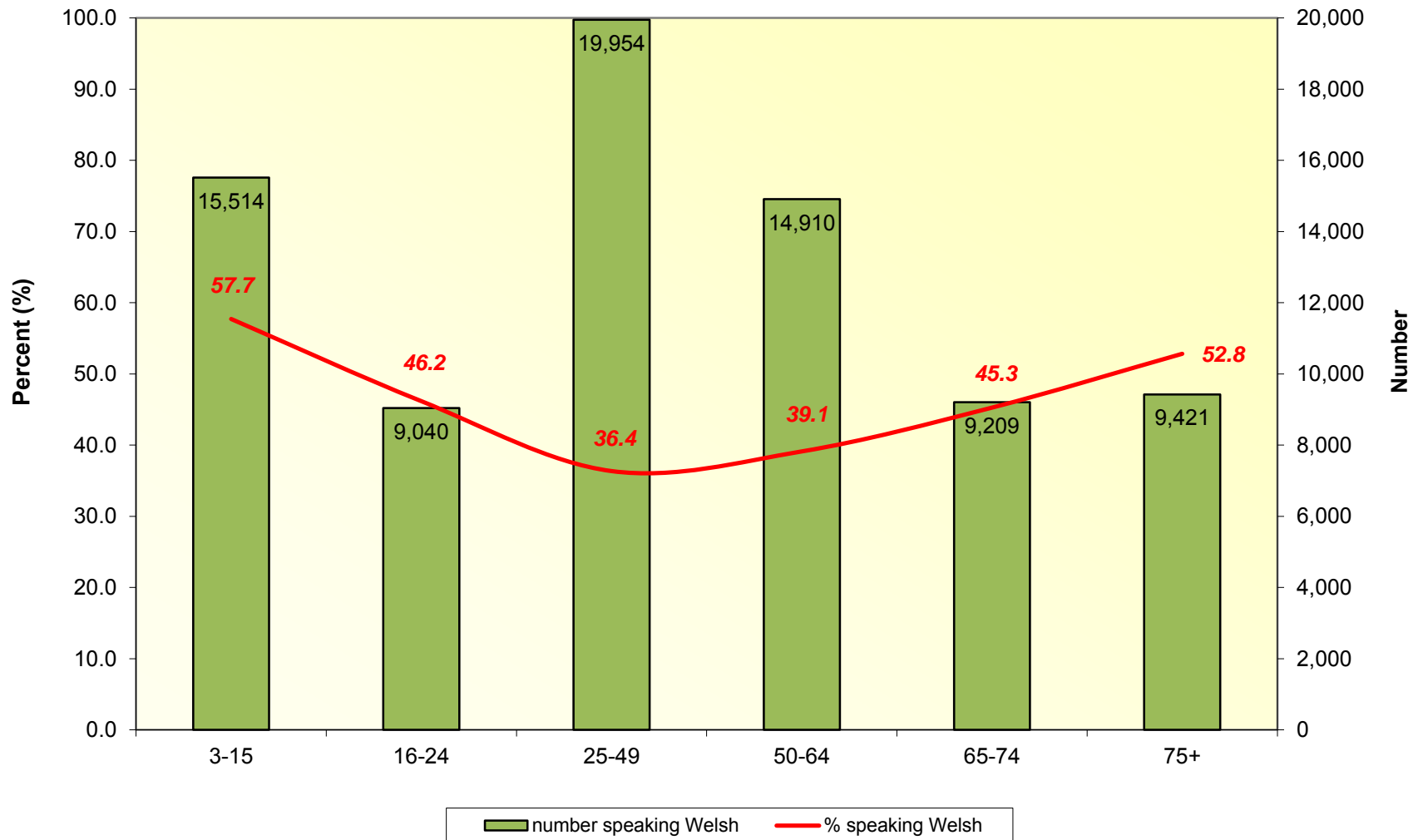


**GRAPH 2.1**

*This graph was prepared by Lesley Rees, Policy Research and Information Officer*

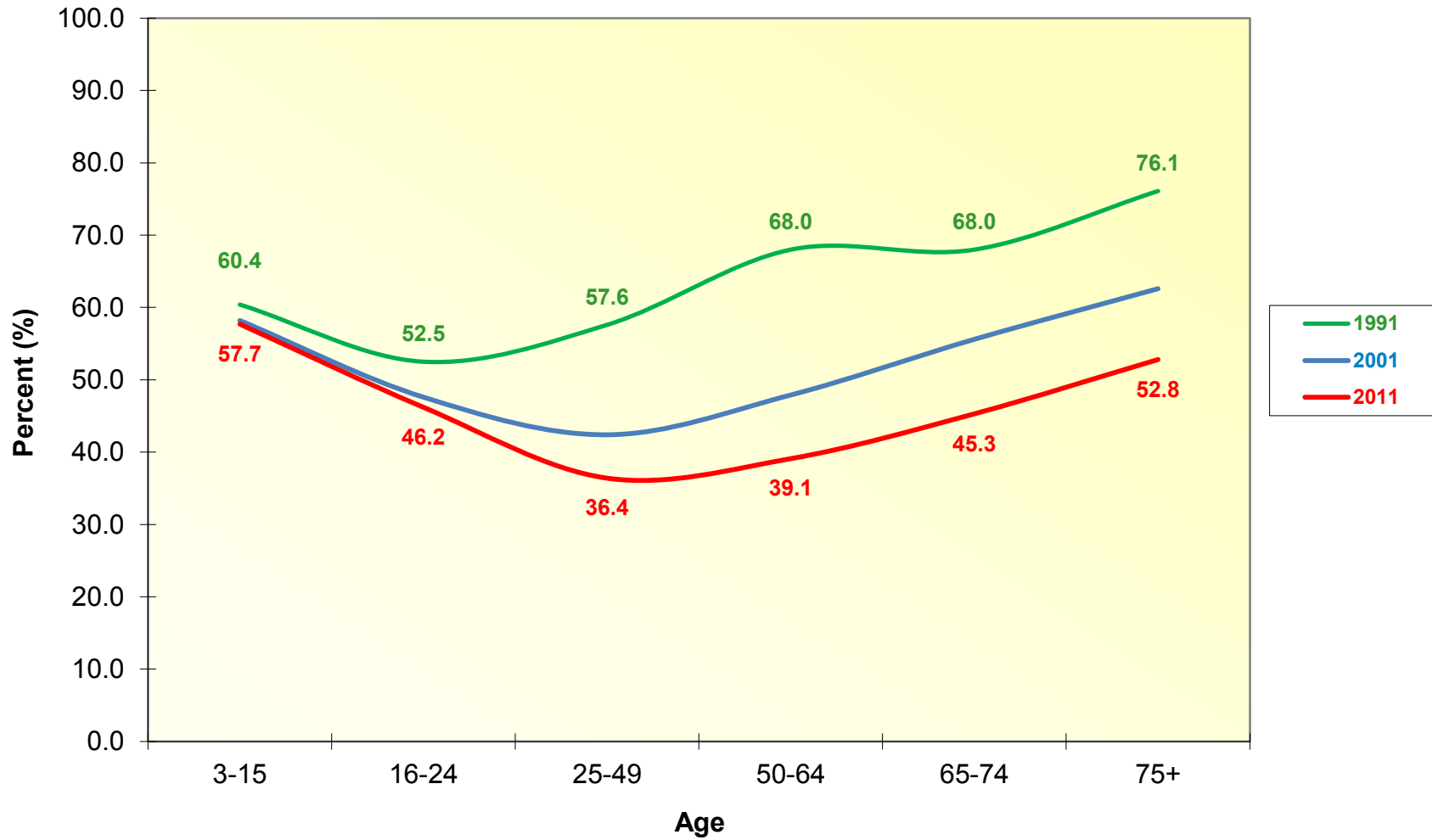


## Language Ability by Age, Carmarthenshire 2011



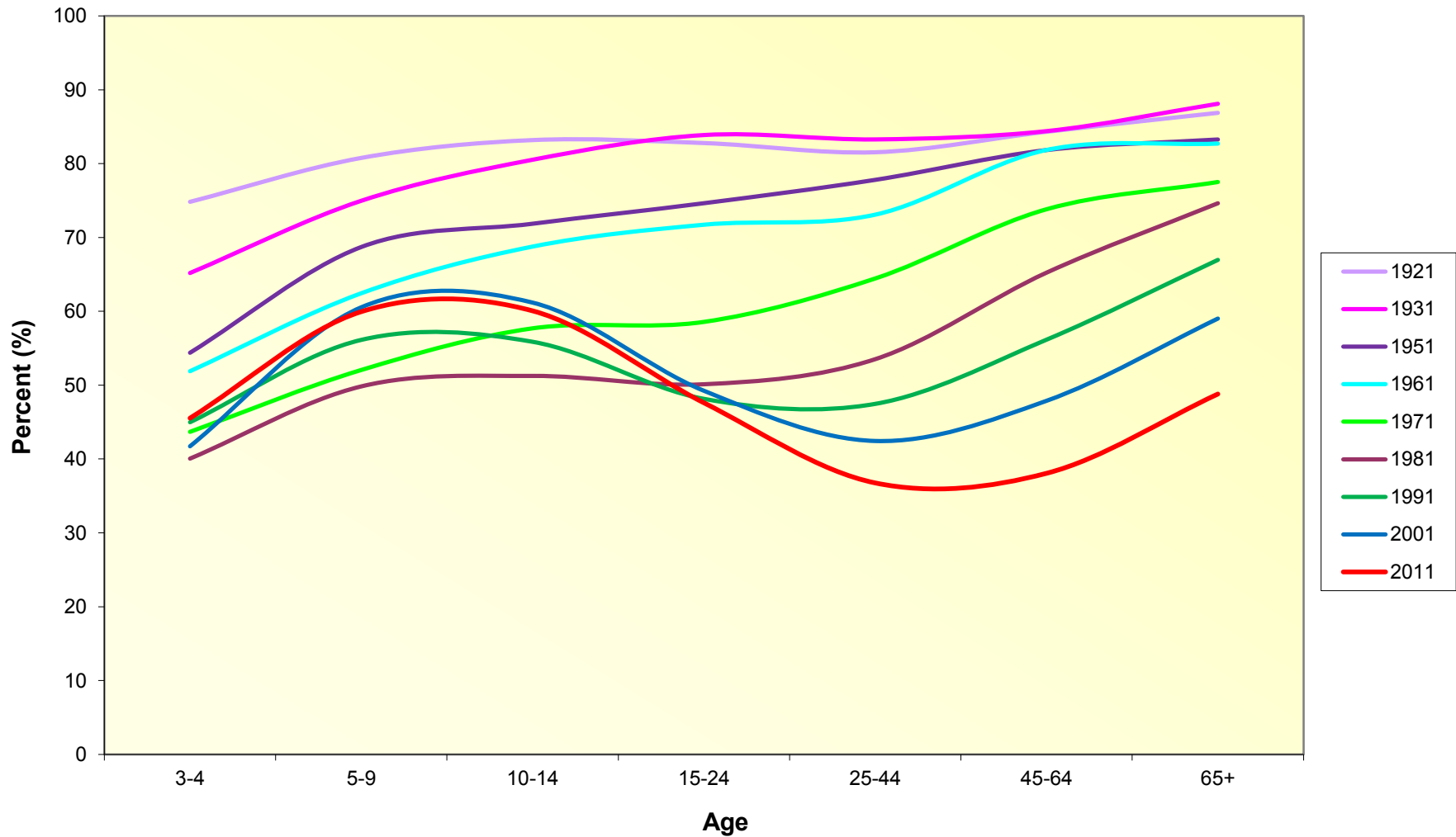
GRAPH 2.2

# Language Ability by Age Carmarthenshire, 1991-2011



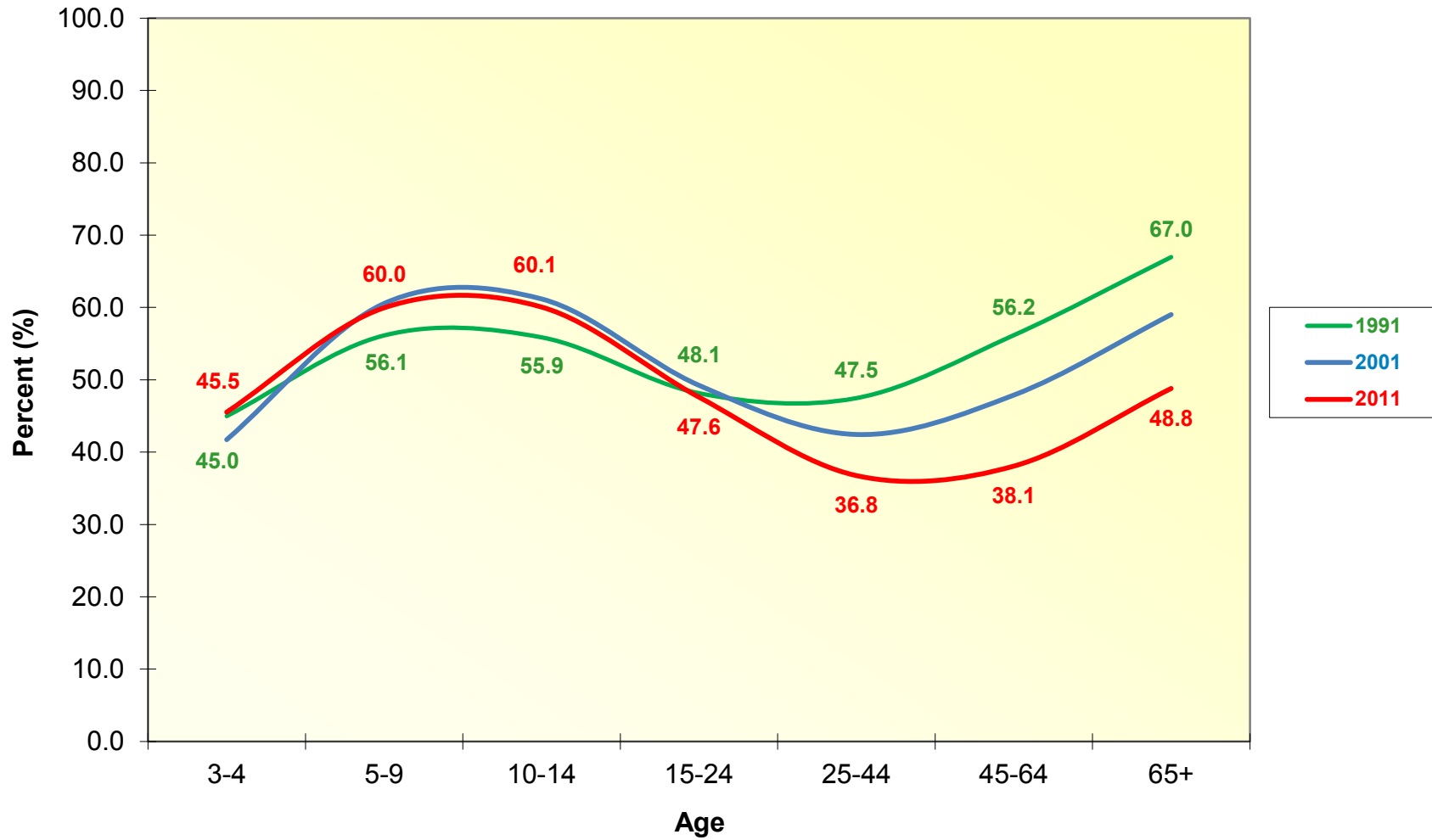
GRAPH 2.3

# Language Ability by Age, Carmarthenshire 1921-2001



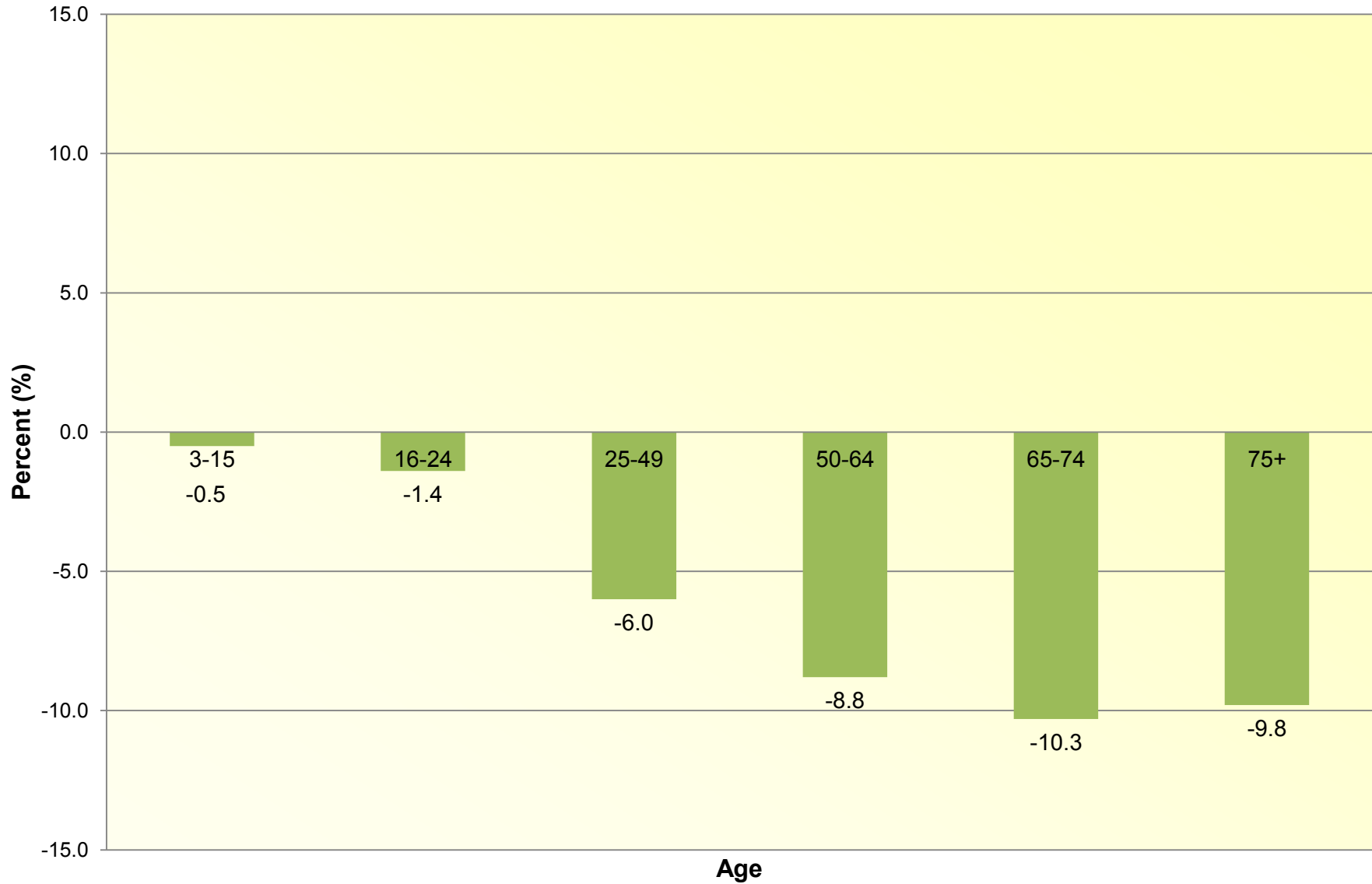
GRAPH 2.4

# Language Ability by Age Carmarthenshire, 1991-2011



GRAPH 2.5

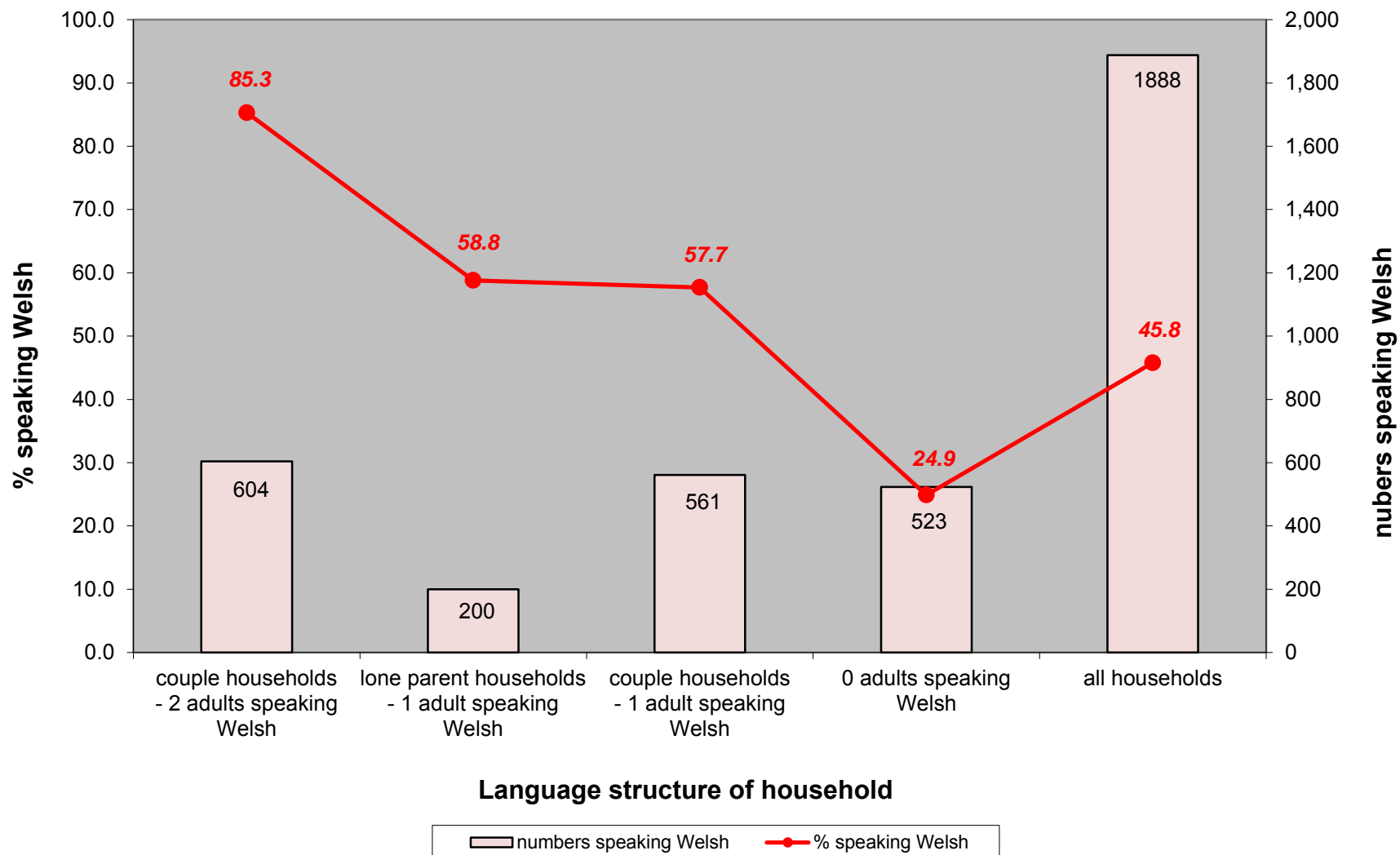
## Changes in percentages of people able to speak Welsh by age group, Carmarthenshire 2001-2011



GRAPH 2.6

## Language Transmission in the Home, Carmarthenshire 2011

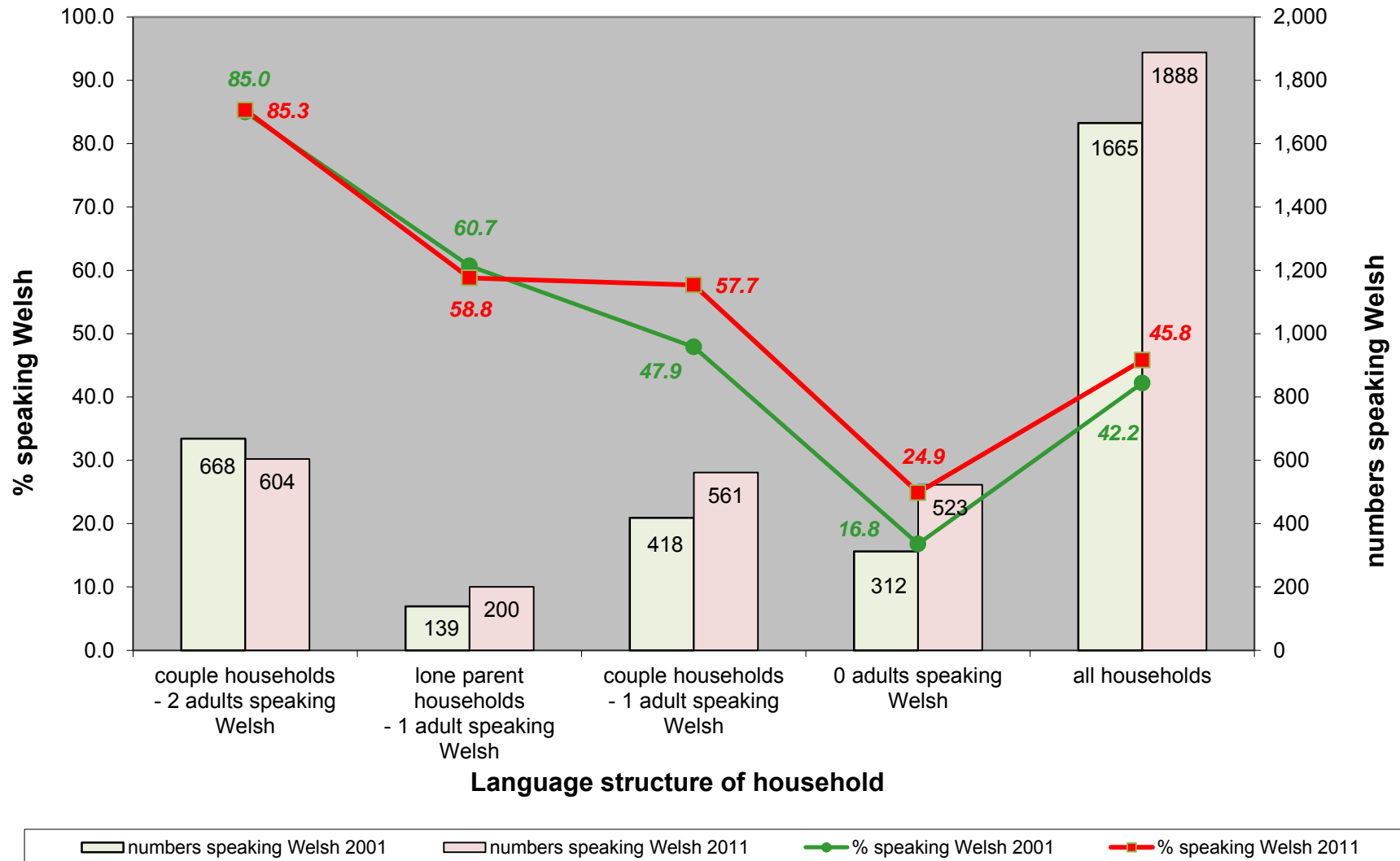
### Numbers and percentages of children 3-4 speaking Welsh



**GRAPH 3.1**

*This graph is based on a similar graph produced by the Welsh Language Board in 2001*

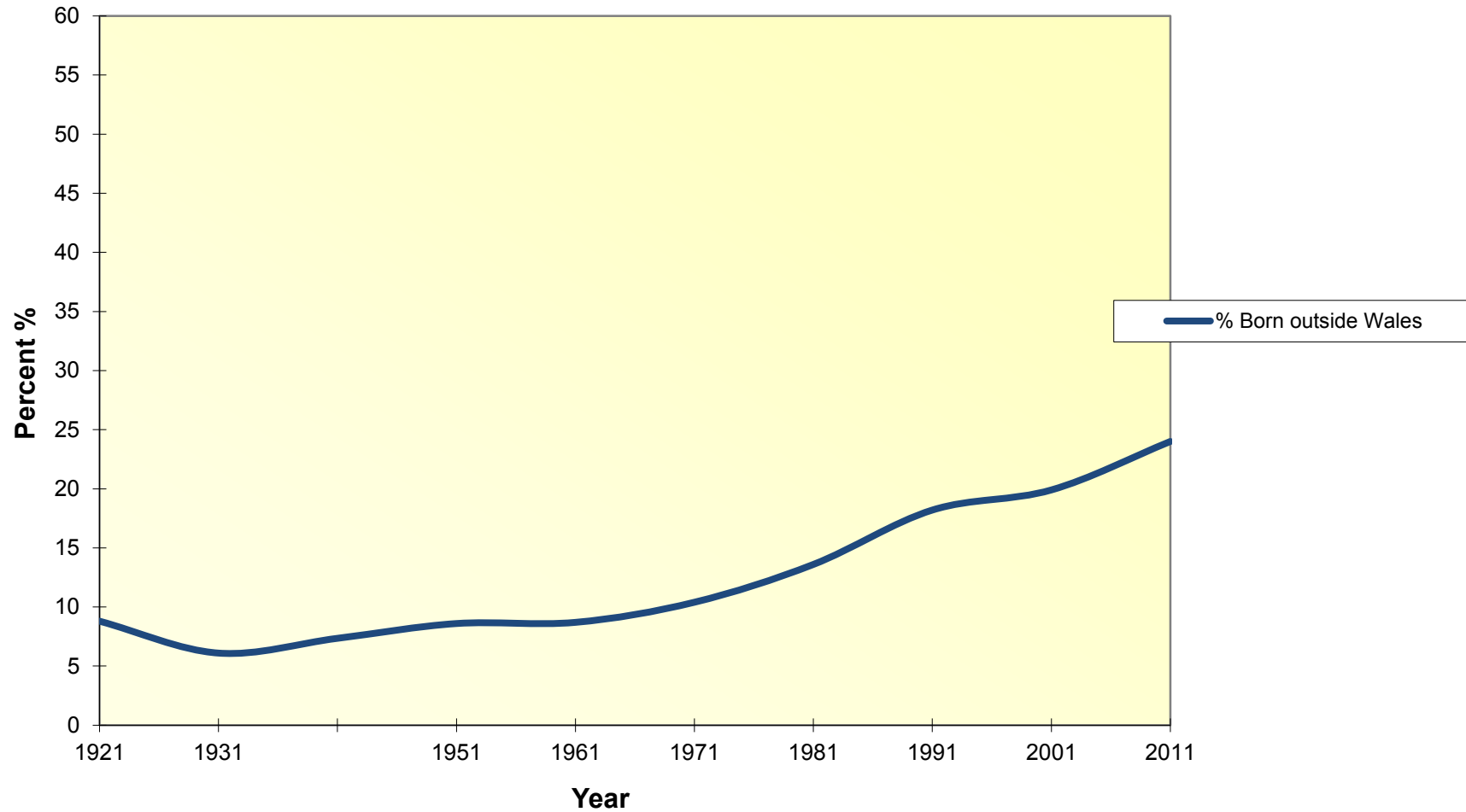
## Language transmission in the home, Carmarthenshire 2001 and 2011 Numbers and percentages of children 3-4 speaking Welsh



**GRAPH 3.2**

*This graph is based on a similar graph produced by the Welsh Language Board in 2001*

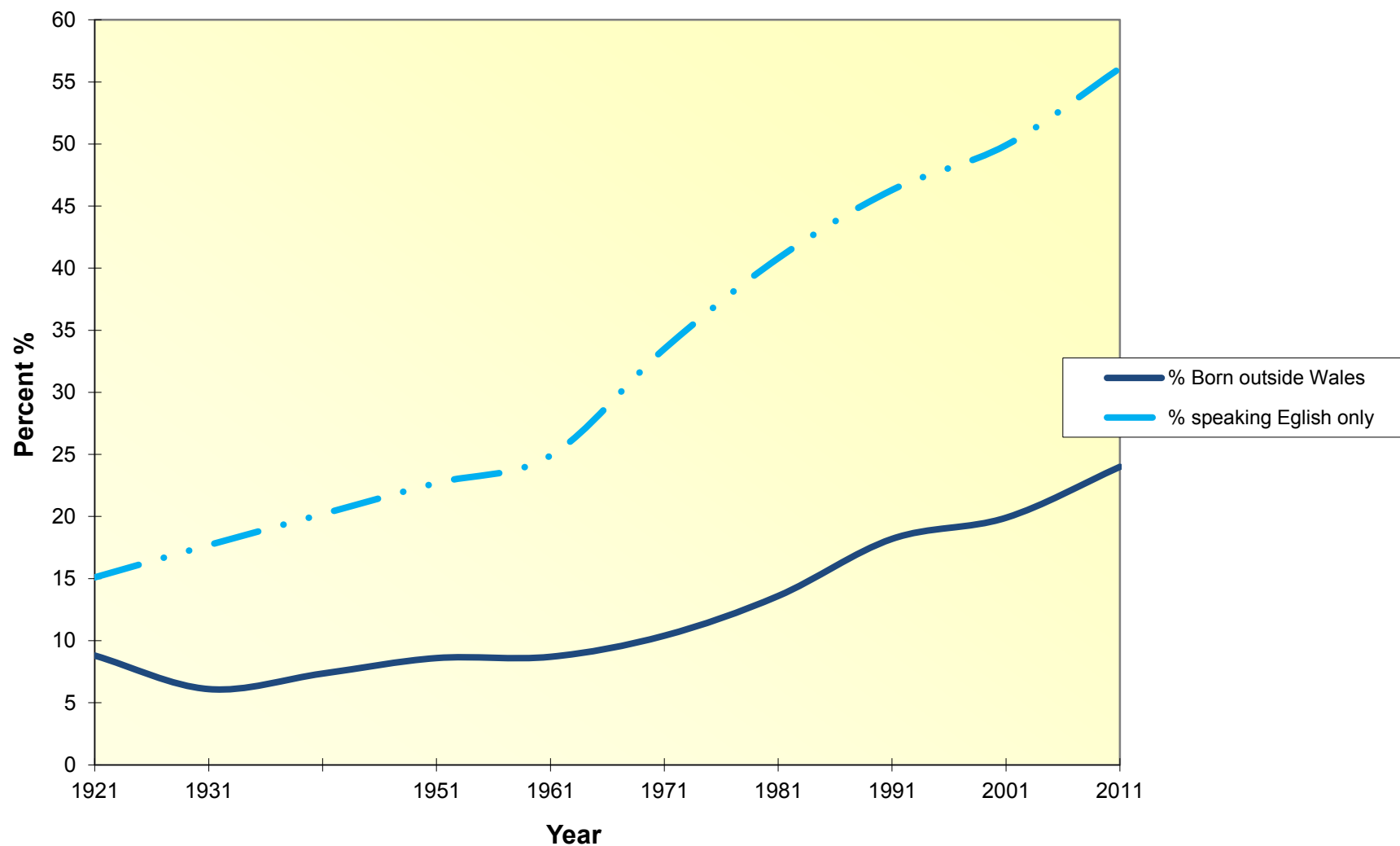
# % Population of Carmarthenshire born outside Wales, 1921-2011



GRAPH 5.1

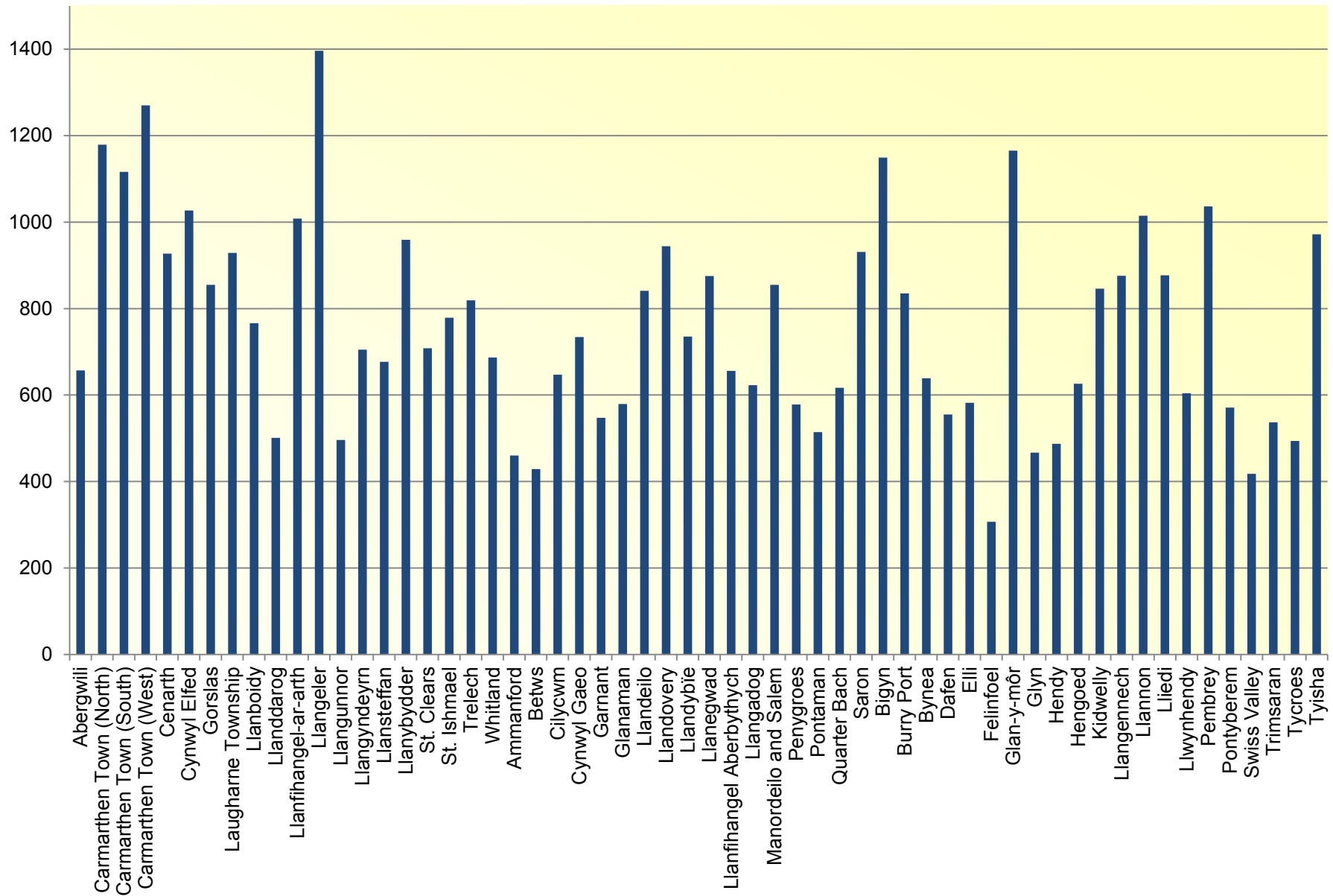


## % Population of Carmarthenshire born outside Wales and % non-Welsh speaking, 1921-2011



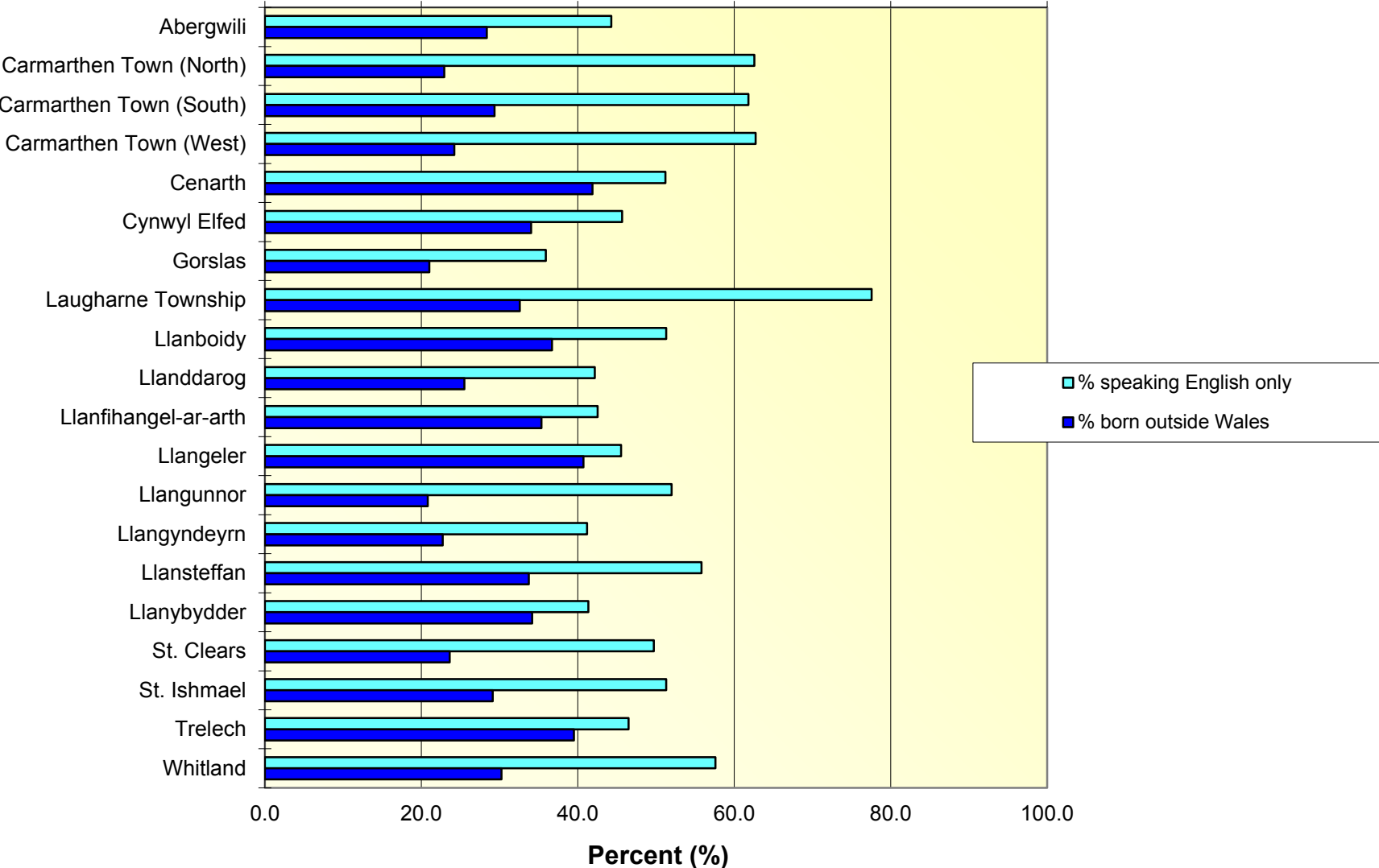
GRAPH 5.2

# Number of Carmarthenshire residents born outside Wales, 2011



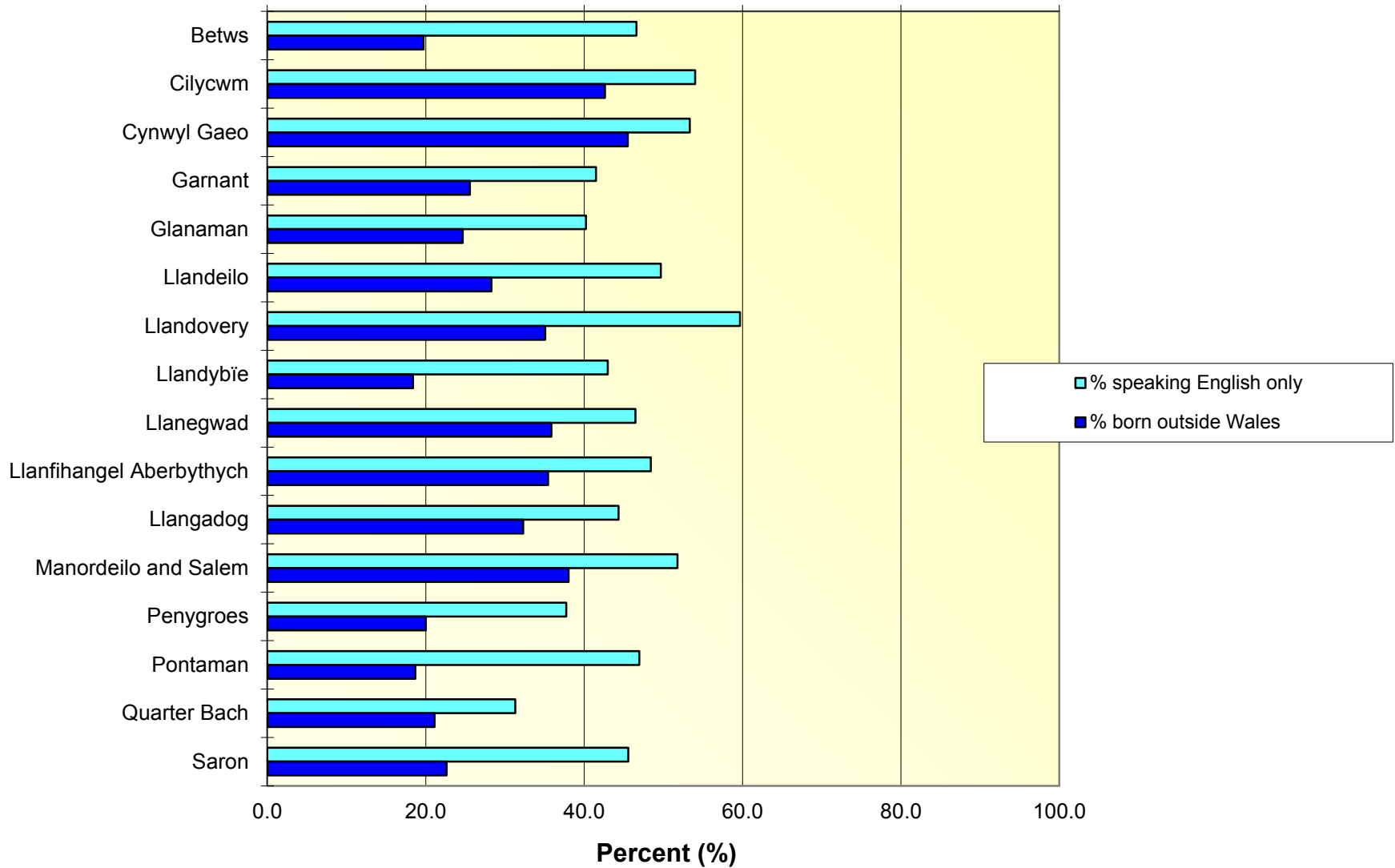
GRAPH 5.3

# Inmigration and Language, Carmarthen 2011



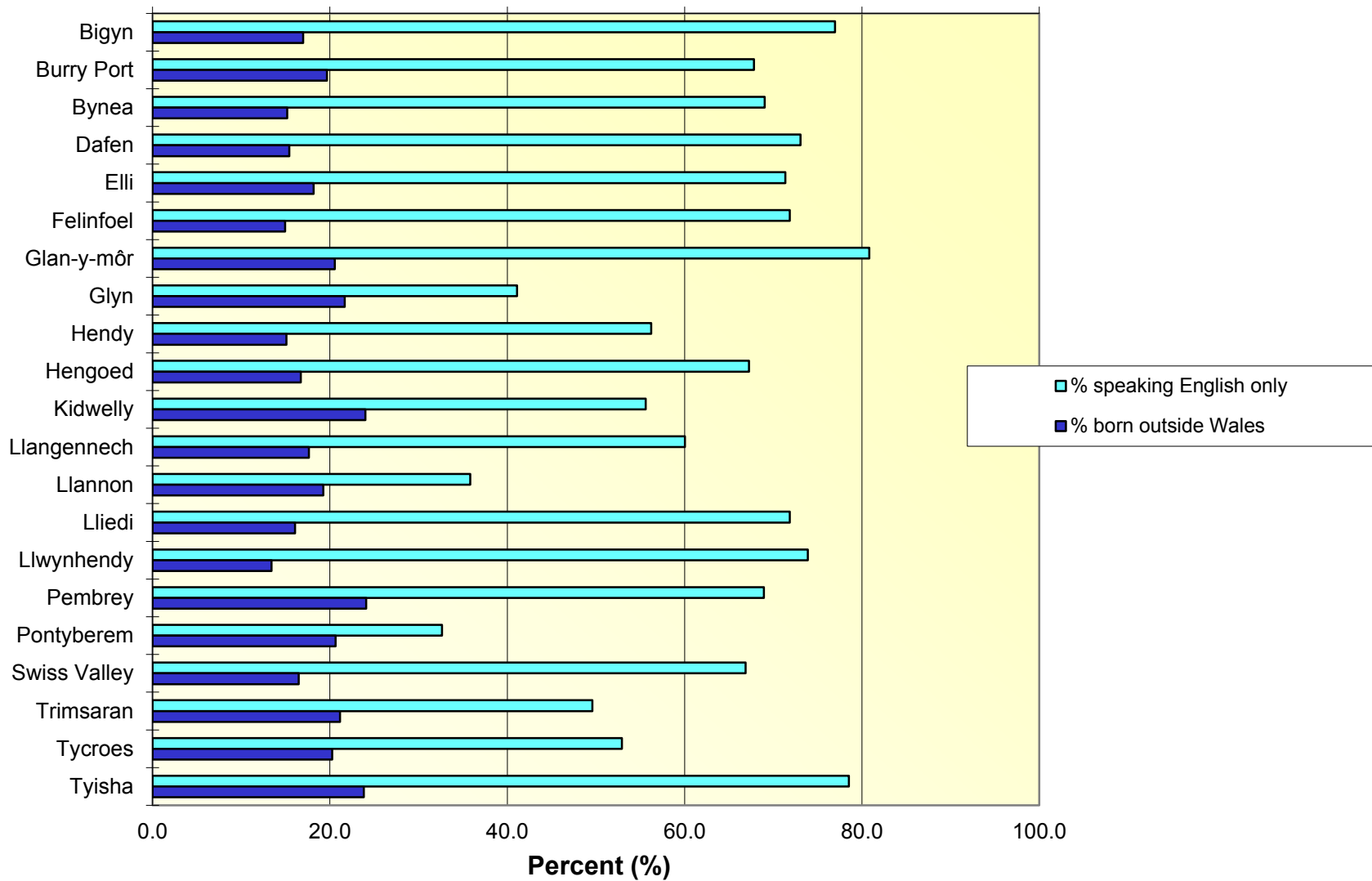
GRAPH 5.4

# Inmigration and Language, Dinefwr 2011



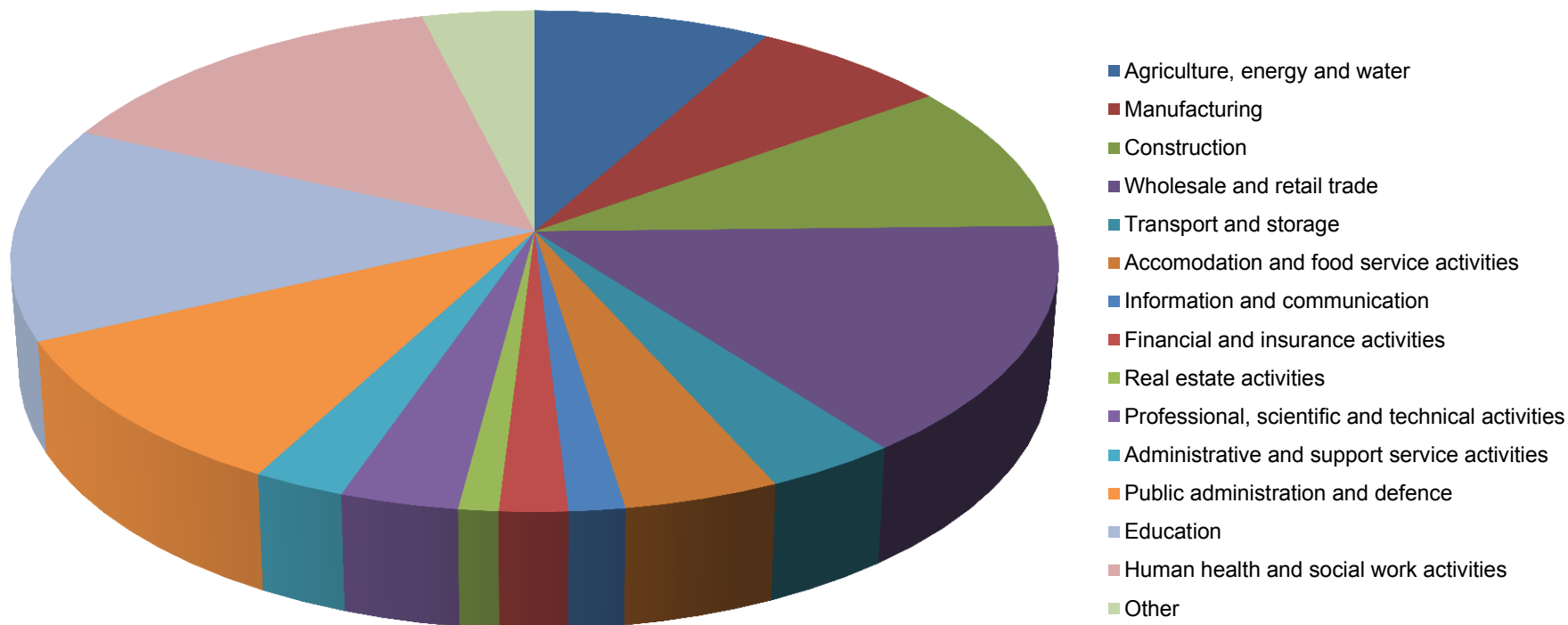
GRAPH 5.5

# Inmigration and Language, Llanelli 2011



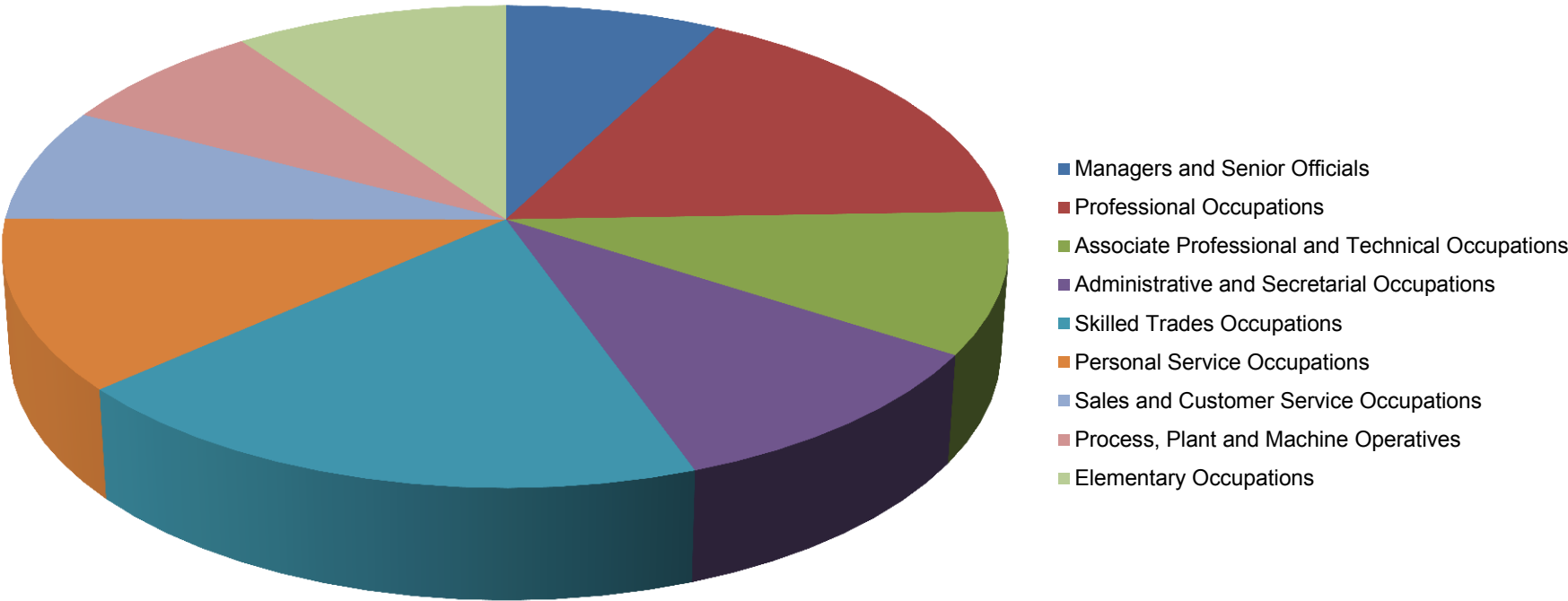
GRAPH 5.6

## Welsh Speakers according to Industry, Carmarthenshire 2011



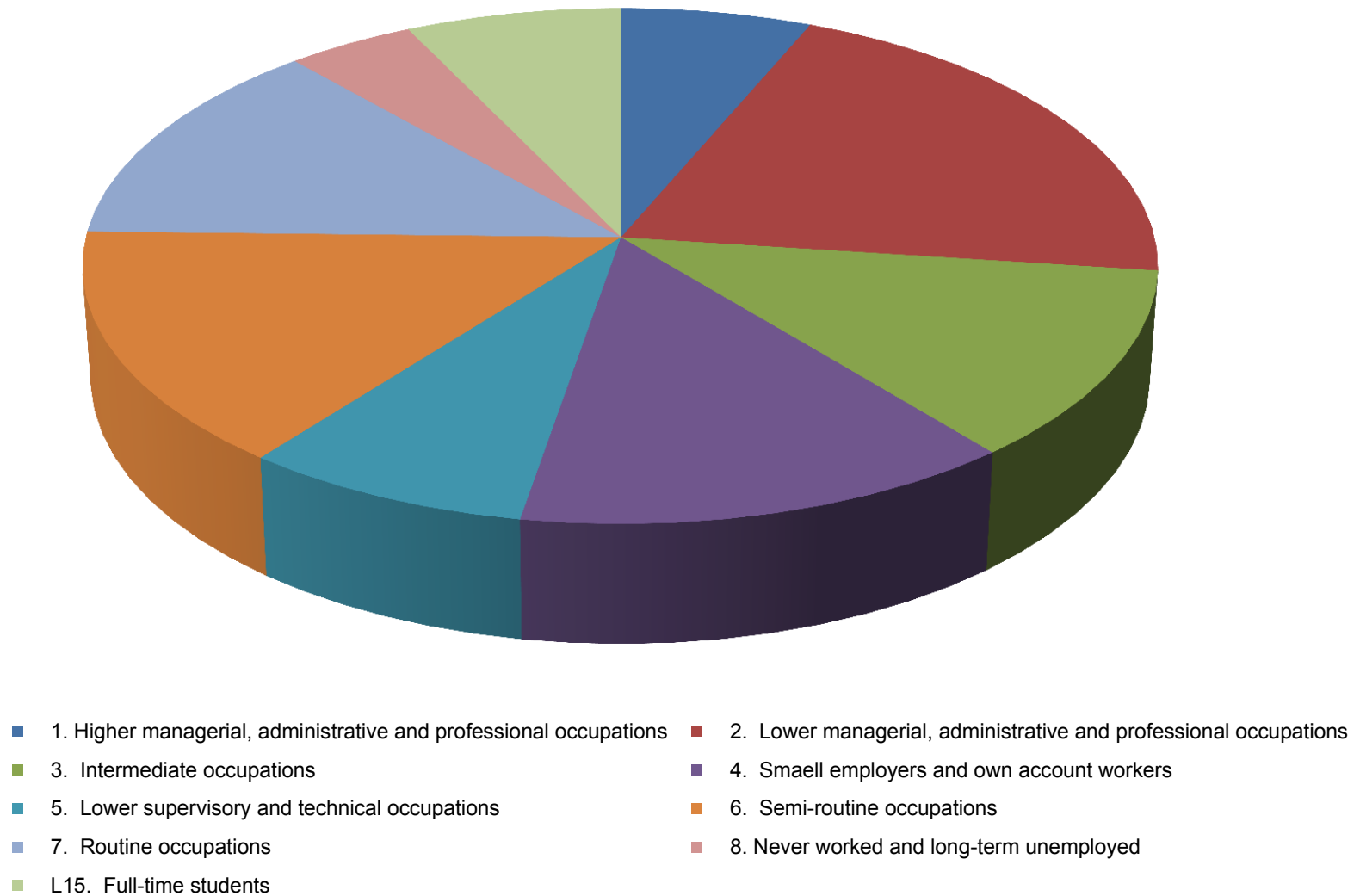
GRAPH 6.1

# Welsh speakers according to Occupation, Carmarthenshire 2011



GRAPH 6.2

## Welsh speakers according to Socio-Economic Classification, Carmarthenshire 2011



GRAPH 6.3



# ***APPENDIX II:***

## **Maps**

# Key to Maps

## 1: Electoral Wards 2011

1	Abergwili
2	Carmarthen Town (North)
3	Carmarthen Town (South)
4	Carmarthen Town (West)
5	Cenarth
6	Cynwyl Elfed
7	Gorslas
8	Laugharne Township
9	Llanboidy
10	Llanddarog
11	Llanfihangel-ar-arth
12	Llangeler
13	Llangunnor
14	Llangyndeyrn
15	Llansteffan
16	Llanybydder
17	St. Clears
18	St. Ishmael
19	Trelech
20	Whitland
21	Ammanford
22	Betws
23	Cilycwm
24	Cynwyl Gaeo
25	Garnant
26	Glanaman
27	Llandeilo
28	Llandovery
29	Llandybïe

30	Llanegwad
31	Llanfihangel Aberbythych
32	Llangadog
33	Manordeilo and Salem
34	Penygroes
35	Pontaman
36	Quarter Bach
37	Saron
38	Bigyn
39	Burry Port
40	Bynea
41	Dafen
42	Elli
43	Felinfoel
44	Glan-y-môr
45	Glyn
46	Hendy
47	Hengoed
48	Kidwelly
49	Llangennech
50	Llannon
51	Lliedi
52	Llwynhendy
53	Pembrey
54	Pontyberem
55	Swiss Valey
56	Trimsaran
57	Tycroes
58	Tyisha

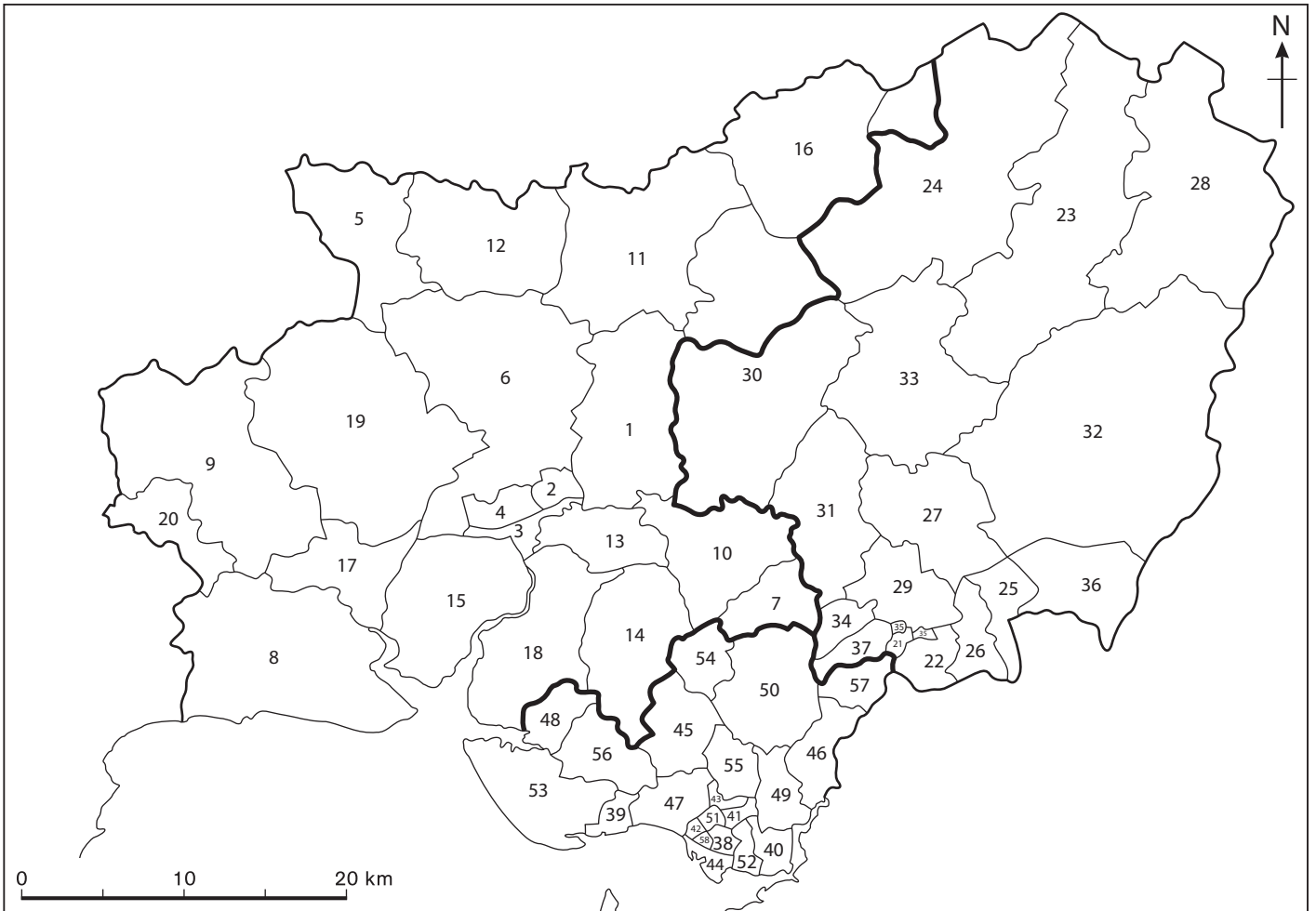
# Key to Maps

## 2: Communities 2011

1	Abergwili
2	Abernant
3	Bronwydd
4	Carmarthen
5	Cenarth
6	Cilymaenllwyd
7	Cynwyl Elfed
8	Eglwysgymun
9	Gorslas
10	Henllanfallteg
11	Laugharne Township
12	Llanarthne
13	Llanboidy
14	Llanddarog
15	Llanddowror
16	Llandyfaelog
17	Llanfihangel Rhos-y-corn
18	Llanfihangel-ar-arth
19	Llangain
20	Llangeler
21	Llangunnor
22	Llangyndeyrn
23	Llangynin
24	Llangynog
25	Llanllawddog
26	Llanllwni
27	Llanpumsaint
28	Llansteffan
29	Llanwinio
30	Llanybydder
31	Llanycrwys
32	Meidrim
33	Newcastle Emlyn
34	Newchurch and Merthyr
35	Pencarreg
36	Pendine

37	St. Clears
38	St. Ishmael
39	Trelech
40	Whitland
41	Ammanford
42	Betws
43	Cilycwm
44	Cwmaman
45	Cynwyl Gaeo
46	Dyffryn Cennen (Ffairfach)
47	Llanddeusant
48	Llandeilo
49	Llandovery
50	Llandybie
51	Llanegwad
52	Llanfair-ar-y-bryn
53	Llanfihangel Aberbythych
54	Llanfynydd
55	Llangadog
56	Llangathen
57	Llansadwrn
58	Llansawel
59	Llanwrda
60	Manordeilo
61	Myddfai
62	Quarter Bach
63	Talley
64	Kidwelly
65	Llanedi
66	Llanelli
67	Llanelli Rural
68	Llangennech
69	Llannon
70	Pembrey and Burry Port (Cefn Sidan)
71	Pontyberem
72	Trimsaran

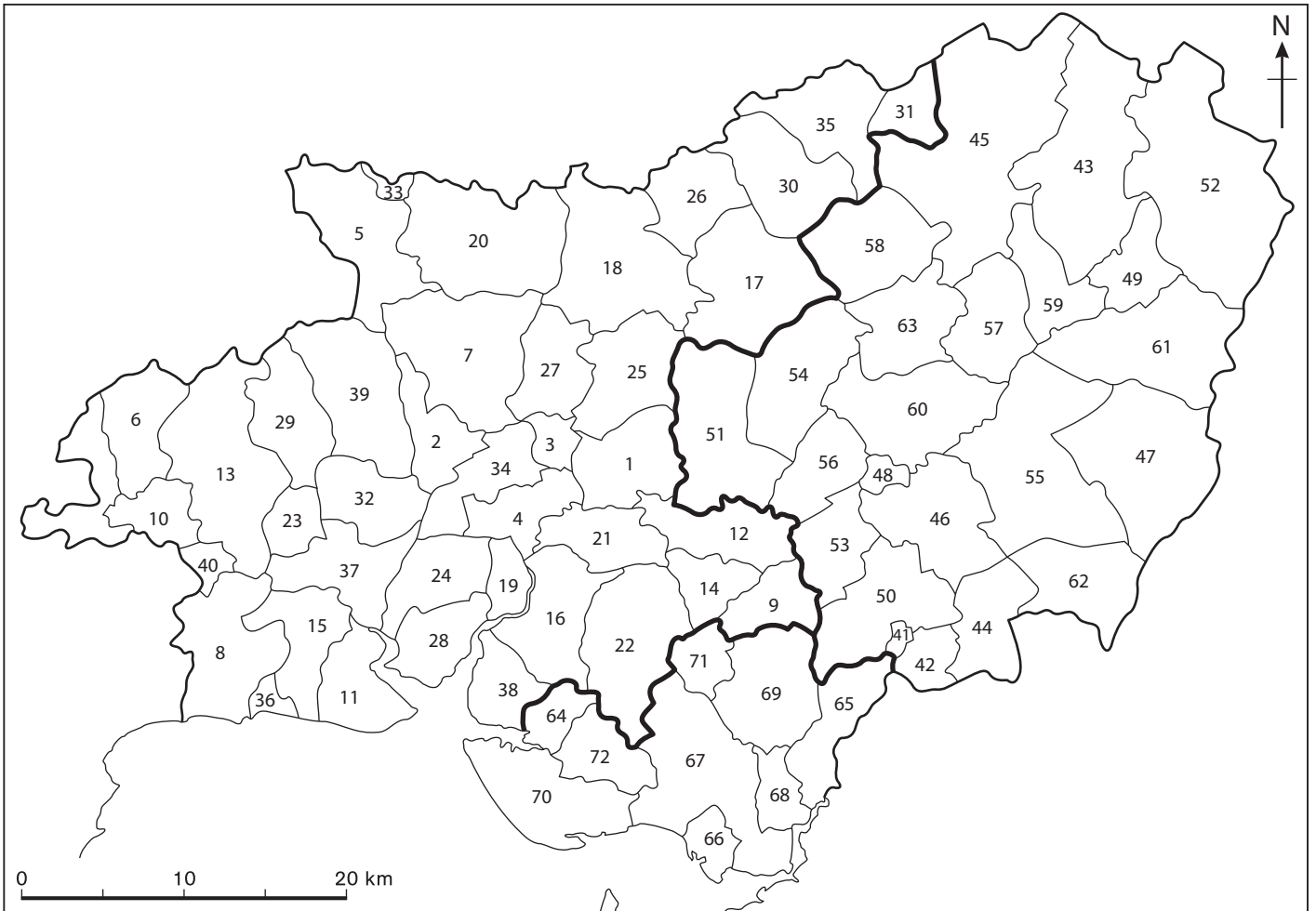
Map 1: Electoral Wards 2011 (Districts)



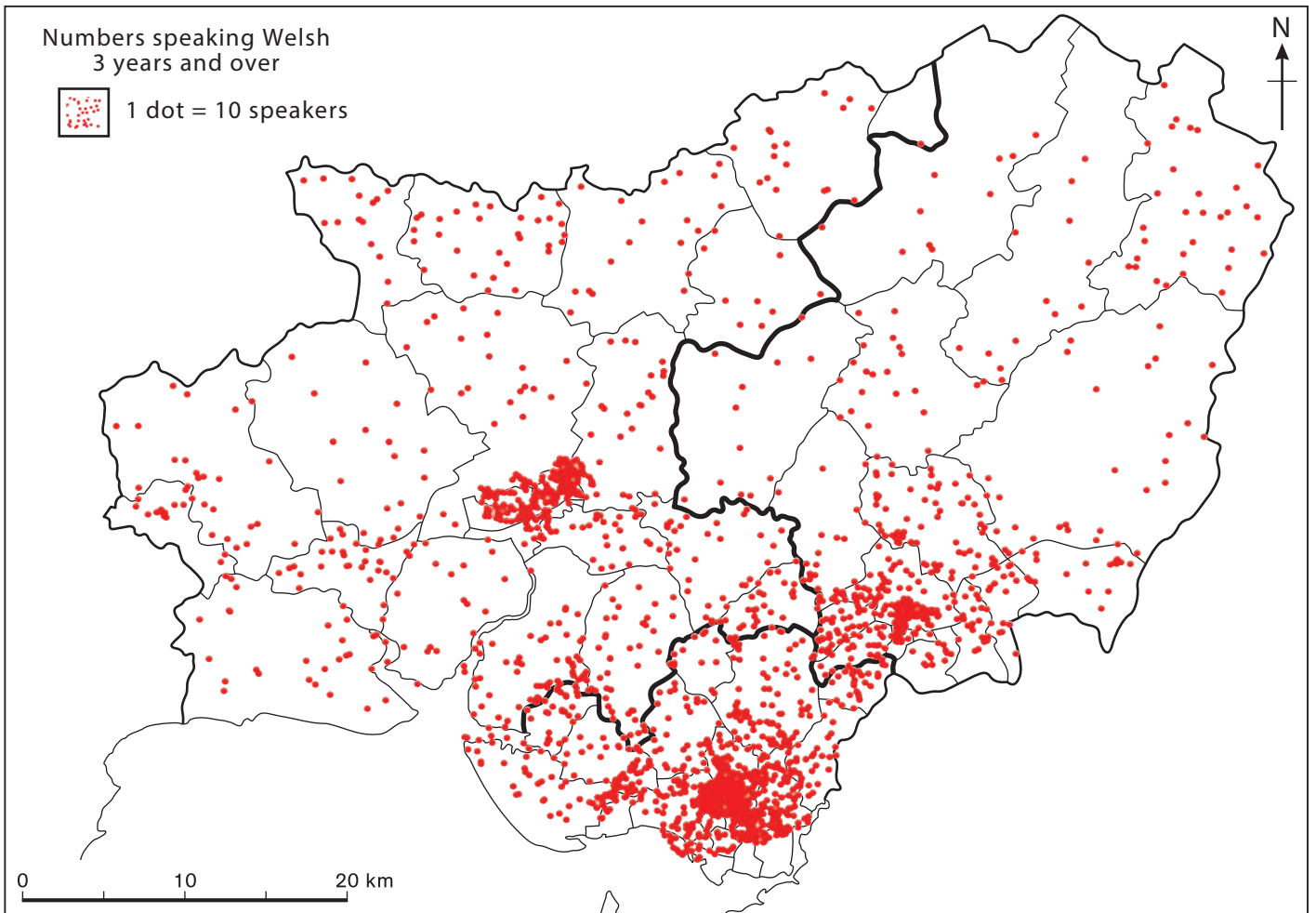
Map 1: Electoral Wards 2011 (Mentrau Iaith)



Map 2: Communities 2011 (Districts)

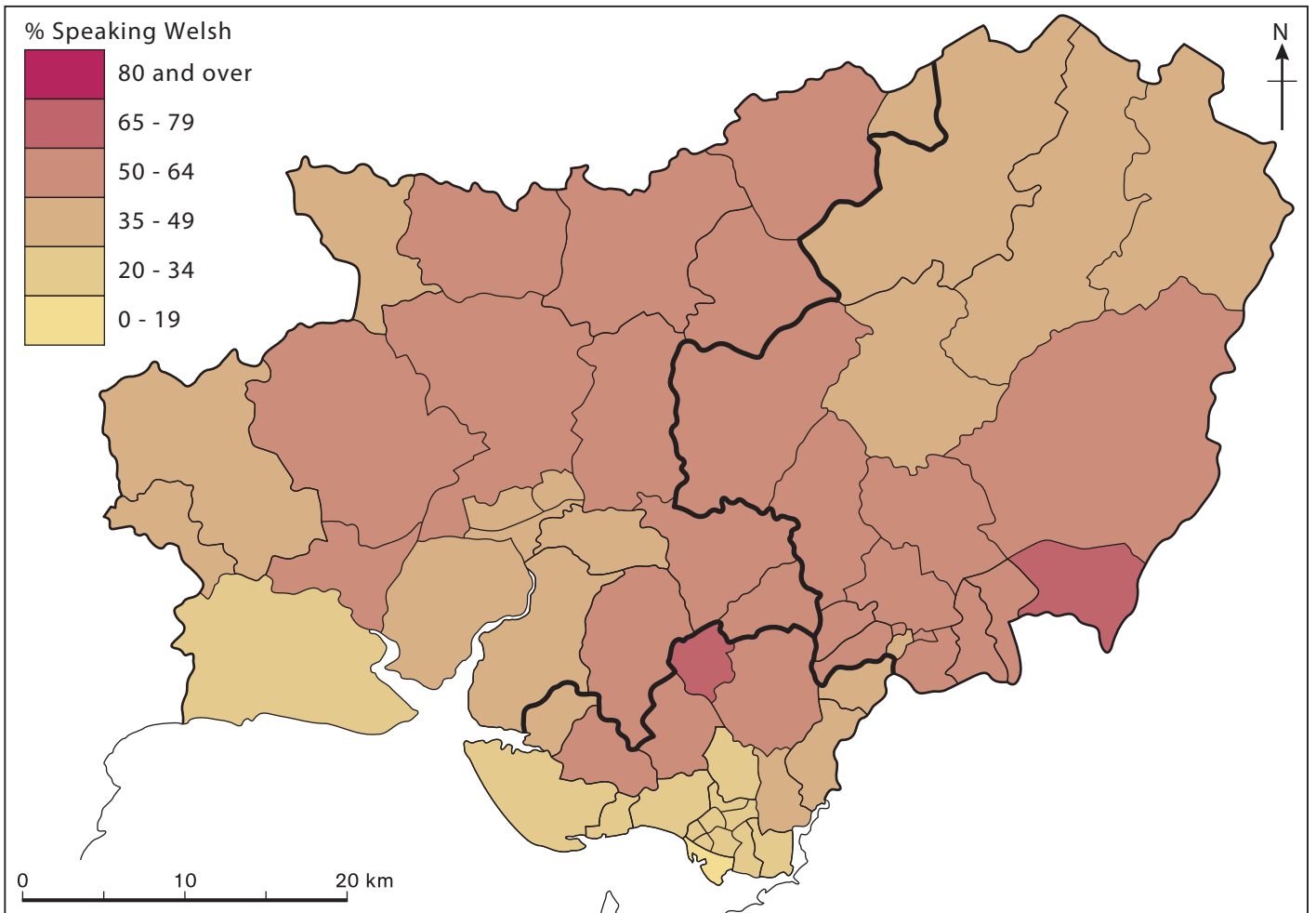


# Numbers speaking Welsh, 2011 (wards)



map 1.1

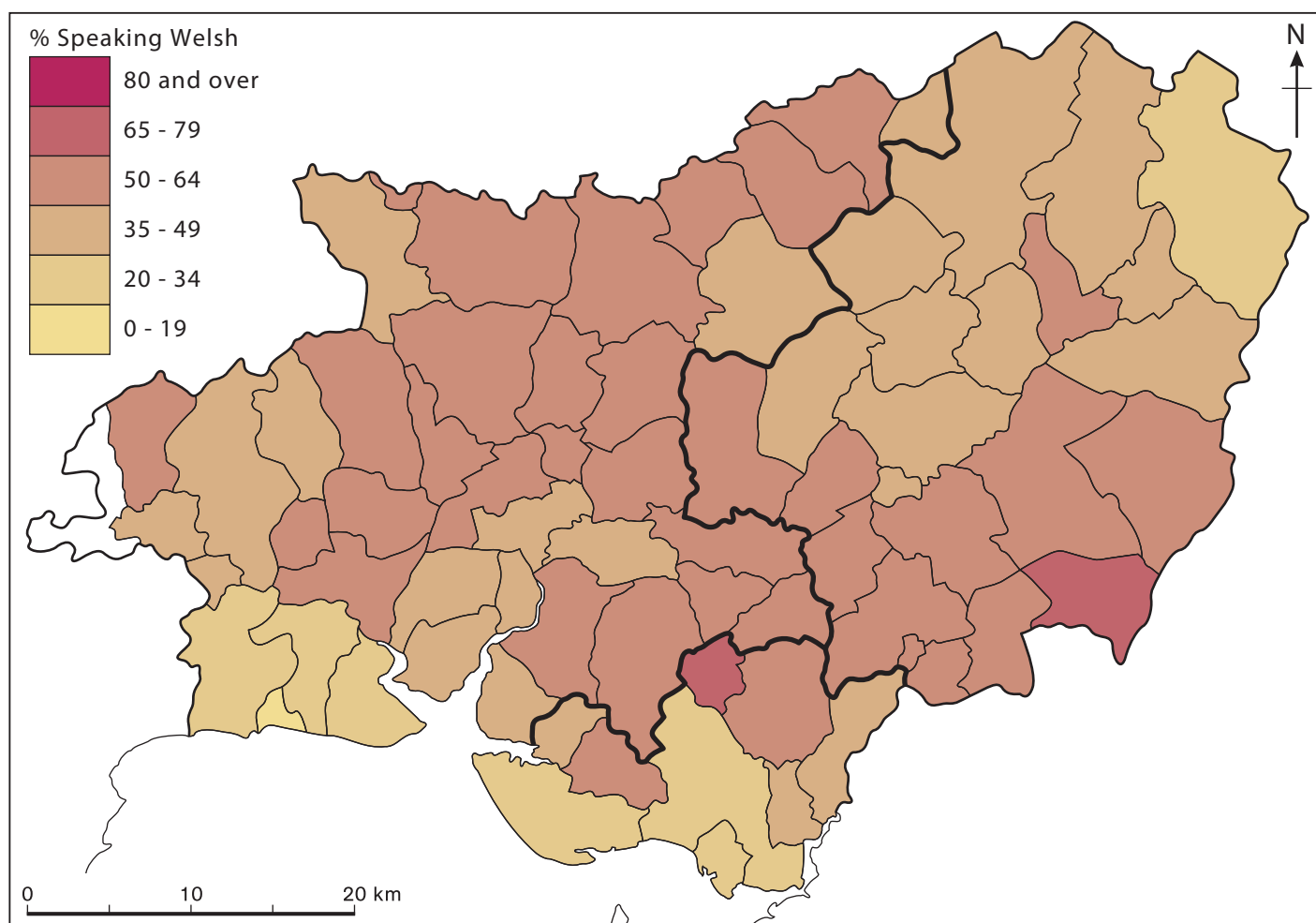
# % Speaking Welsh, 2011 (wards)



map 1.2

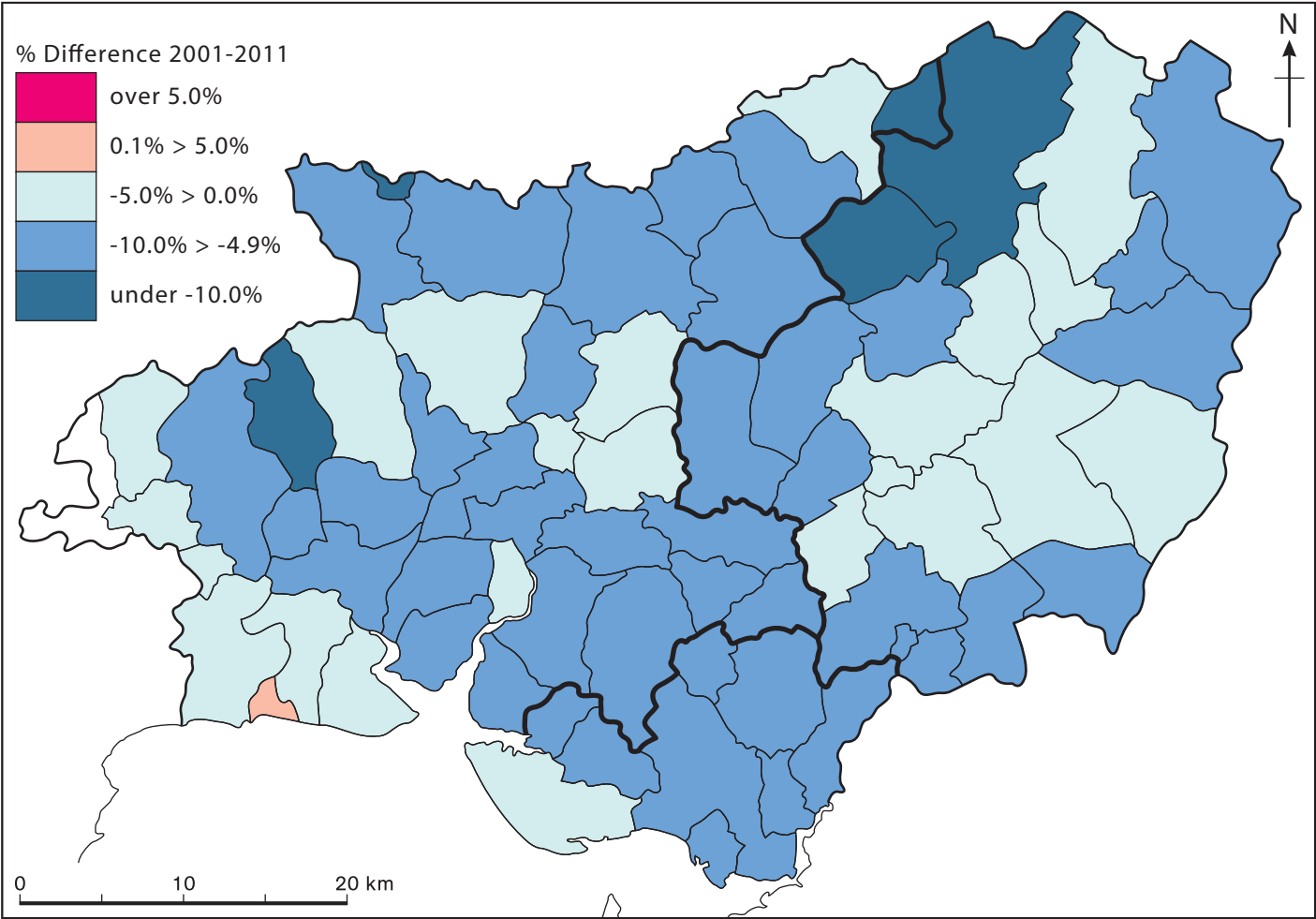


# % Speaking Welsh, 2011 (communities)



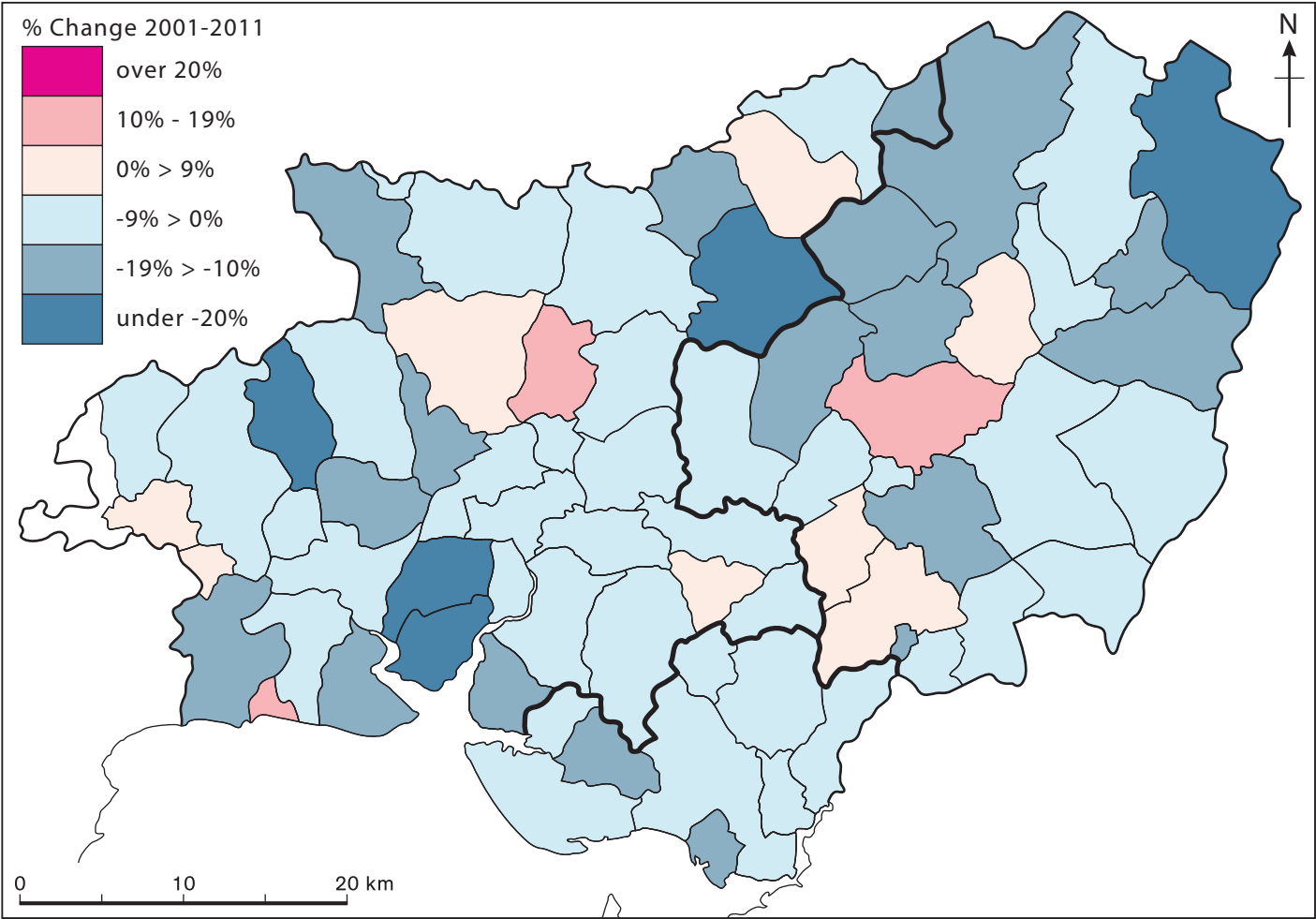
map 1.3

# Difference in % Speaking Welsh, 2001-2011 (communities)



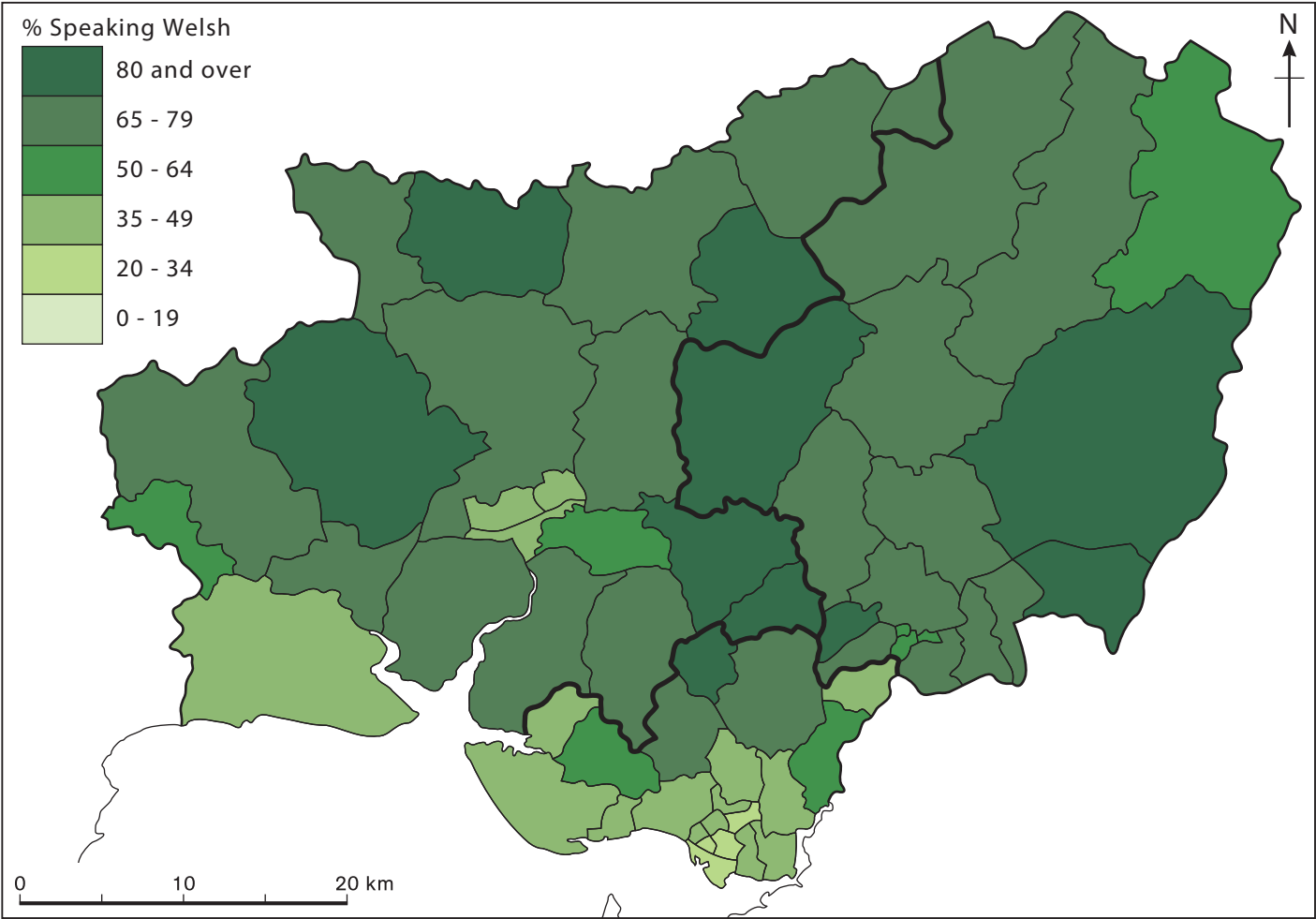
map 1.4

# Change in % Speaking Welsh, 2001-2011 (communities)



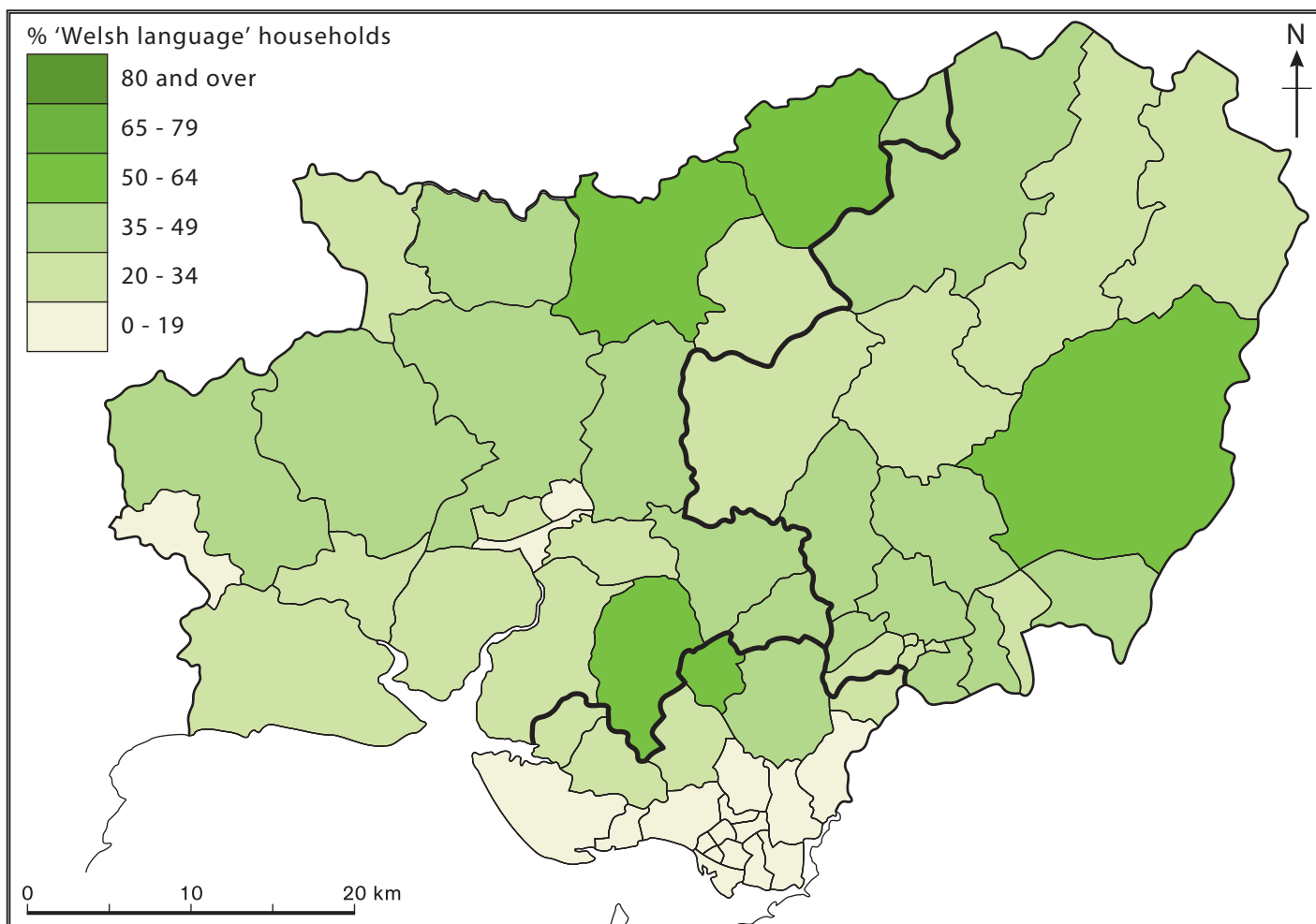
map 1.5

# % Speaking Welsh aged 3-15 years, 2011 (wards)



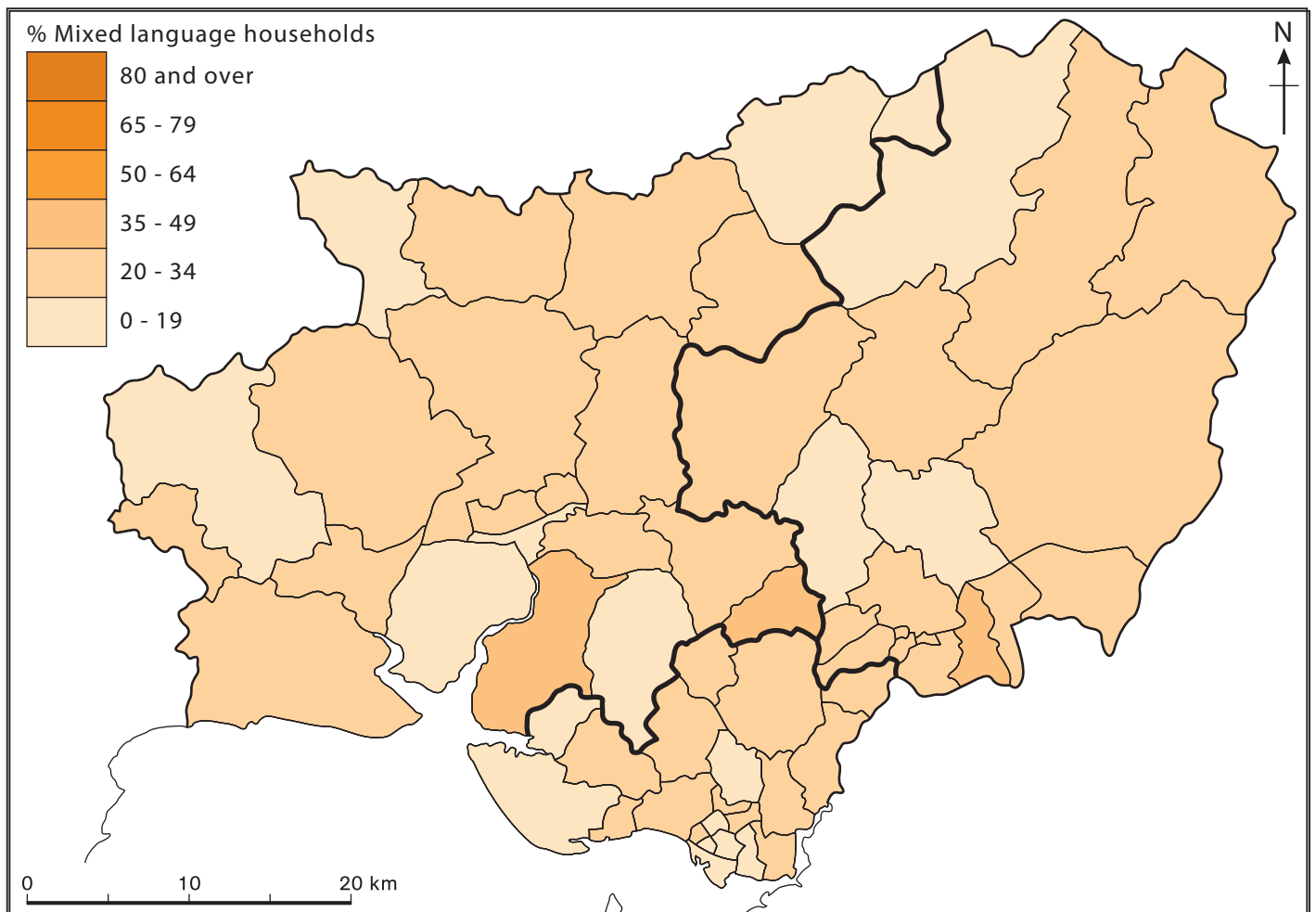
map 2.1

# % 'Welsh language' households, 2011 (wards)



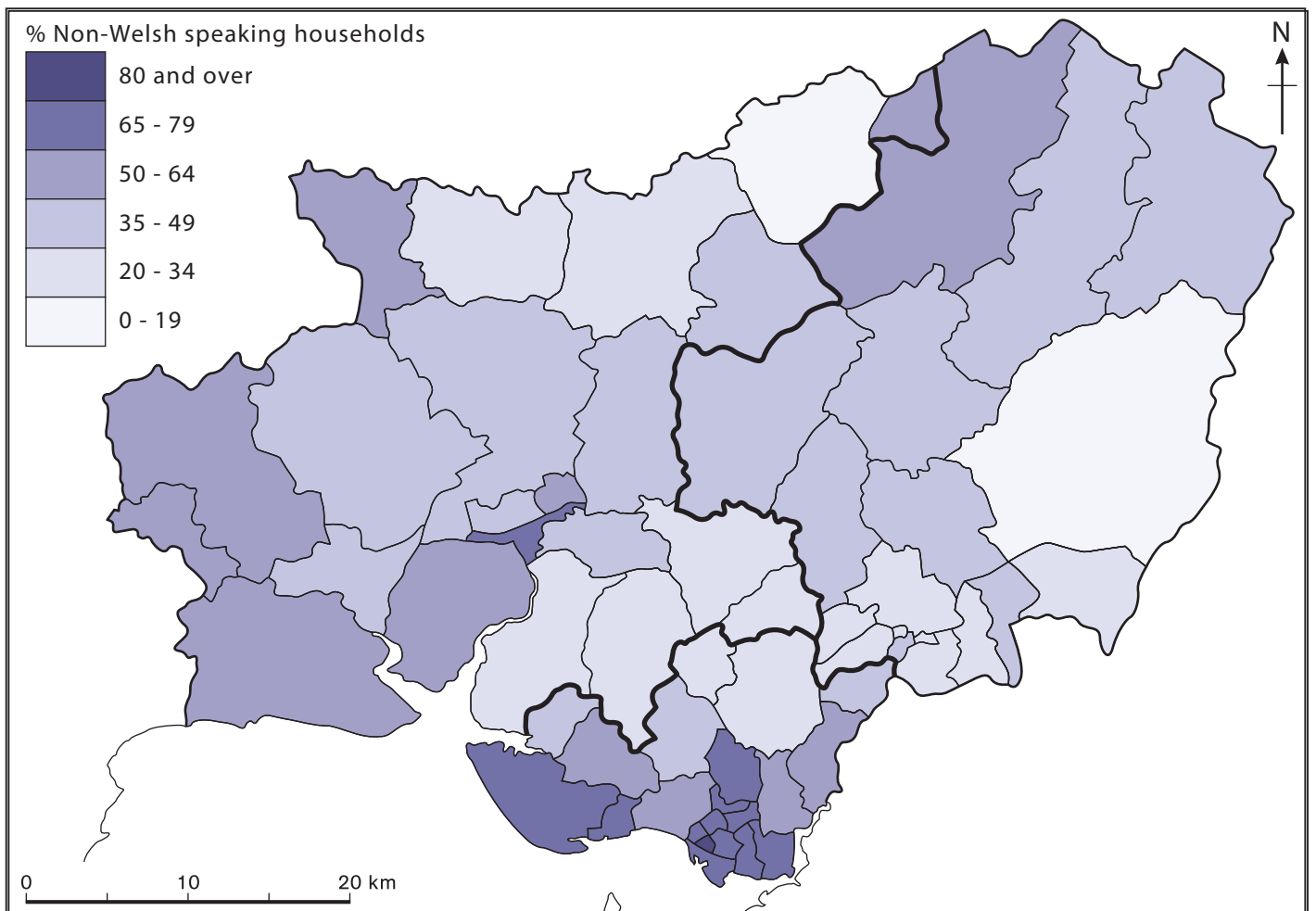
map 3.1

## % Mixed language households, 2011 (wards)



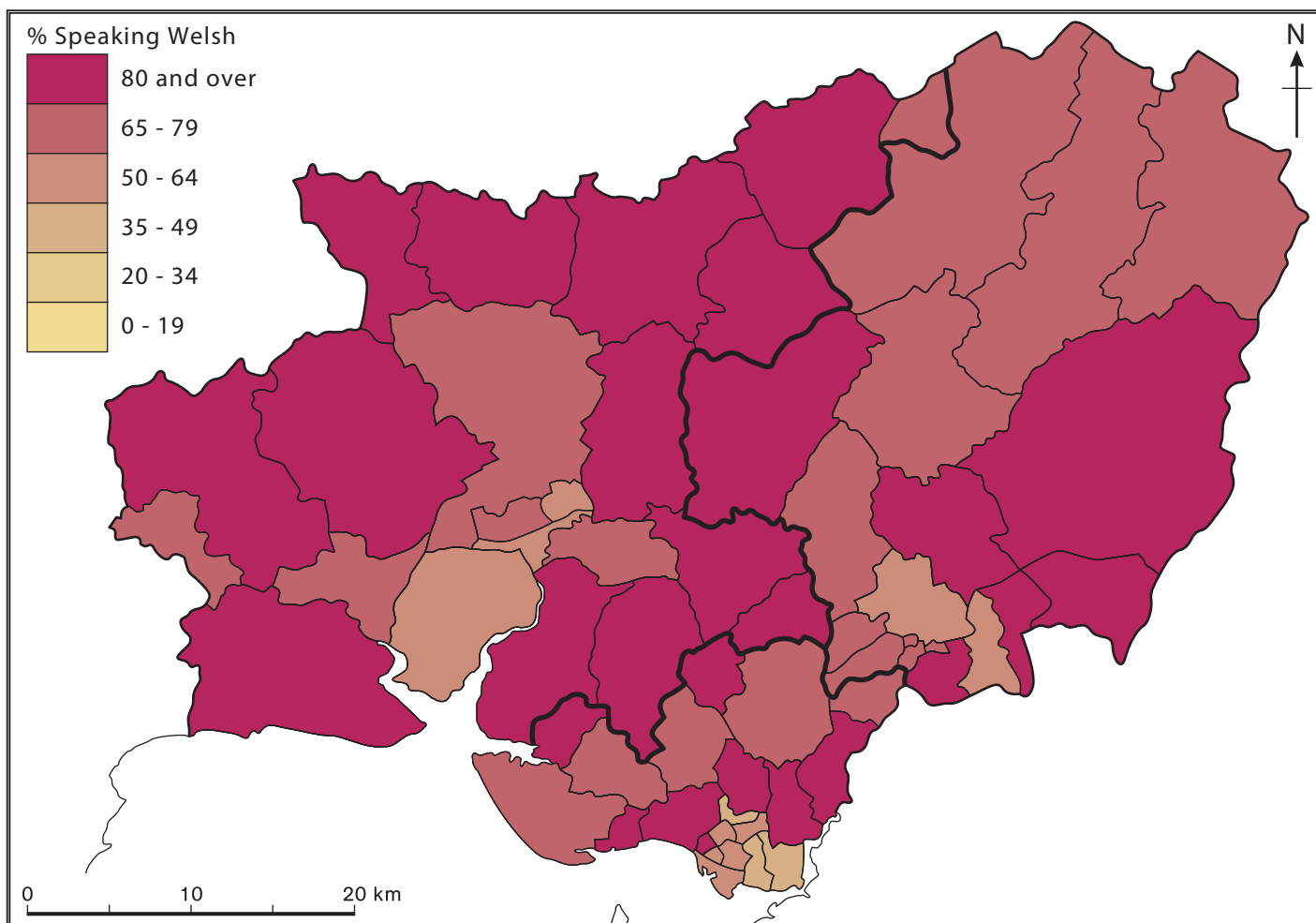
map 3.2

## % Non-Welsh speaking households, 2011 (wards)



map 3.3

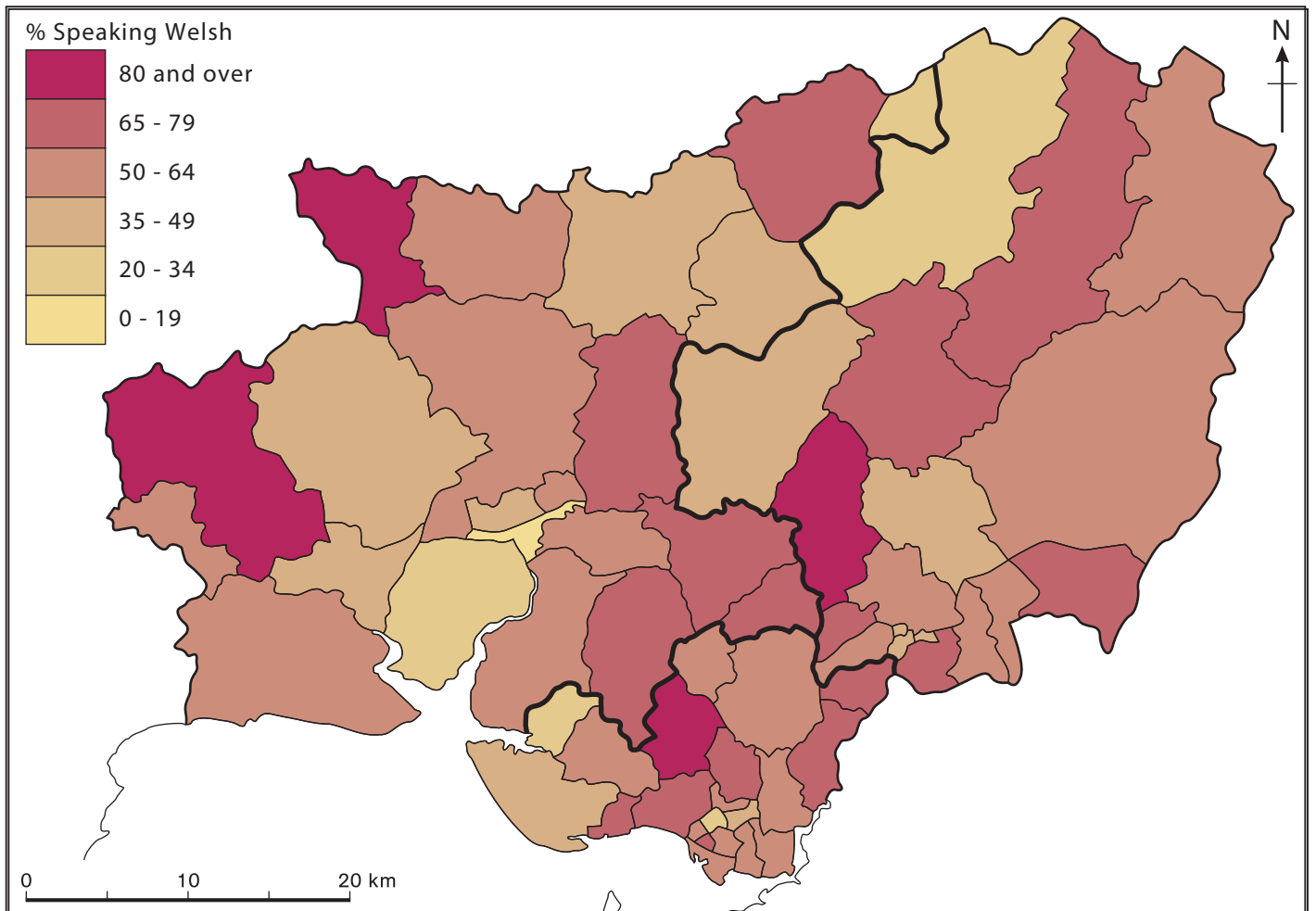
# % Language transmission in households with couples where two adults speak Welsh, 2011 (wards)



map 3.4

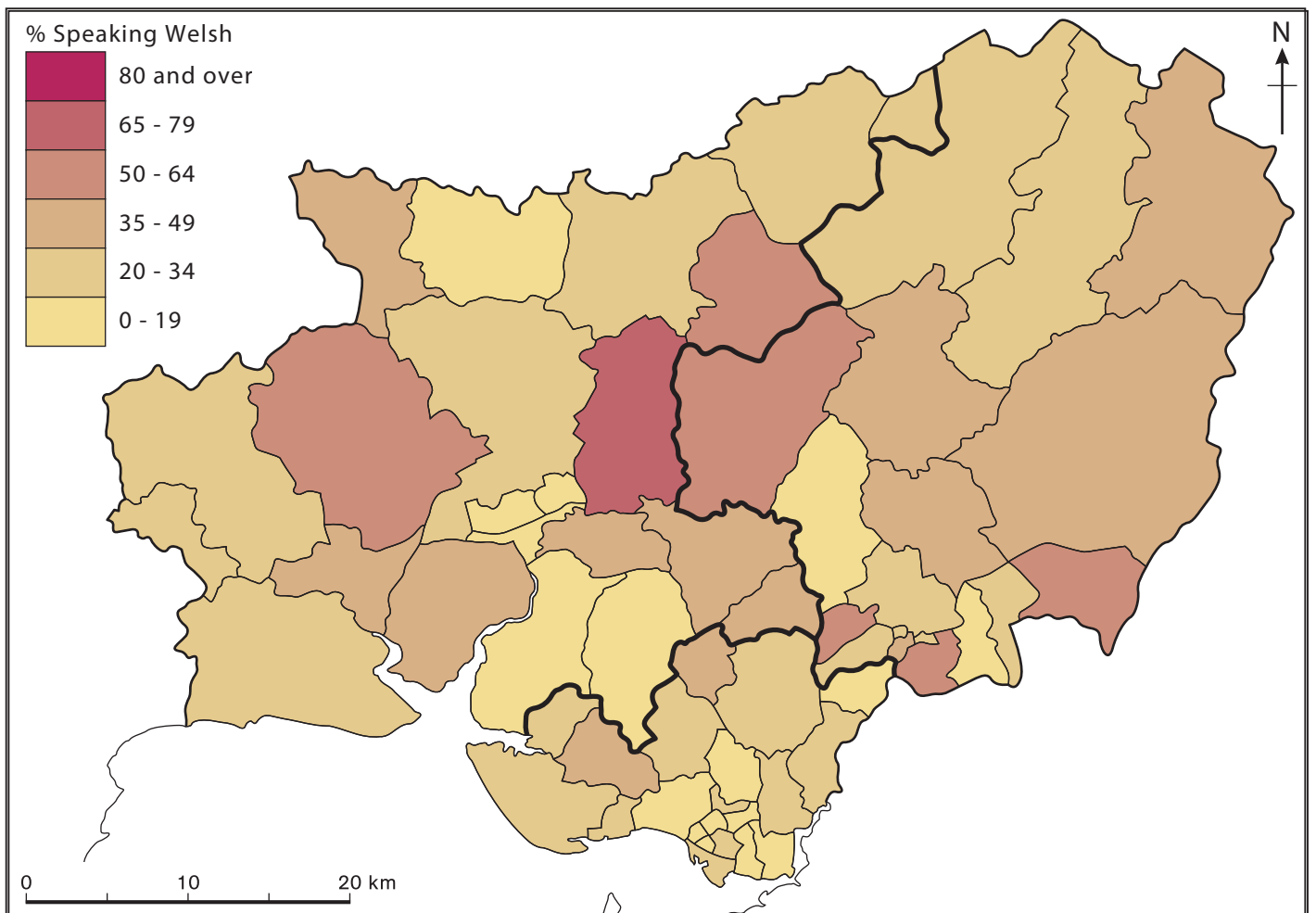


# % Language transmission in households with couples where one adult speaks Welsh, 2011 (wards)



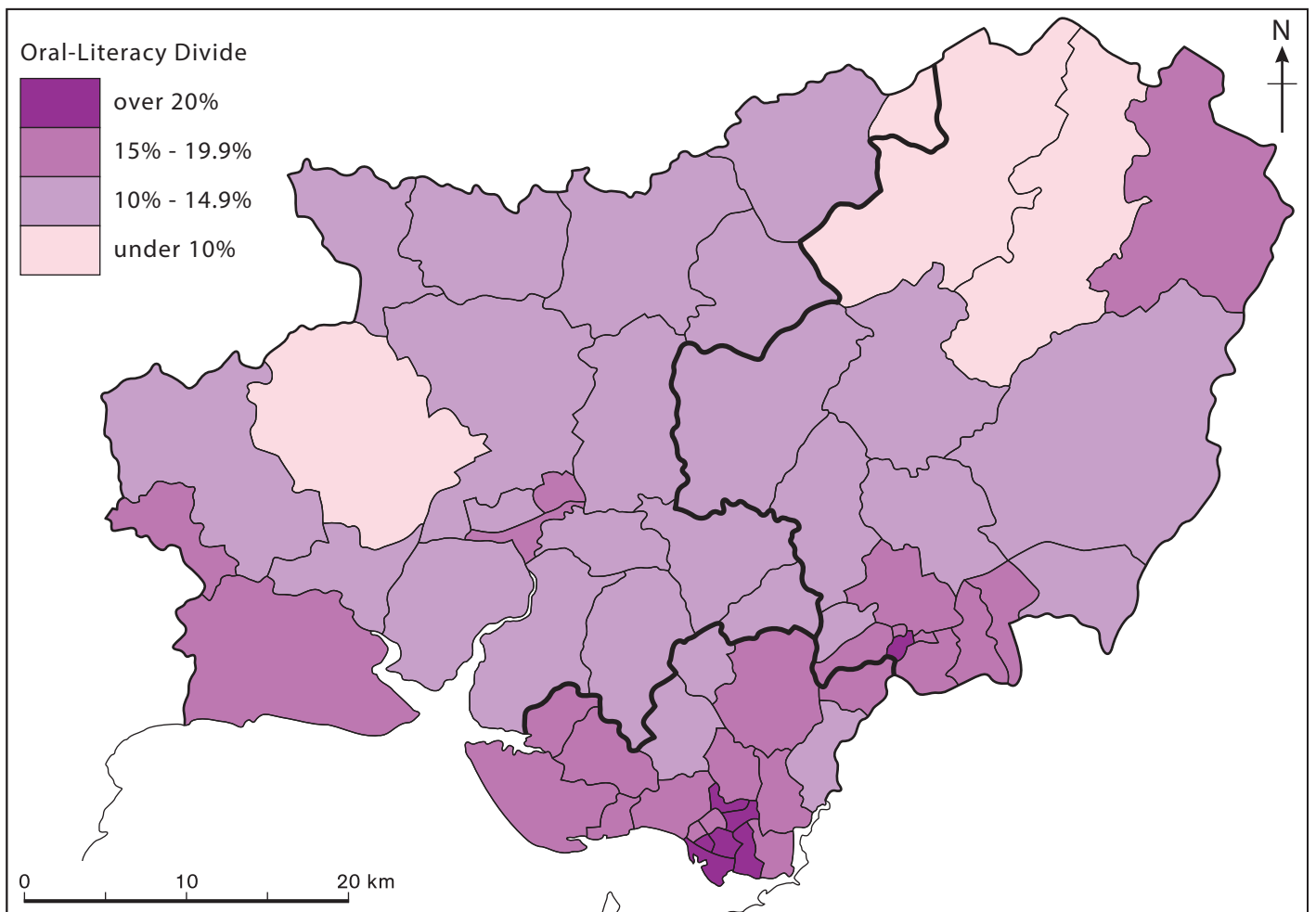
map 3.5

# % Language transmission in households where no adults speak Welsh, 2011 (wards)



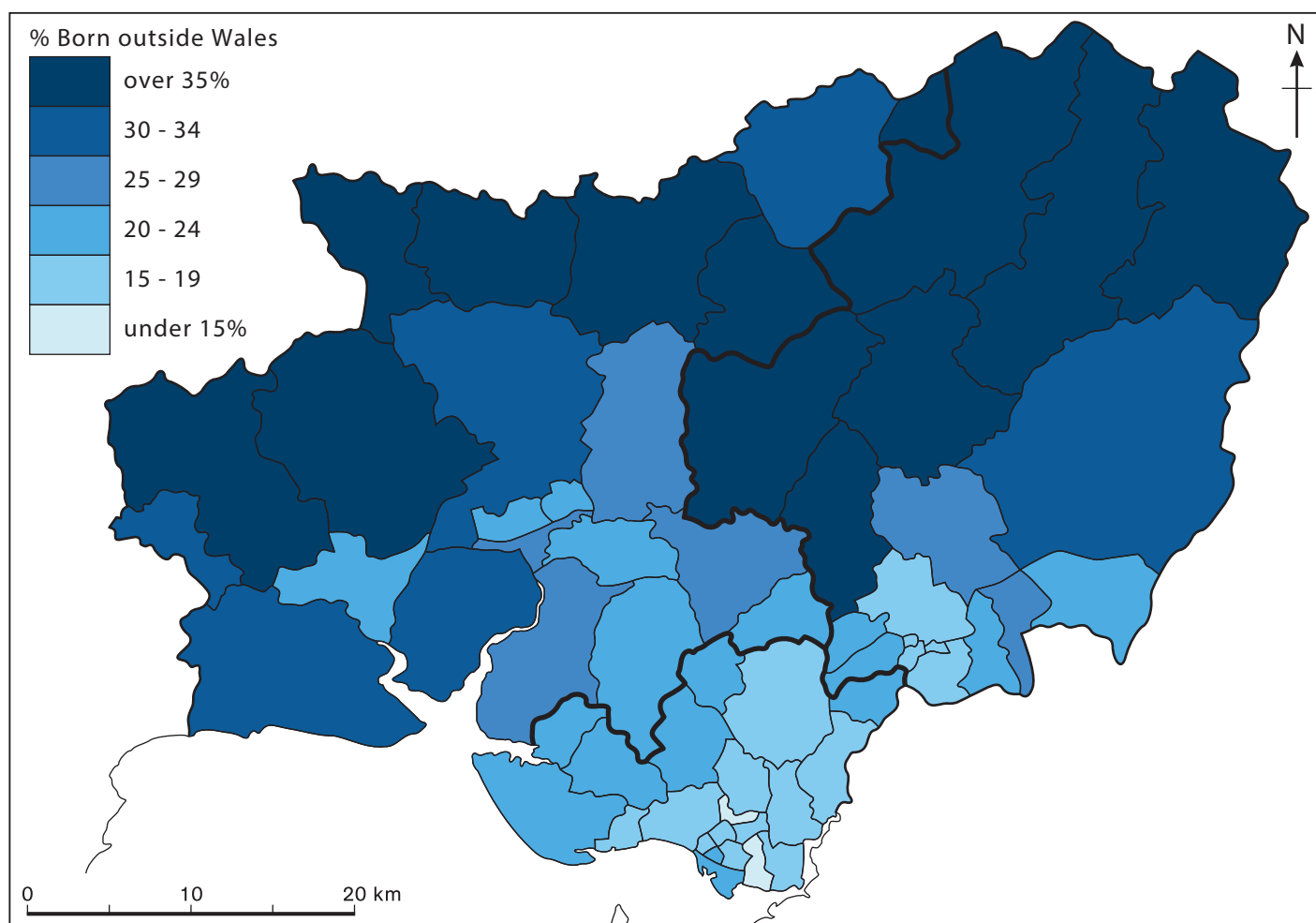
map 3.6

## % Oral-Literacy Divide, 2011 (wards)



map 4.1

## % Population born outside Wales, 2011 (wards)



map 5.1

# ***APPENDIX III:***

## **Tables**

# The Welsh Language in Carmarthenshire, 1891-2011

Year	Population over 3 years	Numbers of speakers								Welsh speakers	
		English only		Welsh only		English and Welsh		Other	no answer	total	percent
	total	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	number		
1891	112,777	11,751	10.4	63,345	56.2	36,937	32.8	69	583	<b>100,282</b>	<b>88.9</b>
1901	126,166	12,018	9.5	44,901	35.6	69,046	54.7	46	155	<b>113,947</b>	<b>90.3</b>
1911	149,691	19,991	13.4	30,705	20.5	96,531	64.5	77	2,387	<b>127,236</b>	<b>85.0</b>
1921	164,319	24,778	15.1	27,063	16.5	108,424	66.0		3,437	<b>135,487</b>	<b>82.5</b>
1931	171,445	30,307	17.7	15,728	9.2	125,410	73.1			<b>141,138</b>	<b>82.3</b>
1941											
1951	164,681	37,386	22.7	7,302	4.4	119,993	72.9			<b>127,295</b>	<b>77.3</b>
1961	161,099	40,160	24.9	3,976	2.5	116,963	72.6			<b>120,939</b>	<b>75.1</b>
1971	156,075	52,260	33.5	4,500	2.9	99,325	63.6			<b>103,825</b>	<b>66.5</b>
1981	156,484	63,779	40.8	3,211	2.1	89,494	57.2			<b>92,705</b>	<b>59.2</b>
1991	162,663	73,450	45.2	-	0.0	89,213	54.8			<b>89,213</b>	<b>54.8</b>
2001	167,373	83,571	49.9	-	0.0	83,802	50.1			<b>83,802</b>	<b>50.1</b>
2011	177,642	99,594	56.1	-	0.0	78,048	43.9			<b>78,048</b>	<b>43.9</b>

TABLE 1.1

# Change in Carmarthenshire's Welsh speakers, 1891-2011

Year	Total Population age 3 years and over			Welsh speakers				% Welsh speakers	% non-Welsh speakers
	number	# change	% change	number	# change	% difference	% change		
1891	112,777			100,282				88.9	10.4
1901	126,166	13,389	11.9	113,947	13,665	1.4	13.6	90.3	9.5
1911	149,691	23,525	18.6	127,236	13,289	-5.3	11.7	85.0	13.4
1921	164,319	14,628	9.8	135,487	8,251	-2.2	6.5	82.8	15.1
1931	171,445	7,126	4.3	141,138	5,651	-0.5	4.2	82.3	17.7
1941									
1951	164,681	-6,764	-3.9	127,295	-13,843	-5.0	-9.8	77.3	22.7
1961	161,099	-3,582	-2.2	120,939	-6,356	-2.2	-5.0	75.1	24.9
1971	156,075	-5,024	-3.1	103,825	-17,114	-8.6	-14.2	66.5	33.5
1981	156,484	409	0.3	92,705	-11,120	-7.3	-10.7	59.2	40.8
1991	162,663	6,179	3.9	89,213	-3,492	-4.4	-3.8	54.8	45.2
2001	167,373	4,710	2.9	83,802	-5,411	-4.7	-6.1	50.1	49.9
2011	177,642	10,269	5.8	78,048	-5,754	-6.2	-7.4	43.9	56.1

TABLE 1.2

# The Welsh language in Wales, 1891-2011

Year	Population over 3 years	Numbers of speakers								Welsh speakers	
		English only		Welsh only		English and Welsh		Other	no answer	total	percent
		number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	number		
1891	1,685,614	759,416	45.1	508,036	30.1	402,253	23.9	3,076	12,833	<b>910,289</b>	<b>54.0</b>
1901	1,864,696	928,222	49.8	280,905	15.1	648,919	34.8	3,893	2,757	<b>929,824</b>	<b>49.9</b>
1911	2,247,927	1,208,282	53.8	190,292	8.5	787,074	35.0	3,762	58,517	<b>977,366</b>	<b>43.5</b>
1921	2,486,740	1,477,741	59.4	156,957	6.3	772,188	31.1		79,816	<b>929,145</b>	<b>37.4</b>
1931	2,472,378	1,563,117	63.2	97,932	4.0	811,329	32.8			<b>909,261</b>	<b>36.8</b>
1941											
1951	2,472,429	1,757,743	71.1	41,155	1.7	673,531	27.2			<b>714,686</b>	<b>28.9</b>
1961	2,518,711	1,862,709	74.0	26,223	1.0	629,779	25.0			<b>656,002</b>	<b>26.0</b>
1971	2,606,960	2,060,535	79.0	32,720	1.3	509,705	19.6			<b>542,425</b>	<b>20.8</b>
1981	2,645,094	2,141,562	81.0	21,304	0.8	482,228	18.2			<b>503,532</b>	<b>19.0</b>
1991	2,723,623	2,215,525	81.3	-	0.0	508,098	18.7			<b>508,098</b>	<b>18.7</b>
2001	2,805,701	2,230,061	79.5	-	0.0	575,640	20.5			<b>575,640</b>	<b>20.5</b>
2011	2,955,841	2,393,825	81.0	-	0.0	562,016	19.0			<b>562,016</b>	<b>19.0</b>

TABLE 1.3



# 2011 Census: Wales

Authorities	Population 3 years and over number	Numbers of speakers			
		English only		Welsh and English	
		number	percent	number	percent
<i>Blaenau Gwent</i>	67,348	62,064	92.2	5,284	7.8
<i>Bridgend</i>	134,545	121,442	90.3	13,103	9.7
<i>Caerphilly</i>	171,972	152,721	88.8	19,251	11.2
<i>Cardiff</i>	332,273	295,538	88.9	36,735	11.1
<i>Carmarthenshire</i>	177,642	99,594	56.1	78,048	43.9
<i>Ceredigion</i>	73,847	38,883	52.7	34,964	47.3
<i>Conwy</i>	111,724	81,124	72.6	30,600	27.4
<i>Denbighshire</i>	90,527	68,291	75.4	22,236	24.6
<i>Flintshire</i>	146,940	127,597	86.8	19,343	13.2
<i>Gwynedd</i>	117,789	40,789	34.6	77,000	65.4
<i>Merthyr Tydfil</i>	56,623	51,595	91.1	5,028	8.9
<i>Monmouthshire</i>	88,609	79,829	90.1	8,780	9.9
<i>Neath Port Talbot</i>	135,278	114,580	84.7	20,698	15.3
<i>Newport</i>	139,849	126,847	90.7	13,002	9.3
<i>Pembrokeshire</i>	118,392	95,606	80.8	22,786	19.2
<i>Powys</i>	129,083	105,093	81.4	23,990	18.6
<i>Rhondda Cynon Taff</i>	225,555	197,776	87.7	27,779	12.3
<i>Swansea</i>	231,155	204,823	88.6	26,332	11.4
<i>Torfaen</i>	87,844	79,203	90.2	8,641	9.8
<i>Vale of Glamorgan</i>	122,018	108,829	89.2	13,189	10.8
<i>Wrexham</i>	129,425	112,766	87.1	16,659	12.9
<i>Ynys Môn</i>	67,403	28,835	42.8	38,568	57.2
<b>Wales</b>	<b>2,955,841</b>	<b>2,393,825</b>	<b>81.0</b>	<b>562,016</b>	<b>19.0</b>

# Carmarthenshire, 2011

Enumerated population (3 years and over) speaking Welsh and the numbers able to understand, read and write Welsh (based on DC2206WA)

Ward	Population 3+	Understand only		Speaking Welsh										Other combination of skills		No Welsh	
				Total		Speak only		and Read		and Write		other combination					
		Total	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	
Abergwili	2,257	216	9.6	1,257	55.7	133	5.9	98	4.3	1,015	45.0	11	0.5	58	2.6	726	32.2
Ammanford	2,585	433	16.8	1,290	49.9	261	10.1	169	6.5	851	32.9	9	0.3	64	2.5	798	30.9
Betws	2,077	263	12.7	1,109	53.4	181	8.7	110	5.3	805	38.8	13	0.6	70	3.4	635	30.6
Bigyn	6,497	879	13.5	1,496	23.0	304	4.7	168	2.6	1,017	15.7	7	0.1	254	3.9	3,868	59.5
Burry Port	4,113	575	14.0	1,324	32.2	228	5.5	168	4.1	921	22.4	7	0.2	164	4.0	2,050	49.8
Bynea	4,028	535	13.3	1,247	31.0	219	5.4	124	3.1	894	22.2	10	0.2	110	2.7	2,136	53.0
Carmarthen Town (North)	4,951	697	14.1	1,853	37.4	344	6.9	178	3.6	1,320	26.7	11	0.2	123	2.5	2,278	46.0
Carmarthen Town (South)	3,703	534	14.4	1,414	38.2	274	7.4	168	4.5	962	26.0	10	0.3	107	2.9	1,648	44.5
Carmarthen Town (West)	4,984	671	13.5	1,856	37.2	268	5.4	181	3.6	1,397	28.0	10	0.2	142	2.8	2,315	46.4
Cenarth	2,142	182	8.5	1,045	48.8	129	6.0	96	4.5	815	38.0	5	0.2	39	1.8	876	40.9
Cilycwm	1,481	128	8.6	681	46.0	55	3.7	72	4.9	553	37.3	1	0.1	34	2.3	638	43.1
Cynwyl Elfed	2,939	237	8.1	1,597	54.3	164	5.6	83	2.8	1,343	45.7	7	0.2	50	1.7	1,055	35.9
Cynwyl Gaeo	1,564	115	7.4	730	46.7	51	3.3	45	2.9	630	40.3	4	0.3	29	1.9	690	44.1
Dafen	3,458	492	14.2	931	26.9	226	6.5	115	3.3	584	16.9	6	0.2	128	3.7	1,907	55.1
Elli	3,107	461	14.8	890	28.6	173	5.6	109	3.5	607	19.5	1	0.0	100	3.2	1,656	53.3
Felinfoel	1,958	261	13.3	551	28.1	111	5.7	59	3.0	376	19.2	5	0.3	65	3.3	1,081	55.2
Garnant	2,061	221	10.7	1,206	58.5	194	9.4	121	5.9	890	43.2	1	0.0	34	1.6	600	29.1
Glanaman	2,277	242	10.6	1,361	59.8	253	11.1	123	5.4	980	43.0	5	0.2	26	1.1	648	28.5
Glan-y-môr	5,374	692	12.9	1,030	19.2	232	4.3	119	2.2	675	12.6	4	0.1	169	3.1	3,483	64.8
Glyn	2,083	197	9.5	1,227	58.9	156	7.5	99	4.8	966	46.4	6	0.3	35	1.7	624	30.0
Gorslas	3,938	304	7.7	2,523	64.1	309	7.8	237	6.0	1,969	50.0	8	0.2	60	1.5	1,051	26.7
Hendy	3,111	349	11.2	1,362	43.8	202	6.5	150	4.8	1,006	32.3	4	0.1	93	3.0	1,307	42.0
Hengoed	3,633	504	13.9	1,189	32.7	213	5.9	107	2.9	865	23.8	4	0.1	125	3.4	1,815	50.0
Kidwelly	3,402	491	14.4	1,510	44.4	283	8.3	190	5.6	1,033	30.4	4	0.1	87	2.6	1,314	38.6
Laugharne Township	2,760	340	12.3	619	22.4	120	4.3	51	1.8	441	16.0	7	0.3	77	2.8	1,724	62.5
Llanboidy	2,039	162	7.9	993	48.7	110	5.4	87	4.3	790	38.7	6	0.3	45	2.2	839	41.1
Llanddarog	1,904	178	9.3	1,101	57.8	122	6.4	97	5.1	881	46.3	1	0.1	29	1.5	596	31.3
Llandeilo	2,889	402	13.9	1,454	50.3	209	7.2	145	5.0	1,094	37.9	6	0.2	86	3.0	947	32.8
Llandovery	2,619	311	11.9	1,056	40.3	170	6.5	92	3.5	789	30.1	5	0.2	71	2.7	1,181	45.1
Llandybie	3,870	516	13.3	2,207	57.0	412	10.6	240	6.2	1,545	39.9	10	0.3	82	2.1	1,065	27.5
Llanegwad	2,379	181	7.6	1,273	53.5	134	5.6	94	4.0	1,044	43.9	1	0.0	54	2.3	871	36.6
Llanfihangel Aberbythych	1,809	143	7.9	933	51.6	111	6.1	83	4.6	732	40.5	7	0.4	45	2.5	688	38.0
Llanfihangel-ar-Arth	2,764	188	6.8	1,588	57.5	172	6.2	79	2.9	1,335	48.3	2	0.1	48	1.7	940	34.0
Llangadog	1,883	172	9.1	1,048	55.7	108	5.7	91	4.8	843	44.8	6	0.3	23	1.2	640	34.0
Llangeler	3,327	273	8.2	1,812	54.5	197	5.9	104	3.1	1,508	45.3	3	0.1	36	1.1	1,206	36.2
Llangennech	4,786	620	13.0	1,912	39.9	295	6.2	174	3.6	1,438	30.0	5	0.1	135	2.8	2,119	44.3

TABLE 1.5

Ward	Population 3+	Understand only		Speaking Welsh										Other combination of skills		No Welsh	
				Total		Speak only		and Read		and Write		other combination					
		Total	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	
Llangunnor	2,315	296	12.8	1,111	48.0	160	6.9	101	4.4	845	36.5	5	0.2	69	3.0	839	36.2
Llangyndeyrn	3,012	301	10.0	1,771	58.8	218	7.2	168	5.6	1,375	45.7	10	0.3	52	1.7	888	29.5
Llannon	5,083	437	8.6	3,262	64.2	505	9.9	328	6.5	2,418	47.6	11	0.2	67	1.3	1,317	25.9
Llansteffan	1,970	211	10.7	870	44.2	122	6.2	71	3.6	671	34.1	6	0.3	65	3.3	824	41.8
Llanybydder	2,678	193	7.2	1,570	58.6	190	7.1	121	4.5	1,248	46.6	11	0.4	39	1.5	876	32.7
Lliedi	5,237	686	13.1	1,474	28.1	275	5.3	168	3.2	1,025	19.6	6	0.1	201	3.8	2,876	54.9
Llwynhendy	4,281	595	13.9	1,117	26.1	248	5.8	121	2.8	740	17.3	8	0.2	138	3.2	2,431	56.8
Manordeilo and Salem	2,199	187	8.5	1,060	48.2	135	6.1	83	3.8	836	38.0	6	0.3	39	1.8	913	41.5
Pembrey	4,188	577	13.8	1,301	31.1	225	5.4	136	3.2	927	22.1	13	0.3	156	3.7	2,154	51.4
Penygroes	2,784	274	9.8	1,733	62.2	224	8.0	153	5.5	1,352	48.6	4	0.1	31	1.1	746	26.8
Pontaman	2,676	380	14.2	1,419	53.0	248	9.3	156	5.8	1,000	37.4	15	0.6	68	2.5	809	30.2
Pontyberem	2,681	191	7.1	1,806	67.4	217	8.1	152	5.7	1,433	53.5	4	0.1	32	1.2	652	24.3
Quarter Bach	2,827	221	7.8	1,942	68.7	277	9.8	157	5.6	1,496	52.9	12	0.4	34	1.2	630	22.3
Saron	3,976	434	10.9	2,164	54.4	365	9.2	214	5.4	1,578	39.7	7	0.2	71	1.8	1,307	32.9
St. Clears	2,910	347	11.9	1,463	50.3	172	5.9	155	5.3	1,131	38.9	5	0.2	70	2.4	1,030	35.4
St. Ishmael	2,619	310	11.8	1,275	48.7	164	6.3	144	5.5	964	36.8	3	0.1	59	2.3	975	37.2
Swiss Valley	2,482	362	14.6	822	33.1	152	6.1	85	3.4	582	23.4	3	0.1	91	3.7	1,207	48.6
Trelech	2,033	141	6.9	1,088	53.5	106	5.2	81	4.0	894	44.0	7	0.3	33	1.6	771	37.9
Trimsaran	2,452	329	13.4	1,236	50.4	218	8.9	115	4.7	900	36.7	3	0.1	60	2.4	827	33.7
Tycroes	2,366	362	15.3	1,114	47.1	222	9.4	126	5.3	762	32.2	4	0.2	59	2.5	831	35.1
Tyisha	3,920	481	12.3	842	21.5	212	5.4	87	2.2	532	13.6	11	0.3	132	3.4	2,465	62.9
Whitland	2,201	236	10.7	933	42.4	141	6.4	88	4.0	698	31.7	6	0.3	60	2.7	972	44.2
<b>Carmarthenshire</b>	<b>177,642</b>	<b>20,716</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>78,048</b>	<b>43.9</b>	<b>11,919</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>7,436</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>58,321</b>	<b>32.8</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>4,523</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>74,355</b>	<b>41.9</b>
<b>Wales</b>	<b>2,955,841</b>	<b>157,792</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>562,016</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>80,429</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>45,524</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>430,717</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>5,346</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>68,046</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>2,167,987</b>	<b>73.3</b>

TABLE 1.5

# Carmarthenshire, 1991-2011

Change in the communities

Community	1991		2001		2011		1991-2001			2001-2011			1991-2011		
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	Increase in numbers	Difference %	Change %	Increase in numbers	Difference %	Change %	Increase in numbers	Difference %	Change %
<i>Carmarthen</i>															
Abergwili	774	61.5	889	58.5	887	56.5	115	-3.0	14.9	-2	-2.0	-0.2	113	-5.0	14.6
Abernant	234	70.9	175	57.2	150	51.9	-59	-13.7	-25.2	-25	-5.3	-14.3	-84	-19.0	-35.9
Bronwydd	319	60.2	314	56.7	309	55.8	-5	-3.5	-1.6	-5	-0.9	-1.6	-10	-4.4	-3.1
Carmarthen	5,607	47.3	5,431	42.7	5,123	37.6	-176	-4.6	-3.1	-308	-5.1	-5.7	-484	-9.7	-8.6
Cenarth	556	56.5	511	51.3	434	43.2	-45	-5.2	-8.1	-77	-8.1	-15.1	-122	-13.3	-21.9
Cilymaenllwyd	366	59.8	410	57.8	396	55.0	44	-2.0	12.0	-14	-2.8	-3.4	30	-4.8	8.2
Cynwyl Elfed	589	59.3	517	55.2	528	52.6	-72	-4.0	-12.2	11	-2.6	2.1	-61	-6.7	-10.4
Eglwysgymun	101	20.9	134	29.9	111	26.8	33	9.0	32.7	-23	-3.1	-17.2	10	5.9	9.9
Gorslas	2,602	78.4	2,551	70.4	2,523	64.1	-51	-8.0	-2.0	-28	-6.3	-1.1	-79	-14.3	-3.0
Henllanfallteg	177	48.1	168	40.6	184	38.8	-9	-7.5	-5.1	16	-1.8	9.5	7	-9.3	4.0
Laugharne Township	215	17.5	273	21.3	237	20.1	58	3.8	27.0	-36	-1.2	-13.2	22	2.6	10.2
Llanarthne	477	66.0	437	60.6	413	55.4	-40	-5.4	-8.4	-24	-5.2	-5.5	-64	-10.6	-13.4
Llanboidy	507	53.3	481	50.3	450	43.3	-26	-3.0	-5.1	-31	-7.0	-6.4	-57	-10.0	-11.2
Llanddarog	788	72.2	685	64.8	688	59.4	-103	-7.4	-13.1	3	-5.4	0.4	-100	-12.8	-12.7
Llanddowror	227	27.2	221	27.8	210	25.4	-6	0.6	-2.6	-11	-2.4	-5.0	-17	-1.8	-7.5
Llandyfaelog	826	68.3	779	62.2	727	56.8	-47	-6.0	-5.7	-52	-5.4	-6.7	-99	-11.5	-12.0
Llanfihangel-ar-arth	1,403	68.6	1,321	66.9	1,221	57.0	-82	-1.8	-5.8	-100	-9.9	-7.6	-182	-11.6	-13.0
Llanfihangel Rhos-y-corn	215	54.3	240	49.3	185	40.4	25	-5.0	11.6	-55	-8.9	-22.9	-30	-13.9	-14.0
Llangain	207	49.5	261	47.1	248	44.1	54	-2.4	26.1	-13	-3.0	-5.0	41	-5.4	19.8
Llangeler	2,004	67.2	1,875	60.2	1,812	54.5	-129	-7.1	-6.4	-63	-5.7	-3.4	-192	-12.7	-9.6
Llangynnor	1,199	52.6	1,196	54.0	1,111	48.0	-3	1.3	-0.3	-85	-6.0	-7.1	-88	-4.6	-7.3
Llangyndeyrn	2,062	71.9	1,865	65.4	1,771	58.8	-197	-6.5	-9.6	-94	-6.6	-5.0	-291	-13.1	-14.1
Llangynin	175	62.3	159	60.5	147	52.5	-16	-1.8	-9.1	-12	-8.0	-7.5	-28	-9.8	-16.0
Llangynog	260	50.3	253	46.0	193	40.0	-7	-4.3	-2.7	-60	-6.0	-23.7	-67	-10.3	-25.8
Llanllawddog	363	56.4	378	56.6	370	53.9	15	0.2	4.1	-8	-2.7	-2.1	7	-2.5	1.9
Llanllwni	429	68.0	431	65.5	367	58.9	2	-2.5	0.5	-64	-6.6	-14.8	-62	-9.1	-14.5
Llanpumsaint	350	60.0	339	58.9	383	53.3	-11	-1.2	-3.1	44	-5.6	13.0	33	-6.7	9.4
Llansteffan	533	56.4	537	51.6	429	46.4	4	-4.8	0.8	-108	-5.2	-20.1	-104	-10.0	-19.5
Llanwinio	287	67.5	259	61.7	202	46.0	-28	-5.9	-9.8	-57	-15.7	-22.0	-85	-21.5	-29.6
Llanybydder	1,035	69.7	883	64.5	897	57.2	-152	-5.2	-14.7	14	-7.3	1.6	-138	-12.5	-13.3
Llanycrwys	145	63.6	131	59.5	107	46.7	-14	-4.1	-9.7	-24	-12.8	-18.3	-38	-16.9	-26.2
Meidrim	363	65.6	349	59.3	296	52.1	-14	-6.4	-3.9	-53	-7.2	-15.2	-67	-13.5	-18.5
Newcastle Emllyn	654	72.6	649	68.2	611	53.7	-5	-4.4	-0.8	-38	-14.5	-5.9	-43	-18.9	-6.6
Newchurch and Merthyr	392	65.2	379	62.2	377	57.0	-13	-3.0	-3.3	-2	-5.2	-0.5	-15	-8.2	-3.8
Pencarreg	685	68.8	700	64.5	673	60.6	15	-4.4	2.2	-27	-3.9	-3.9	-12	-8.2	-1.8
Pendine	39	12.5	52	15.6	61	18.2	13	3.1	33.3	9	2.6	17.3	22	5.7	56.4
St. Clears	1,414	61.0	1,537	56.3	1,463	50.3	123	-4.7	8.7	-74	-6.0	-4.8	49	-10.7	3.5
St. Ishmael	680	51.7	623	48.6	548	41.0	-57	-3.2	-8.4	-75	-7.6	-12.0	-132	-10.7	-19.4
Trelech	487	70.0	460	63.2	440	59.7	-27	-6.8	-5.5	-20	-3.5	-4.3	-47	-10.3	-9.7
Whitland	693	47.3	736	46.4	749	43.4	43	-0.8	6.2	13	-3.0	1.8	56	-3.9	8.1

TABLE 1.6

Community	1991		2001		2011		1991-2001			2001-2011			1991-2011		
	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	Increase in numbers	Difference %	Change %	Increase in numbers	Difference %	Change %	Increase in numbers	Difference %	Change %
	<i>Dinefwr</i>														
Ammanford	3,342	66.8	3,119	61.1	2,709	51.5	-223	-5.7	-6.7	-410	-9.6	-13.1	-633	-15.3	-18.9
Betws	1,116	66.9	1,118	62.8	1,109	53.4	2	-4.1	0.2	-9	-9.4	-0.8	-7	-13.5	-0.6
Cilycwm	239	54.6	229	50.6	223	47.2	-10	-4.0	-4.2	-6	-3.5	-2.6	-16	-7.5	-6.7
Cwmaman	3,167	77.3	2,807	68.3	2,567	59.2	-360	-9.0	-11.4	-240	-9.1	-8.6	-600	-18.1	-18.9
Cynwyl Gaeo	557	62.4	517	57.4	420	46.1	-40	-5.1	-7.2	-97	-11.3	-18.8	-137	-16.3	-24.6
Dyffryn Cennen (Ffairfach)	731	64.3	677	57.5	603	52.8	-54	-6.9	-7.4	-74	-4.7	-10.9	-128	-11.5	-17.5
Llanddeusant	135	59.7	124	54.4	113	52.1	-11	-5.3	-8.1	-11	-2.3	-8.9	-22	-7.6	-16.3
Llandeilo	927	57.3	892	53.5	851	48.7	-35	-3.8	-3.8	-41	-4.8	-4.6	-76	-8.6	-8.2
Llandovery	927	46.9	1,053	48.3	856	42.6	126	1.4	13.6	-197	-5.7	-18.7	-71	-4.3	-7.7
Llandybïe	6,195	71.2	6,070	65.2	6,104	57.4	-125	-6.0	-2.0	34	-7.8	0.6	-91	-13.8	-1.5
Llanegwad	796	64.3	887	65.6	847	59.3	91	1.3	11.4	-40	-6.3	-4.5	51	-5.0	6.4
Llanfair-ar-y-bryn	262	48.3	265	42.6	200	32.7	3	-5.6	1.1	-65	-9.9	-24.5	-62	-15.6	-23.7
Llanfihangel Aberbythych	669	62.0	669	55.6	676	51.5	0	-6.4	0.0	7	-4.1	1.0	7	-10.5	1.0
Llanfynydd	226	51.1	286	55.0	241	48.9	60	3.9	26.5	-45	-6.1	-15.7	15	-2.2	6.6
Llangadog	871	70.0	792	62.6	739	58.1	-79	-7.4	-9.1	-53	-4.5	-6.7	-132	-11.9	-15.2
Llangathen	256	58.6	273	59.7	257	51.7	17	1.2	6.6	-16	-8.0	-5.9	1	-6.9	0.4
Llansadwrn	241	56.6	192	42.5	201	39.9	-49	-14.1	-20.3	9	-2.6	4.7	-40	-16.7	-16.6
Llansawel	276	63.6	243	59.9	203	47.9	-33	-3.7	-12.0	-40	-12.0	-16.5	-73	-15.7	-26.4
Llanwrda	271	61.5	273	54.2	257	51.0	2	-7.3	0.7	-16	-3.2	-5.9	-14	-10.5	-5.2
Manordeilo	808	55.3	764	49.9	853	49.8	-44	-5.4	-5.4	89	-0.1	11.6	45	-5.5	5.6
Myddfai	236	58.4	223	54.9	196	49.8	-13	-3.5	-5.5	-27	-5.1	-12.1	-40	-8.6	-16.9
Quarter Bach	2,313	80.6	2,129	74.9	1,942	68.7	-184	-5.7	-8.0	-187	-6.2	-8.8	-371	-11.9	-16.0
Talley	241	49.4	251	47.9	207	42.6	10	-1.5	4.1	-44	-5.3	-17.5	-34	-6.8	-14.1
<i>Llanelli</i>															
Kidwelly	1,831	59.7	1,614	50.7	1,510	44.4	-217	-9.0	-11.9	-104	-6.3	-6.4	-321	-15.3	-17.5
Llanedi	3,006	62.8	2,736	54.6	2,476	45.2	-270	-8.2	-9.0	-260	-9.4	-9.5	-530	-17.6	-17.6
Llanelli	7,500	33.3	6,660	29.5	5,732	23.8	-840	-3.8	-11.2	-928	-5.7	-13.9	-1,768	-9.5	-23.6
Llanelli Rural	8,285	41.8	7,677	37.7	7,084	32.3	-608	-4.0	-7.3	-593	-5.4	-7.7	-1,201	-9.5	-14.5
Llangennech	2,048	53.3	2,022	46.5	1,912	40.0	-26	-6.9	-1.3	-110	-6.5	-5.4	-136	-13.3	-6.6
Llannon	3,856	78.6	3,440	71.1	3,262	64.2	-416	-7.6	-10.8	-178	-6.9	-5.2	-594	-14.4	-15.4
Pembrey and Burry Port	3,146	40.4	2,812	36.4	2,625	31.6	-334	-4.0	-10.6	-187	-4.8	-6.7	-521	-8.8	-16.6
Pontyberem	2,162	80.5	1,992	73.3	1,806	67.4	-170	-7.2	-7.9	-186	-5.9	-9.3	-356	-13.1	-16.5
Trimsaran	1,667	64.2	1,403	57.0	1,236	50.4	-264	-7.2	-15.8	-167	-6.6	-11.9	-431	-13.8	-25.9
<b>Carmarthenshire</b>	<b>89,213</b>	<b>54.8</b>	<b>83,802</b>	<b>50.1</b>	<b>78,048</b>	<b>43.9</b>	<b>-5,411</b>	<b>-4.7</b>	<b>-6.1</b>	<b>-5,754</b>	<b>-6.2</b>	<b>-6.9</b>	<b>-11,165</b>	<b>-10.9</b>	<b>-12.5</b>

TABLE 1.6

# Carmarthenshire 1921-2011

Language Ability according to Age

Age	1921			1931			1951			1961		
	pop. 3+	# Welsh	% Welsh	pop. 3+	# Welsh	% Welsh	pop. 3+	# Welsh	% Welsh	pop. 3+	# Welsh	% Welsh
3+	164,319	135,487	82.5	171,445	141,138	82.3	164,681	127,295	77.3	161,099	120,939	75.1
3-4	6,520	4,879	74.8	5,645	3,680	65.2	5,387	2,930	54.4	4,556	2,364	51.9
5-9	17,910	14,467	80.8	16,219	12,160	75.0	11,816	8,119	68.7	11,172	6,977	62.5
10-14	17,576	14,622	83.2	16,522	13,305	80.5	10,982	7,892	71.9	12,533	8,619	68.8
15-24	31,253	25,874	82.8	31,887	26,745	83.9	21,094	15,745	74.6	20,272	14,541	71.7
25-44	50,084	40,841	81.5	52,705	43,894	83.3	52,122	40,553	77.8	44,329	32,401	73.1
45-64	31,075	26,202	84.3	36,457	30,772	84.4	44,599	36,500	81.8	47,093	38,548	81.9
65+	9,901	8,602	86.9	12,010	10,582	88.1	18,681	15,556	83.3	21,144	17,489	82.7

Age	1971			1981			1991			2001		
	pop. 3+	# Welsh	% Welsh	pop. 3+	# Welsh	% Welsh	pop. 3+	# Welsh	% Welsh	pop. 3+	# Welsh	% Welsh
3+	156,075	103,825	66.5	156,484	92,705	59.2	162,706	89,204	54.8	167,373	83,802	50.1
3-4	4,350	1,900	43.7	3,493	1,399	40.1	4,044	1,819	45.0	3,957	1,651	41.7
5-9	11,670	6,075	52.1	10,005	4,986	49.8	12,326	6,919	56.1	10,643	6,444	60.5
10-14	11,335	6,540	57.7	11,783	6,039	51.3	10,103	5,645	55.9	11,260	6,889	61.2
15-24	20,975	12,285	58.6	22,236	11,145	50.1	18,863	9,082	48.1	19,145	9,427	49.2
25-44	36,680	23,640	64.4	39,413	21,094	53.5	43,540	20,667	47.5	54,294	23,042	42.4
45-64	46,230	34,130	73.8	41,187	26,870	65.2	40,443	22,714	56.2	34,369	16,457	47.9
65+	24,840	19,255	77.5	28,367	21,172	74.6	33,387	22,358	67.0	33,705	19,892	59.0

Age	2011		
	pop. 3+	# Welsh	% Welsh
3+	177,642	78,048	43.9
3-4	4,175	1,901	45.5
5-9	9,697	5,814	60.0
10-14	10,642	6,392	60.1
15-24	21,943	10,447	47.6
25-44	41,323	15,190	36.8
45-64	51,686	19,674	38.1
65+	38,176	18,630	48.8

TABLE 2.1

# Language Ability of Children aged 3-15 years, Carmarthenshire 2011

Ward	Pop. 3-15 years	Understand only		Speaking Welsh										Other combination of skills		No Welsh	
				Total		Speak only		and Read		and Write		other combination					
		Total	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	
Abergwili	350	21	6.0	279	79.7	45	12.9	12	3.4	218	62.3	4	1.1	15	4.3	35	10.0
Ammanford	451	67	14.9	244	54.1	51	11.3	20	4.4	167	37.0	6	1.3	12	2.7	128	28.4
Betws	337	24	7.1	228	67.7	54	16.0	19	5.6	153	45.4	2	0.6	11	3.3	74	22.0
Bigyn	1,059	99	9.3	338	31.9	62	5.9	21	2.0	252	23.8	3	0.3	57	5.4	565	53.4
Burry Port	560	39	7.0	272	48.6	37	6.6	19	3.4	215	38.4	1	0.2	22	3.9	227	40.5
Bynea	678	43	6.3	288	42.5	39	5.8	20	2.9	224	33.0	5	0.7	23	3.4	324	47.8
Carmarthen Town (North)	791	96	12.1	319	40.3	79	10.0	17	2.1	216	27.3	7	0.9	22	2.8	354	44.8
Carmarthen Town (South)	390	53	13.6	167	42.8	30	7.7	19	4.9	118	30.3	0	0.0	13	3.3	157	40.3
Carmarthen Town (West)	811	124	15.3	294	36.3	47	5.8	30	3.7	214	26.4	3	0.4	21	2.6	372	45.9
Cenarth	300	19	6.3	218	72.7	31	10.3	19	6.3	168	56.0	0	0.0	9	3.0	54	18.0
Cilycwm	218	11	5.0	149	68.3	15	6.9	12	5.5	121	55.5	1	0.5	6	2.8	52	23.9
Cynwyl Elfed	396	28	7.1	302	76.3	46	11.6	6	1.5	250	63.1	0	0.0	3	0.8	63	15.9
Cynwyl Gaeo	175	10	5.7	127	72.6	10	5.7	4	2.3	111	63.4	2	1.1	4	2.3	34	19.4
Dafen	600	52	8.7	182	30.3	39	6.5	8	1.3	133	22.2	2	0.3	23	3.8	343	57.2
Elli	436	38	8.7	166	38.1	27	6.2	8	1.8	130	29.8	1	0.2	14	3.2	218	50.0
Felinfoel	369	33	8.9	156	42.3	35	9.5	16	4.3	102	27.6	3	0.8	14	3.8	166	45.0
Garnant	340	37	10.9	261	76.8	36	10.6	15	4.4	210	61.8	0	0.0	8	2.4	34	10.0
Glanaman	351	38	10.8	268	76.4	46	13.1	20	5.7	200	57.0	2	0.6	2	0.6	43	12.3
Glan-y-môr	860	90	10.5	272	31.6	73	8.5	23	2.7	173	20.1	3	0.3	33	3.8	465	54.1
Glyn	291	18	6.2	231	79.4	31	10.7	14	4.8	185	63.6	1	0.3	3	1.0	39	13.4
Gorslas	535	35	6.5	436	81.5	63	11.8	20	3.7	351	65.6	2	0.4	10	1.9	54	10.1
Hendy	458	39	8.5	258	56.3	48	10.5	20	4.4	190	41.5	0	0.0	7	1.5	154	33.6
Hengoed	552	47	8.5	258	46.7	38	6.9	10	1.8	210	38.0	0	0.0	22	4.0	225	40.8
Kidwelly	554	57	10.3	276	49.8	52	9.4	18	3.2	206	37.2	0	0.0	17	3.1	204	36.8
Laugharne Township	381	43	11.3	172	45.1	35	9.2	10	2.6	124	32.5	3	0.8	11	2.9	155	40.7
Llanboidy	288	23	8.0	202	70.1	25	8.7	18	6.3	157	54.5	2	0.7	10	3.5	53	18.4
Llanddarog	239	15	6.3	195	81.6	22	9.2	12	5.0	161	67.4	0	0.0	5	2.1	24	10.0
Llandeilo	428	40	9.3	282	65.9	44	10.3	11	2.6	224	52.3	3	0.7	13	3.0	93	21.7
Llandovery	356	39	11.0	224	62.9	38	10.7	14	3.9	171	48.0	1	0.3	6	1.7	87	24.4
Llandybie	626	66	10.5	430	68.7	80	12.8	29	4.6	319	51.0	2	0.3	12	1.9	118	18.8
Llanegwad	361	20	5.5	292	80.9	29	8.0	18	5.0	244	67.6	1	0.3	2	0.6	47	13.0
Llanfihangel Aberbythych	281	19	6.8	205	73.0	25	8.9	14	5.0	163	58.0	3	1.1	9	3.2	48	17.1
Llanfihangel-ar-Arth	421	19	4.5	322	76.5	44	10.5	9	2.1	268	63.7	1	0.2	6	1.4	74	17.6
Llangadog	274	18	6.6	229	83.6	23	8.4	18	6.6	186	67.9	2	0.7	1	0.4	26	9.5
Llangeler	507	40	7.9	410	80.9	58	11.4	24	4.7	328	64.7	0	0.0	3	0.6	54	10.7
Llangennech	758	78	10.3	402	53.0	69	9.1	26	3.4	307	40.5	0	0.0	17	2.2	261	34.4
Llangunnor	299	22	7.4	193	64.5	20	6.7	15	5.0	157	52.5	1	0.3	10	3.3	74	24.7
Llangyndeyrn	431	46	10.7	326	75.6	32	7.4	21	4.9	273	63.3	0	0.0	8	1.9	51	11.8
Llannon	768	54	7.0	604	78.6	99	12.9	33	4.3	470	61.2	2	0.3	4	0.5	106	13.8

TABLE 2.2

Ward	Pop. 3-15 years	Understand only		Speaking Welsh										Other combination of skills		No Welsh	
				Total		Speak only		and Read		and Write		other combination					
		Total	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	number	percent	
Llansteffan	247	24	9.7	172	69.6	22	8.9	6	2.4	143	57.9	1	0.4	6	2.4	45	18.2
Llanybydder	417	25	6.0	330	79.1	48	11.5	19	4.6	257	61.6	6	1.4	8	1.9	54	12.9
Lliedi	883	51	5.8	313	35.4	45	5.1	20	2.3	245	27.7	3	0.3	42	4.8	477	54.0
Llwynhendy	807	62	7.7	299	37.1	52	6.4	16	2.0	230	28.5	1	0.1	39	4.8	407	50.4
Manordeilo and Salem	319	17	5.3	244	76.5	36	11.3	6	1.9	202	63.3	0	0.0	6	1.9	52	16.3
Pembrey	701	54	7.7	305	43.5	42	6.0	12	1.7	245	35.0	6	0.9	41	5.8	301	42.9
Penygroes	446	32	7.2	373	83.6	62	13.9	30	6.7	277	62.1	4	0.9	3	0.7	38	8.5
Pontaman	407	59	14.5	238	58.5	38	9.3	17	4.2	179	44.0	4	1.0	11	2.7	99	24.3
Pontyberem	389	25	6.4	321	82.5	42	10.8	24	6.2	254	65.3	1	0.3	5	1.3	38	9.8
Quarter Bach	452	24	5.3	385	85.2	61	13.5	16	3.5	302	66.8	6	1.3	4	0.9	39	8.6
Saron	400	32	8.0	274	68.5	37	9.3	19	4.8	215	53.8	3	0.8	5	1.3	89	22.3
St. Clears	317	34	10.7	225	71.0	29	9.1	21	6.6	175	55.2	0	0.0	4	1.3	54	17.0
St. Ishmael	580	43	7.4	429	74.0	63	10.9	28	4.8	335	57.8	3	0.5	9	1.6	99	17.1
Swiss Valley	304	20	6.6	130	42.8	27	8.9	9	3.0	94	30.9	0	0.0	18	5.9	136	44.7
Trelech	273	7	2.6	219	80.2	25	9.2	18	6.6	173	63.4	3	1.1	3	1.1	44	16.1
Trimsaran	361	43	11.9	228	63.2	21	5.8	22	6.1	184	51.0	1	0.3	10	2.8	80	22.2
Tycoes	359	67	18.7	178	49.6	46	12.8	13	3.6	118	32.9	1	0.3	12	3.3	102	28.4
Tyisha	599	70	11.7	179	29.9	51	8.5	12	2.0	111	18.5	5	0.8	31	5.2	319	53.3
Whitland	338	31	9.2	195	57.7	27	8.0	10	3.0	156	46.2	2	0.6	10	3.0	102	30.2
<b>Carmarthenshire</b>	<b>26,879</b>	<b>2,380</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>15,514</b>	<b>57.7</b>	<b>2,451</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>980</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>11,964</b>	<b>44.5</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>8,230</b>	<b>30.6</b>
<b>Wales</b>	<b>448,681</b>	<b>25,662</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>168,750</b>	<b>37.6</b>	<b>29,989</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>10,184</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>125,375</b>	<b>27.9</b>	<b>3,202</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>13,806</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>240,463</b>	<b>53.6</b>

TABLE 2.2



# Carmarthenshire 2011

Language of household in each ward (summary)  
Based on households with children 3-4 years of age

Ward	Households		
	Welsh speaking	Mixed language	non-Welsh speaking
Abergwili	35.7	28.6	35.7
Ammanford	24.3	31.4	44.3
Betws	39.1	27.5	33.3
Bigyn	8.6	14.3	77.1
Burry Port	8.7	26.1	65.2
Bynea	9.9	21.6	68.5
Carmarthen Town (North)	16.7	31.9	51.4
Carmarthen Town (South)	19.2	11.5	69.2
Carmarthen Town (West)	27.7	24.8	47.4
Cenarth	26.8	17.1	56.1
Cilycwm	27.3	27.3	45.5
Cynwyl Elfed	41.1	23.2	35.7
Cynwyl Gaeo	36.0	12.0	52.0
Dafen	10.7	20.4	68.9
Elli	12.7	22.2	65.1
Felinfoel	8.7	23.2	68.1
Garnant	33.3	26.3	40.4
Glanaman	43.3	36.7	20.0
Glan-y-môr	7.2	15.0	77.8
Glyn	32.5	22.5	45.0
Gorslas	35.6	42.5	21.8
Hendy	14.7	29.4	55.9
Hengoed	6.3	32.8	60.9
Kidwelly	31.8	18.8	49.4
Laugharne Township	21.2	23.1	55.8
Llanboidy	35.0	12.5	52.5
Llanddarog	36.8	34.2	28.9
Llandeilo	38.1	17.5	44.4
Llandovery	29.8	23.4	46.8
Llandybie	36.6	29.3	34.1
Llanegwad	32.6	30.4	37.0
Llanfihangel Aberbythych	42.5	17.5	40.0
Llanfihangel-ar-Arth	50.0	26.8	23.2
Llangadog	57.1	28.6	14.3
Llangeler	43.2	28.4	28.4
Llangennech	15.4	33.1	51.5
Llangunnor	28.9	26.3	44.7
Llangyndeyrn	51.6	14.5	33.9
Llannon	39.8	32.0	28.1
Llansteffan	26.7	16.7	56.7
Llanybydder	63.9	16.4	19.7

TABLE 3.1

Ward	Households		
	Welsh speaking	Mixed language	non-Welsh speaking
Lliedi	8.7	14.7	76.7
Llwynhendy	6.5	16.5	77.0
Manordeilo and Salem	28.6	34.3	37.1
Pembrey	12.9	12.9	74.2
Penygroes	42.5	26.3	31.3
Pontaman	33.9	32.2	33.9
Pontyberem	54.0	22.2	23.8
Quarter Bach	42.5	24.7	32.9
St.Cleas	25.4	32.2	42.4
St.Ishmael	34.0	36.2	29.8
Saron	33.7	31.3	34.9
Swiss Valley	10.0	17.5	72.5
Trelech	37.1	20.0	42.9
Trimsaran	23.3	21.7	55.0
Tycroes	32.8	26.2	41.0
Tyisha	9.2	3.7	87.2
Whitland	11.4	25.7	62.9
<b>Carmarthenshire</b>	<b>25.4</b>	<b>23.6</b>	<b>51.0</b>
<b>Wales</b>	<b>10.3</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>77.7</b>

**TABLE 3.1**

# Carmarthenshire 2011

Language transmission in the home (households with children aged 3-4 years)  
Family type by parents' ability to speak Welsh (based on DC2115WA)

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Abergwili	All households	42		32	76.2	10	23.8
	Couple households	37	88.1	31	83.8	6	16.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	15	35.7	14	93.3	1	6.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	28.6	8	66.7	4	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	10	23.8	9	90.0	1	10.0
	Married couples' households	29	69.0	26	89.7	3	10.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	14	33.3	14	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	21.4	6	66.7	3	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	6	14.3	6	100.0	0	0.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	8	19.0	5	62.5	3	37.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	2.4	0	0.0	1	100.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	7.1	2	66.7	1	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	4	9.5	3	75.0	1	25.0
	Lone parent households	5	11.9	1	20.0	4	80.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	5	11.9	1	20.0	4	80.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	15	35.7	14	93.3	1	6.7
(Mixed language households)	12	28.6	8	66.7	4	33.3	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	15	35.7	10	66.7	5	33.3	
Ammanford	All households	70		34	48.6	36	51.4
	Couple households	50	71.4	27	54.0	23	46.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	10	14.3	9	90.0	1	10.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	22	31.4	9	40.9	13	59.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	18	25.7	9	50.0	9	50.0
	Married couples' households	31	44.3	19	61.3	12	38.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	6	8.6	6	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	17.1	6	50.0	6	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	13	18.6	7	53.8	6	46.2
	Cohabiting couples' households	19	27.1	8	42.1	11	57.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	5.7	3	75.0	1	25.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	10	14.3	3	30.0	7	70.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	7.1	2	40.0	3	60.0
	Lone parent households	20	28.6	7	35.0	13	65.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	7	10.0	3	42.9	4	57.1
	Parent not speaking Welsh	13	18.6	4	30.8	9	69.2
	(Welsh speaking households)	17	24.3	12	70.6	5	29.4
(Mixed language households)	22	31.4	9	40.9	13	59.1	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	31	44.3	13	41.9	18	58.1	
Betws	All households	69		52	75.4	17	24.6
	Couple households	47	68.1	37	78.7	10	21.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	19	27.5	17	89.5	2	10.5
	One adult speaking Welsh	19	27.5	15	78.9	4	21.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	13.0	5	55.6	4	44.4
	Married couples' households	37	53.6	30	81.1	7	18.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	18	26.1	16	88.9	2	11.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	14	20.3	11	78.6	3	21.4
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	7.2	3	60.0	2	40.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	10	14.5	7	70.0	3	30.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	1.4	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	7.2	4	80.0	1	20.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	4	5.8	2	50.0	2	50.0
	Lone parent households	22	31.9	15	68.2	7	31.8
	Parent speaking Welsh	8	11.6	7	87.5	1	12.5
	Parent not speaking Welsh	14	20.3	8	57.1	6	42.9
	(Welsh speaking households)	27	39.1	24	88.9	3	11.1
(Mixed language households)	19	27.5	15	78.9	4	21.1	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	23	33.3	13	56.5	10	43.5	
Bigyn	All households	175		53	30.3	122	69.7
	Couple households	119	68.0	41	34.5	78	65.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	7	4.0	5	71.4	2	28.6
	One adult speaking Welsh	25	14.3	15	60.0	10	40.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	87	49.7	21	24.1	66	75.9
	Married couples' households	88	50.3	30	34.1	58	65.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	7	4.0	5	71.4	2	28.6
	One adult speaking Welsh	20	11.4	12	60.0	8	40.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	61	34.9	13	21.3	48	78.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	31	17.7	11	35.5	20	64.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	2.9	3	60.0	2	40.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	26	14.9	8	30.8	18	69.2
	Lone parent households	56	32.0	12	21.4	44	78.6
	Parent speaking Welsh	8	4.6	3	37.5	5	62.5
	Parent not speaking Welsh	48	27.4	9	18.8	39	81.3
	(Welsh speaking households)	15	8.6	8	53.3	7	46.7
(Mixed language households)	25	14.3	15	60.0	10	40.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	135	77.1	30	22.2	105	77.8	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Burry Port	All households	69		32	46.4	37	53.6
	Couple households	50	72.5	25	50.0	25	50.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	4.3	3	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	18	26.1	13	72.2	5	27.8
	No adults speaking Welsh	29	42.0	9	31.0	20	69.0
	Married couples' households	36	52.2	19	52.8	17	47.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	4.3	3	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	17.4	9	75.0	3	25.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	21	30.4	7	33.3	14	66.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	14	20.3	6	42.9	8	57.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	6	8.7	4	66.7	2	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	8	11.6	2	25.0	6	75.0
	Lone parent households	19	27.5	7	36.8	12	63.2
	Parent speaking Welsh	3	4.3	2	66.7	1	33.3
	Parent not speaking Welsh	16	23.2	5	31.3	11	68.8
	(Welsh speaking households)	6	8.7	5	83.3	1	16.7
(Mixed language households)	18	26.1	13	72.2	5	27.8	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	45	65.2	14	31.1	31	68.9	
Bynea	All households	111		25	22.5	86	77.5
	Couple households	86	77.5	21	24.4	65	75.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	3.6	2	50.0	2	50.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	24	21.6	12	50.0	12	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	58	52.3	7	12.1	51	87.9
	Married couples' households	53	47.7	15	28.3	38	71.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	2.7	2	66.7	1	33.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	16	14.4	8	50.0	8	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	34	30.6	5	14.7	29	85.3
	Cohabiting couples' households	33	29.7	6	18.2	27	81.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	0.9	0	0.0	1	100.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	8	7.2	4	50.0	4	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	24	21.6	2	8.3	22	91.7
	Lone parent households	25	22.5	4	16.0	21	84.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	7	6.3	2	28.6	5	71.4
	Parent not speaking Welsh	18	16.2	2	11.1	16	88.9
	(Welsh speaking households)	11	9.9	4	36.4	7	63.6
(Mixed language households)	24	21.6	12	50.0	12	50.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	76	68.5	9	11.8	67	88.2	
Carmarthen Town (North)	All households	138		49	35.5	89	64.5
	Couple households	94	68.1	39	41.5	55	58.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	9	6.5	9	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	44	31.9	24	54.5	20	45.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	41	29.7	6	14.6	35	85.4
	Married couples' households	61	44.2	23	37.7	38	62.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	6	4.3	6	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	25	18.1	13	52.0	12	48.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	30	21.7	4	13.3	26	86.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	33	23.9	16	48.5	17	51.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	2.2	3	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	19	13.8	11	57.9	8	42.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	11	8.0	2	18.2	9	81.8
	Lone parent households	44	31.9	10	22.7	34	77.3
	Parent speaking Welsh	14	10.1	4	28.6	10	71.4
	Parent not speaking Welsh	30	21.7	6	20.0	24	80.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	23	16.7	13	56.5	10	43.5
(Mixed language households)	44	31.9	24	54.5	20	45.5	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	71	51.4	12	16.9	59	83.1	
Carmarthen Town (South)	All households	52		10	19.2	42	80.8
	Couple households	40	76.9	7	17.5	33	82.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	9.6	3	60.0	2	40.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	6	11.5	1	16.7	5	83.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	29	55.8	3	10.3	26	89.7
	Married couples' households	31	59.6	5	16.1	26	83.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	7.7	2	50.0	2	50.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	9.6	1	20.0	4	80.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	22	42.3	2	9.1	20	90.9
	Cohabiting couples' households	9	17.3	2	22.2	7	77.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	1.9	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	1	1.9	0	0.0	1	100.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	7	13.5	1	14.3	6	85.7
	Lone parent households	12	23.1	3	25.0	9	75.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	5	9.6	2	40.0	3	60.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	7	13.5	1	14.3	6	85.7
	(Welsh speaking households)	10	19.2	5	50.0	5	50.0
(Mixed language households)	6	11.5	1	16.7	5	83.3	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	36	69.2	4	11.1	32	88.9	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Carmarthen Town (West)	All households	137		45	32.8	92	67.2
	Couple households	111	81.0	35	31.5	76	68.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	26	19.0	20	76.9	6	23.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	34	24.8	12	35.3	22	64.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	51	37.2	3	5.9	48	94.1
	Married couples' households	86	62.8	27	31.4	59	68.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	22	16.1	17	77.3	5	22.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	23	16.8	7	30.4	16	69.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	41	29.9	3	7.3	38	92.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	25	18.2	8	32.0	17	68.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	2.9	3	75.0	1	25.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	11	8.0	5	45.5	6	54.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	10	7.3	0	0.0	10	100.0
	Lone parent households	26	19.0	10	38.5	16	61.5
	Parent speaking Welsh	12	8.8	7	58.3	5	41.7
	Parent not speaking Welsh	14	10.2	3	21.4	11	78.6
	(Welsh speaking households)	38	27.7	27	71.1	11	28.9
(Mixed language households)	34	24.8	12	35.3	22	64.7	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	65	47.4	6	9.2	59	90.8	
Cenarth	All households	41		26	63.4	15	36.6
	Couple households	33	80.5	21	63.6	12	36.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	7	17.1	6	85.7	1	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	7	17.1	6	85.7	1	14.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	19	46.3	9	47.4	10	52.6
	Married couples' households	21	51.2	13	61.9	8	38.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	7	17.1	6	85.7	1	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	7.3	3	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	11	26.8	4	36.4	7	63.6
	Cohabiting couples' households	12	29.3	8	66.7	4	33.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	9.8	3	75.0	1	25.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	8	19.5	5	62.5	3	37.5
	Lone parent households	8	19.5	5	62.5	3	37.5
	Parent speaking Welsh	4	9.8	4	100.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	4	9.8	1	25.0	3	75.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	11	26.8	10	90.9	1	9.1
(Mixed language households)	7	17.1	6	85.7	1	14.3	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	23	56.1	10	43.5	13	56.5	
Cilycwm	All households	33		18	54.5	15	45.5
	Couple households	28	84.8	16	57.1	12	42.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	6	18.2	5	83.3	1	16.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	27.3	6	66.7	3	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	13	39.4	5	38.5	8	61.5
	Married couples' households	17	51.5	10	58.8	7	41.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	15.2	5	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	7	21.2	4	57.1	3	42.9
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	15.2	1	20.0	4	80.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	11	33.3	6	54.5	5	45.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	3.0	0	0.0	1	100.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	6.1	2	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	8	24.2	4	50.0	4	50.0
	Lone parent households	5	15.2	2	40.0	3	60.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	3	9.1	2	66.7	1	33.3
	Parent not speaking Welsh	2	6.1	0	0.0	2	100.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	9	27.3	7	77.8	2	22.2
(Mixed language households)	9	27.3	6	66.7	3	33.3	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	15	45.5	5	33.3	10	66.7	
Cynwyl Elfed	All households	56		31	55.4	25	44.6
	Couple households	56	100.0	31	55.4	25	44.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	23	41.1	18	78.3	5	21.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	13	23.2	8	61.5	5	38.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	20	35.7	5	25.0	15	75.0
	Married couples' households	45	80.4	25	55.6	20	44.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	20	35.7	16	80.0	4	20.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	16.1	5	55.6	4	44.4
	No adults speaking Welsh	16	28.6	4	25.0	12	75.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	11	19.6	6	54.5	5	45.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	5.4	2	66.7	1	33.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	7.1	3	75.0	1	25.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	4	7.1	1	25.0	3	75.0
	Lone parent households	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	23	41.1	18	78.3	5	21.7
(Mixed language households)	13	23.2	8	61.5	5	38.5	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	20	35.7	5	25.0	15	75.0	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Cynwyl Gaeo	All households	25		11	44.0	14	56.0
	Couple households	15	60.0	8	53.3	7	46.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	16.0	4	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	12.0	1	33.3	2	66.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	8	32.0	3	37.5	5	62.5
	Married couples' households	12	48.0	7	58.3	5	41.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	16.0	4	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	12.0	1	33.3	2	66.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	20.0	2	40.0	3	60.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	3	12.0	1	33.3	2	66.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	3	12.0	1	33.3	2	66.7
	Lone parent households	10	40.0	3	30.0	7	70.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	5	20.0	2	40.0	3	60.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	5	20.0	1	20.0	4	80.0
(Welsh speaking households)	9	36.0	6	66.7	3	33.3	
(Mixed language households)	3	12.0	1	33.3	2	66.7	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	13	52.0	4	30.8	9	69.2	
Dafen	All households	103		26	25.2	77	74.8
	Couple households	65	63.1	18	27.7	47	72.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	4.9	3	60.0	2	40.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	21	20.4	8	38.1	13	61.9
	No adults speaking Welsh	39	37.9	7	17.9	32	82.1
	Married couples' households	47	45.6	13	27.7	34	72.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	4.9	3	60.0	2	40.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	8.7	4	44.4	5	55.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	33	32.0	6	18.2	27	81.8
	Cohabiting couples' households	18	17.5	5	27.8	13	72.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	11.7	4	33.3	8	66.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	6	5.8	1	16.7	5	83.3
	Lone parent households	38	36.9	8	21.1	30	78.9
	Parent speaking Welsh	6	5.8	3	50.0	3	50.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	32	31.1	5	15.6	27	84.4
(Welsh speaking households)	11	10.7	6	54.5	5	45.5	
(Mixed language households)	21	20.4	8	38.1	13	61.9	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	71	68.9	12	16.9	59	83.1	
Elli	All households	63		22	34.9	41	65.1
	Couple households	44	69.8	17	38.6	27	61.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	4.8	3	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	14	22.2	9	64.3	5	35.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	27	42.9	5	18.5	22	81.5
	Married couples' households	34	54.0	14	41.2	20	58.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	1.6	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	13	20.6	9	69.2	4	30.8
	No adults speaking Welsh	20	31.7	4	20.0	16	80.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	10	15.9	3	30.0	7	70.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	2	3.2	2	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	1	1.6	0	0.0	1	100.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	7	11.1	1	14.3	6	85.7
	Lone parent households	19	30.2	5	26.3	14	73.7
	Parent speaking Welsh	5	7.9	4	80.0	1	20.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	14	22.2	1	7.1	13	92.9
(Welsh speaking households)	8	12.7	7	87.5	1	12.5	
(Mixed language households)	14	22.2	9	64.3	5	35.7	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	41	65.1	6	14.6	35	85.4	
Felinfoel	All households	69		24	34.8	45	65.2
	Couple households	43	62.3	16	37.2	27	62.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	1.4	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	16	23.2	9	56.3	7	43.8
	No adults speaking Welsh	26	37.7	6	23.1	20	76.9
	Married couples' households	32	46.4	14	43.8	18	56.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	1.4	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	14	20.3	8	57.1	6	42.9
	No adults speaking Welsh	17	24.6	5	29.4	12	70.6
	Cohabiting couples' households	11	15.9	2	18.2	9	81.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	2.9	1	50.0	1	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	13.0	1	11.1	8	88.9
	Lone parent households	26	37.7	8	30.8	18	69.2
	Parent speaking Welsh	5	7.2	1	20.0	4	80.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	21	30.4	7	33.3	14	66.7
(Welsh speaking households)	6	8.7	2	33.3	4	66.7	
(Mixed language households)	16	23.2	9	56.3	7	43.8	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	47	68.1	13	27.7	34	72.3	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Garnant	All households	57		32	56.1	25	43.9
	Couple households	38	66.7	24	63.2	14	36.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	14	24.6	12	85.7	2	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	15	26.3	8	53.3	7	46.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	15.8	4	44.4	5	55.6
	Married couples' households	21	36.8	15	71.4	6	28.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	9	15.8	8	88.9	1	11.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	6	10.5	4	66.7	2	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	6	10.5	3	50.0	3	50.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	17	29.8	9	52.9	8	47.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	8.8	4	80.0	1	20.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	15.8	4	44.4	5	55.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	3	5.3	1	33.3	2	66.7
	Lone parent households	19	33.3	8	42.1	11	57.9
	Parent speaking Welsh	5	8.8	5	100.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	14	24.6	3	21.4	11	78.6
	(Welsh speaking households)	19	33.3	17	89.5	2	10.5
	(Mixed language households)	15	26.3	8	53.3	7	46.7
	(non-Welsh speaking households)	23	40.4	7	30.4	16	69.6
Glanaman	All households	60		27	45.0	33	55.0
	Couple households	45	75.0	25	55.6	20	44.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	17	28.3	12	70.6	5	29.4
	One adult speaking Welsh	22	36.7	13	59.1	9	40.9
	No adults speaking Welsh	6	10.0	0	0.0	6	100.0
	Married couples' households	23	38.3	14	60.9	9	39.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	9	15.0	7	77.8	2	22.2
	One adult speaking Welsh	13	21.7	7	53.8	6	46.2
	No adults speaking Welsh	1	1.7	0	0.0	1	100.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	22	36.7	11	50.0	11	50.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	8	13.3	5	62.5	3	37.5
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	15.0	6	66.7	3	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	8.3	0	0.0	5	100.0
	Lone parent households	15	25.0	2	13.3	13	86.7
	Parent speaking Welsh	9	15.0	1	11.1	8	88.9
	Parent not speaking Welsh	6	10.0	1	16.7	5	83.3
	(Welsh speaking households)	26	43.3	13	50.0	13	50.0
	(Mixed language households)	22	36.7	13	59.1	9	40.9
	(non-Welsh speaking households)	12	20.0	1	8.3	11	91.7
Glan-y-môr	All households	167		48	28.7	119	71.3
	Couple households	102	61.1	37	36.3	65	63.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	7	4.2	5	71.4	2	28.6
	One adult speaking Welsh	25	15.0	13	52.0	12	48.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	70	41.9	19	27.1	51	72.9
	Married couples' households	50	29.9	24	48.0	26	52.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	2.4	4	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	13	7.8	9	69.2	4	30.8
	No adults speaking Welsh	33	19.8	11	33.3	22	66.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	52	31.1	13	25.0	39	75.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	1.8	1	33.3	2	66.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	7.2	4	33.3	8	66.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	37	22.2	8	21.6	29	78.4
	Lone parent households	65	38.9	11	16.9	54	83.1
	Parent speaking Welsh	5	3.0	1	20.0	4	80.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	60	35.9	10	16.7	50	83.3
	(Welsh speaking households)	12	7.2	6	50.0	6	50.0
	(Mixed language households)	25	15.0	13	52.0	12	48.0
	(non-Welsh speaking households)	130	77.8	29	22.3	101	77.7
Glyn	All households	40		24	60.0	16	40.0
	Couple households	31	77.5	18	58.1	13	41.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	6	15.0	3	50.0	3	50.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	22.5	9	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	16	40.0	6	37.5	10	62.5
	Married couples' households	26	65.0	17	65.4	9	34.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	10.0	3	75.0	1	25.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	8	20.0	8	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	14	35.0	6	42.9	8	57.1
	Cohabiting couples' households	5	12.5	1	20.0	4	80.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	2	5.0	0	0.0	2	100.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	1	2.5	1	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	2	5.0	0	0.0	2	100.0
	Lone parent households	9	22.5	6	66.7	3	33.3
	Parent speaking Welsh	7	17.5	6	85.7	1	14.3
	Parent not speaking Welsh	2	5.0	0	0.0	2	100.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	13	32.5	9	69.2	4	30.8
	(Mixed language households)	9	22.5	9	100.0	0	0.0
	(non-Welsh speaking households)	18	45.0	6	33.3	12	66.7

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Gorslas	All households	87		58	66.7	29	33.3
	Couple households	71	81.6	50	70.4	21	29.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	23	26.4	20	87.0	3	13.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	37	42.5	25	67.6	12	32.4
	No adults speaking Welsh	11	12.6	5	45.5	6	54.5
	Married couples' households	58	66.7	43	74.1	15	25.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	19	21.8	16	84.2	3	15.8
	One adult speaking Welsh	31	35.6	22	71.0	9	29.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	8	9.2	5	62.5	3	37.5
	Cohabiting couples' households	13	14.9	7	53.8	6	46.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	4.6	4	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	6	6.9	3	50.0	3	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	3	3.4	0	0.0	3	100.0
	Lone parent households	16	18.4	8	50.0	8	50.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	8	9.2	5	62.5	3	37.5
	Parent not speaking Welsh	8	9.2	3	37.5	5	62.5
	(Welsh speaking households)	31	35.6	25	80.6	6	19.4
(Mixed language households)	37	42.5	25	67.6	12	32.4	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	19	21.8	8	42.1	11	57.9	
Hendy	All households	68		34	50.0	34	50.0
	Couple households	57	83.8	27	47.4	30	52.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	7	10.3	6	85.7	1	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	20	29.4	15	75.0	5	25.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	30	44.1	6	20.0	24	80.0
	Married couples' households	47	69.1	21	44.7	26	55.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	7.4	5	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	15	22.1	11	73.3	4	26.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	27	39.7	5	18.5	22	81.5
	Cohabiting couples' households	10	14.7	6	60.0	4	40.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	2	2.9	1	50.0	1	50.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	7.4	4	80.0	1	20.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	3	4.4	1	33.3	2	66.7
	Lone parent households	11	16.2	7	63.6	4	36.4
	Parent speaking Welsh	3	4.4	3	100.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	8	11.8	4	50.0	4	50.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	10	14.7	9	90.0	1	10.0
(Mixed language households)	20	29.4	15	75.0	5	25.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	38	55.9	10	26.3	28	73.7	
Hengoed	All households	64		22	34.4	42	65.6
	Couple households	48	75.0	19	39.6	29	60.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	2	3.1	2	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	21	32.8	14	66.7	7	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	25	39.1	3	12.0	22	88.0
	Married couples' households	34	53.1	12	35.3	22	64.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	1.6	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	16	25.0	10	62.5	6	37.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	17	26.6	1	5.9	16	94.1
	Cohabiting couples' households	14	21.9	7	50.0	7	50.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	1.6	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	7.8	4	80.0	1	20.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	8	12.5	2	25.0	6	75.0
	Lone parent households	16	25.0	3	18.8	13	81.3
	Parent speaking Welsh	2	3.1	2	100.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	14	21.9	1	7.1	13	92.9
	(Welsh speaking households)	4	6.3	4	100.0	0	0.0
(Mixed language households)	21	32.8	14	66.7	7	33.3	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	39	60.9	4	10.3	35	89.7	
Kidwelly	All households	85		37	43.5	48	56.5
	Couple households	58	68.2	26	44.8	32	55.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	21	24.7	18	85.7	3	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	16	18.8	5	31.3	11	68.8
	No adults speaking Welsh	21	24.7	3	14.3	18	85.7
	Married couples' households	38	44.7	20	52.6	18	47.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	15	17.6	12	80.0	3	20.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	14	16.5	5	35.7	9	64.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	10.6	3	33.3	6	66.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	20	23.5	6	30.0	14	70.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	6	7.1	6	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	2.4	0	0.0	2	100.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	12	14.1	0	0.0	12	100.0
	Lone parent households	27	31.8	11	40.7	16	59.3
	Parent speaking Welsh	6	7.1	5	83.3	1	16.7
	Parent not speaking Welsh	21	24.7	6	28.6	15	71.4
	(Welsh speaking households)	27	31.8	23	85.2	4	14.8
(Mixed language households)	16	18.8	5	31.3	11	68.8	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	42	49.4	9	21.4	33	78.6	

TABLE 3.2



Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Laugharne Township	All households	52		25	48.1	27	51.9
	Couple households	41	78.8	21	51.2	20	48.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	7	13.5	6	85.7	1	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	23.1	6	50.0	6	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	22	42.3	9	40.9	13	59.1
	Married couples' households	26	50.0	14	53.8	12	46.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	7.7	4	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	17.3	4	44.4	5	55.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	13	25.0	6	46.2	7	53.8
	Cohabiting couples' households	15	28.8	7	46.7	8	53.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	5.8	2	66.7	1	33.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	5.8	2	66.7	1	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	17.3	3	33.3	6	66.7
	Lone parent households	11	21.2	4	36.4	7	63.6
	Parent speaking Welsh	4	7.7	4	100.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	7	13.5	0	0.0	7	100.0
(Welsh speaking households)	11	21.2	10	90.9	1	9.1	
(Mixed language households)	12	23.1	6	50.0	6	50.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	29	55.8	9	31.0	20	69.0	
Llanboidy	All households	40		22	55.0	18	45.0
	Couple households	28	70.0	19	67.9	9	32.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	11	27.5	11	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	12.5	5	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	12	30.0	3	25.0	9	75.0
	Married couples' households	24	60.0	17	70.8	7	29.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	11	27.5	11	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	10.0	4	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	22.5	2	22.2	7	77.8
	Cohabiting couples' households	4	10.0	2	50.0	2	50.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	1	2.5	1	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	3	7.5	1	33.3	2	66.7
	Lone parent households	12	30.0	3	25.0	9	75.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	3	7.5	1	33.3	2	66.7
	Parent not speaking Welsh	9	22.5	2	22.2	7	77.8
(Welsh speaking households)	14	35.0	12	85.7	2	14.3	
(Mixed language households)	5	12.5	5	100.0	0	0.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	21	52.5	5	23.8	16	76.2	
Llanddarog	All households	38		27	71.1	11	28.9
	Couple households	32	84.2	23	71.9	9	28.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	12	31.6	11	91.7	1	8.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	13	34.2	10	76.9	3	23.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	7	18.4	2	28.6	5	71.4
	Married couples' households	21	55.3	16	76.2	5	23.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	9	23.7	8	88.9	1	11.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	7	18.4	6	85.7	1	14.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	13.2	2	40.0	3	60.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	11	28.9	7	63.6	4	36.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	7.9	3	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	6	15.8	4	66.7	2	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	2	5.3	0	0.0	2	100.0
	Lone parent households	6	15.8	4	66.7	2	33.3
	Parent speaking Welsh	2	5.3	2	100.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	4	10.5	2	50.0	2	50.0
(Welsh speaking households)	14	36.8	13	92.9	1	7.1	
(Mixed language households)	13	34.2	10	76.9	3	23.1	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	11	28.9	4	36.4	7	63.6	
Llandeilo	All households	63		38	60.3	25	39.7
	Couple households	43	68.3	28	65.1	15	34.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	17	27.0	16	94.1	1	5.9
	One adult speaking Welsh	11	17.5	5	45.5	6	54.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	15	23.8	7	46.7	8	53.3
	Married couples' households	35	55.6	25	71.4	10	28.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	17	27.0	16	94.1	1	5.9
	One adult speaking Welsh	8	12.7	3	37.5	5	62.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	10	15.9	6	60.0	4	40.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	8	12.7	3	37.5	5	62.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	4.8	2	66.7	1	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	7.9	1	20.0	4	80.0
	Lone parent households	20	31.7	10	50.0	10	50.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	7	11.1	6	85.7	1	14.3
	Parent not speaking Welsh	13	20.6	4	30.8	9	69.2
(Welsh speaking households)	24	38.1	22	91.7	2	8.3	
(Mixed language households)	11	17.5	5	45.5	6	54.5	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	28	44.4	11	39.3	17	60.7	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Llandovery	All households	47		27	57.4	20	42.6
	Couple households	39	83.0	22	56.4	17	43.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	10	21.3	9	90.0	1	10.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	11	23.4	6	54.5	5	45.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	18	38.3	7	38.9	11	61.1
	Married couples' households	24	51.1	17	70.8	7	29.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	9	19.1	8	88.9	1	11.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	10.6	2	40.0	3	60.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	10	21.3	7	70.0	3	30.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	15	31.9	5	33.3	10	66.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	2.1	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	6	12.8	4	66.7	2	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	8	17.0	0	0.0	8	100.0
	Lone parent households	8	17.0	5	62.5	3	37.5
	Parent speaking Welsh	4	8.5	2	50.0	2	50.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	4	8.5	3	75.0	1	25.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	14	29.8	11	78.6	3	21.4
(Mixed language households)	11	23.4	6	54.5	5	45.5	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	22	46.8	10	45.5	12	54.5	
Llandybïe	All households	82		42	51.2	40	48.8
	Couple households	60	73.2	31	51.7	29	48.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	18	22.0	12	66.7	6	33.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	24	29.3	15	62.5	9	37.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	18	22.0	4	22.2	14	77.8
	Married couples' households	48	58.5	26	54.2	22	45.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	15	18.3	9	60.0	6	40.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	20	24.4	13	65.0	7	35.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	13	15.9	4	30.8	9	69.2
	Cohabiting couples' households	12	14.6	5	41.7	7	58.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	3.7	3	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	4.9	2	50.0	2	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	6.1	0	0.0	5	100.0
	Lone parent households	22	26.8	11	50.0	11	50.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	12	14.6	6	50.0	6	50.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	10	12.2	5	50.0	5	50.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	30	36.6	18	60.0	12	40.0
(Mixed language households)	24	29.3	15	62.5	9	37.5	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	28	34.1	9	32.1	19	67.9	
Llanegwad	All households	46		30	65.2	16	34.8
	Couple households	37	80.4	25	67.6	12	32.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	13	28.3	12	92.3	1	7.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	14	30.4	6	42.9	8	57.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	10	21.7	7	70.0	3	30.0
	Married couples' households	34	73.9	23	67.6	11	32.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	13	28.3	12	92.3	1	7.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	26.1	5	41.7	7	58.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	19.6	6	66.7	3	33.3
	Cohabiting couples' households	3	6.5	2	66.7	1	33.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	4.3	1	50.0	1	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	1	2.2	1	100.0	0	0.0
	Lone parent households	9	19.6	5	55.6	4	44.4
	Parent speaking Welsh	2	4.3	2	100.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	7	15.2	3	42.9	4	57.1
	(Welsh speaking households)	15	32.6	14	93.3	1	6.7
(Mixed language households)	14	30.4	6	42.9	8	57.1	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	17	37.0	10	58.8	7	41.2	
Llanfihangel Aberbythych	All households	40		21	52.5	19	47.5
	Couple households	28	70.0	18	64.3	10	35.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	12	30.0	11	91.7	1	8.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	7	17.5	7	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	22.5	0	0.0	9	100.0
	Married couples' households	21	52.5	14	66.7	7	33.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	10	25.0	10	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	10.0	4	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	7	17.5	0	0.0	7	100.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	7	17.5	4	57.1	3	42.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	2	5.0	1	50.0	1	50.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	7.5	3	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	2	5.0	0	0.0	2	100.0
	Lone parent households	12	30.0	3	25.0	9	75.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	5	12.5	1	20.0	4	80.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	7	17.5	2	28.6	5	71.4
	(Welsh speaking households)	17	42.5	12	70.6	5	29.4
(Mixed language households)	7	17.5	7	100.0	0	0.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	16	40.0	2	12.5	14	87.5	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Llanfihangel-ar-Arth	All households	56		36	64.3	20	35.7
	Couple households	47	83.9	31	66.0	16	34.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	23	41.1	22	95.7	1	4.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	15	26.8	7	46.7	8	53.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	16.1	2	22.2	7	77.8
	Married couples' households	34	60.7	21	61.8	13	38.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	15	26.8	14	93.3	1	6.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	11	19.6	5	45.5	6	54.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	8	14.3	2	25.0	6	75.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	13	23.2	10	76.9	3	23.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	8	14.3	8	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	7.1	2	50.0	2	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	1	1.8	0	0.0	1	100.0
	Lone parent households	9	16.1	5	55.6	4	44.4
	Parent speaking Welsh	5	8.9	4	80.0	1	20.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	4	7.1	1	25.0	3	75.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	28	50.0	26	92.9	2	7.1
(Mixed language households)	15	26.8	7	46.7	8	53.3	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	13	23.2	3	23.1	10	76.9	
Llangadog	All households	35		24	68.6	11	31.4
	Couple households	32	91.4	23	71.9	9	28.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	18	51.4	16	88.9	2	11.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	10	28.6	5	50.0	5	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	4	11.4	2	50.0	2	50.0
	Married couples' households	25	71.4	18	72.0	7	28.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	18	51.4	16	88.9	2	11.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	11.4	1	25.0	3	75.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	3	8.6	1	33.3	2	66.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	7	20.0	5	71.4	2	28.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	6	17.1	4	66.7	2	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	1	2.9	1	100.0	0	0.0
	Lone parent households	3	8.6	1	33.3	2	66.7
	Parent speaking Welsh	2	5.7	1	50.0	1	50.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	1	2.9	0	0.0	1	100.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	20	57.1	17	85.0	3	15.0
(Mixed language households)	10	28.6	5	50.0	5	50.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	5	14.3	2	40.0	3	60.0	
Llangeler	All households	74		41	55.4	33	44.6
	Couple households	59	79.7	31	52.5	28	47.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	22	29.7	17	77.3	5	22.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	21	28.4	11	52.4	10	47.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	16	21.6	3	18.8	13	81.3
	Married couples' households	44	59.5	22	50.0	22	50.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	17	23.0	14	82.4	3	17.6
	One adult speaking Welsh	14	18.9	6	42.9	8	57.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	13	17.6	2	15.4	11	84.6
	Cohabiting couples' households	15	20.3	9	60.0	6	40.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	6.8	3	60.0	2	40.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	7	9.5	5	71.4	2	28.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	3	4.1	1	33.3	2	66.7
	Lone parent households	15	20.3	10	66.7	5	33.3
	Parent speaking Welsh	10	13.5	9	90.0	1	10.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	5	6.8	1	20.0	4	80.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	32	43.2	26	81.3	6	18.8
(Mixed language households)	21	28.4	11	52.4	10	47.6	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	21	28.4	4	19.0	17	81.0	
Llangennech	All households	130		58	44.6	72	55.4
	Couple households	108	83.1	50	46.3	58	53.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	15	11.5	13	86.7	2	13.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	43	33.1	23	53.5	20	46.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	50	38.5	14	28.0	36	72.0
	Married couples' households	91	70.0	45	49.5	46	50.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	14	10.8	12	85.7	2	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	36	27.7	20	55.6	16	44.4
	No adults speaking Welsh	41	31.5	13	31.7	28	68.3
	Cohabiting couples' households	17	13.1	5	29.4	12	70.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	0.8	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	7	5.4	3	42.9	4	57.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	6.9	1	11.1	8	88.9
	Lone parent households	22	16.9	8	36.4	14	63.6
	Parent speaking Welsh	5	3.8	3	60.0	2	40.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	17	13.1	5	29.4	12	70.6
	(Welsh speaking households)	20	15.4	16	80.0	4	20.0
(Mixed language households)	43	33.1	23	53.5	20	46.5	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	67	51.5	19	28.4	48	71.6	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Llangunnor	All households	38		20	52.6	18	47.4
	Couple households	28	73.7	18	64.3	10	35.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	9	23.7	8	88.9	1	11.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	10	26.3	6	60.0	4	40.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	23.7	4	44.4	5	55.6
	Married couples' households	23	60.5	15	65.2	8	34.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	9	23.7	8	88.9	1	11.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	23.7	5	55.6	4	44.4
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	13.2	2	40.0	3	60.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	5	13.2	3	60.0	2	40.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	1	2.6	1	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	4	10.5	2	50.0	2	50.0
	Lone parent households	10	26.3	2	20.0	8	80.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	2	5.3	0	0.0	2	100.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	8	21.1	2	25.0	6	75.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	11	28.9	8	72.7	3	27.3
(Mixed language households)	10	26.3	6	60.0	4	40.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	17	44.7	6	35.3	11	64.7	
Llangydeyrn	All households	62		36	58.1	26	41.9
	Couple households	45	72.6	28	62.2	17	37.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	24	38.7	20	83.3	4	16.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	14.5	6	66.7	3	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	12	19.4	2	16.7	10	83.3
	Married couples' households	34	54.8	20	58.8	14	41.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	20	32.3	16	80.0	4	20.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	8.1	4	80.0	1	20.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	14.5	0	0.0	9	100.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	11	17.7	8	72.7	3	27.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	6.5	4	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	6.5	2	50.0	2	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	3	4.8	2	66.7	1	33.3
	Lone parent households	17	27.4	8	47.1	9	52.9
	Parent speaking Welsh	8	12.9	7	87.5	1	12.5
	Parent not speaking Welsh	9	14.5	1	11.1	8	88.9
	(Welsh speaking households)	32	51.6	27	84.4	5	15.6
(Mixed language households)	9	14.5	6	66.7	3	33.3	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	21	33.9	3	14.3	18	85.7	
Llannon	All households	128		75	58.6	53	41.4
	Couple households	103	80.5	60	58.3	43	41.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	33	25.8	29	87.9	4	12.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	41	32.0	26	63.4	15	36.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	29	22.7	5	17.2	24	82.8
	Married couples' households	67	52.3	39	58.2	28	41.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	22	17.2	21	95.5	1	4.5
	One adult speaking Welsh	23	18.0	14	60.9	9	39.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	22	17.2	4	18.2	18	81.8
	Cohabiting couples' households	36	28.1	21	58.3	15	41.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	11	8.6	8	72.7	3	27.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	18	14.1	12	66.7	6	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	7	5.5	1	14.3	6	85.7
	Lone parent households	25	19.5	15	60.0	10	40.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	18	14.1	11	61.1	7	38.9
	Parent not speaking Welsh	7	5.5	4	57.1	3	42.9
	(Welsh speaking households)	51	39.8	40	78.4	11	21.6
(Mixed language households)	41	32.0	26	63.4	15	36.6	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	36	28.1	9	25.0	27	75.0	
Llansteffan	All households	30		12	40.0	18	60.0
	Couple households	21	70.0	6	28.6	15	71.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	16.7	3	60.0	2	40.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	16.7	1	20.0	4	80.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	11	36.7	2	18.2	9	81.8
	Married couples' households	14	46.7	6	42.9	8	57.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	13.3	3	75.0	1	25.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	10.0	1	33.3	2	66.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	7	23.3	2	28.6	5	71.4
	Cohabiting couples' households	7	23.3	0	0.0	7	100.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	3.3	0	0.0	1	100.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	6.7	0	0.0	2	100.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	4	13.3	0	0.0	4	100.0
	Lone parent households	9	30.0	6	66.7	3	33.3
	Parent speaking Welsh	3	10.0	2	66.7	1	33.3
	Parent not speaking Welsh	6	20.0	4	66.7	2	33.3
	(Welsh speaking households)	8	26.7	5	62.5	3	37.5
(Mixed language households)	5	16.7	1	20.0	4	80.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	17	56.7	6	35.3	11	64.7	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Llanybydder	All households	61		44	72.1	17	27.9
	Couple households	40	65.6	33	82.5	7	17.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	27	44.3	26	96.3	1	3.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	10	16.4	7	70.0	3	30.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	3	4.9	0	0.0	3	100.0
	Married couples' households	28	45.9	21	75.0	7	25.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	17	27.9	16	94.1	1	5.9
	One adult speaking Welsh	8	13.1	5	62.5	3	37.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	3	4.9	0	0.0	3	100.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	12	19.7	12	100.0	0	0.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	10	16.4	10	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	3.3	2	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Lone parent households	21	34.4	11	52.4	10	47.6
	Parent speaking Welsh	12	19.7	8	66.7	4	33.3
	Parent not speaking Welsh	9	14.8	3	33.3	6	66.7
(Welsh speaking households)	39	63.9	34	87.2	5	12.8	
(Mixed language households)	10	16.4	7	70.0	3	30.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	12	19.7	3	25.0	9	75.0	
Llidi	All households	150		31	20.7	119	79.3
	Couple households	88	58.7	17	19.3	71	80.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	2.7	3	75.0	1	25.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	22	14.7	6	27.3	16	72.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	62	41.3	8	12.9	54	87.1
	Married couples' households	67	44.7	13	19.4	54	80.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	2.0	2	66.7	1	33.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	20	13.3	5	25.0	15	75.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	44	29.3	6	13.6	38	86.4
	Cohabiting couples' households	21	14.0	4	19.0	17	81.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	0.7	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	1.3	1	50.0	1	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	18	12.0	2	11.1	16	88.9
	Lone parent households	62	41.3	14	22.6	48	77.4
	Parent speaking Welsh	9	6.0	5	55.6	4	44.4
	Parent not speaking Welsh	53	35.3	9	17.0	44	83.0
(Welsh speaking households)	13	8.7	8	61.5	5	38.5	
(Mixed language households)	22	14.7	6	27.3	16	72.7	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	115	76.7	17	14.8	98	85.2	
Llwynhendy	All households	139		37	26.6	102	73.4
	Couple households	82	59.0	23	28.0	59	72.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	0.7	0	0.0	1	100.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	23	16.5	14	60.9	9	39.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	58	41.7	9	15.5	49	84.5
	Married couples' households	53	38.1	18	34.0	35	66.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	18	12.9	11	61.1	7	38.9
	No adults speaking Welsh	35	25.2	7	20.0	28	80.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	29	20.9	5	17.2	24	82.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	0.7	0	0.0	1	100.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	3.6	3	60.0	2	40.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	23	16.5	2	8.7	21	91.3
	Lone parent households	57	41.0	14	24.6	43	75.4
	Parent speaking Welsh	8	5.8	3	37.5	5	62.5
	Parent not speaking Welsh	49	35.3	11	22.4	38	77.6
(Welsh speaking households)	9	6.5	3	33.3	6	66.7	
(Mixed language households)	23	16.5	14	60.9	9	39.1	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	107	77.0	20	18.7	87	81.3	
Manordeilo and Salem	All households	35		21	60.0	14	40.0
	Couple households	25	71.4	17	68.0	8	32.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	6	17.1	6	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	34.3	9	75.0	3	25.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	7	20.0	2	28.6	5	71.4
	Married couples' households	23	65.7	16	69.6	7	30.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	14.3	5	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	34.3	9	75.0	3	25.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	6	17.1	2	33.3	4	66.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	2	5.7	1	50.0	1	50.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	2.9	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	1	2.9	0	0.0	1	100.0
	Lone parent households	10	28.6	4	40.0	6	60.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	4	11.4	1	25.0	3	75.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	6	17.1	3	50.0	3	50.0
(Welsh speaking households)	10	28.6	7	70.0	3	30.0	
(Mixed language households)	12	34.3	9	75.0	3	25.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	13	37.1	5	38.5	8	61.5	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Pembrey	All households	93		30	32.3	63	67.7
	Couple households	66	71.0	21	31.8	45	68.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	6	6.5	4	66.7	2	33.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	12.9	5	41.7	7	58.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	48	51.6	12	25.0	36	75.0
	Married couples' households	50	53.8	15	30.0	35	70.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	5.4	3	60.0	2	40.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	11	11.8	4	36.4	7	63.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	34	36.6	8	23.5	26	76.5
	Cohabiting couples' households	16	17.2	6	37.5	10	62.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	1.1	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	1	1.1	1	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	14	15.1	4	28.6	10	71.4
	Lone parent households	27	29.0	9	33.3	18	66.7
	Parent speaking Welsh	6	6.5	5	83.3	1	16.7
	Parent not speaking Welsh	21	22.6	4	19.0	17	81.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	12	12.9	9	75.0	3	25.0
(Mixed language households)	12	12.9	5	41.7	7	58.3	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	69	74.2	16	23.2	53	76.8	
Penygroes	All households	80		56	70.0	24	30.0
	Couple households	57	71.3	45	78.9	12	21.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	25	31.3	24	96.0	1	4.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	21	26.3	16	76.2	5	23.8
	No adults speaking Welsh	11	13.8	5	45.5	6	54.5
	Married couples' households	45	56.3	34	75.6	11	24.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	20	25.0	19	95.0	1	5.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	15	18.8	11	73.3	4	26.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	10	12.5	4	40.0	6	60.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	12	15.0	11	91.7	1	8.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	5	6.3	5	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	6	7.5	5	83.3	1	16.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	1	1.3	1	100.0	0	0.0
	Lone parent households	23	28.8	11	47.8	12	52.2
	Parent speaking Welsh	9	11.3	3	33.3	6	66.7
	Parent not speaking Welsh	14	17.5	8	57.1	6	42.9
	(Welsh speaking households)	34	42.5	27	79.4	7	20.6
(Mixed language households)	21	26.3	16	76.2	5	23.8	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	25	31.3	13	52.0	12	48.0	
Pontaman	All households	59		29	49.2	30	50.8
	Couple households	43	72.9	20	46.5	23	53.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	13	22.0	10	76.9	3	23.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	19	32.2	9	47.4	10	52.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	11	18.6	1	9.1	10	90.9
	Married couples' households	30	50.8	16	53.3	14	46.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	12	20.3	9	75.0	3	25.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	20.3	6	50.0	6	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	6	10.2	1	16.7	5	83.3
	Cohabiting couples' households	13	22.0	4	30.8	9	69.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	1.7	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	7	11.9	3	42.9	4	57.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	8.5	0	0.0	5	100.0
	Lone parent households	16	27.1	9	56.3	7	43.8
	Parent speaking Welsh	7	11.9	5	71.4	2	28.6
	Parent not speaking Welsh	9	15.3	4	44.4	5	55.6
	(Welsh speaking households)	20	33.9	15	75.0	5	25.0
(Mixed language households)	19	32.2	9	47.4	10	52.6	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	20	33.9	5	25.0	15	75.0	
Pontyberem	All households	63		44	69.8	19	30.2
	Couple households	55	87.3	39	70.9	16	29.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	28	44.4	24	85.7	4	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	14	22.2	9	64.3	5	35.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	13	20.6	6	46.2	7	53.8
	Married couples' households	43	68.3	31	72.1	12	27.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	22	34.9	19	86.4	3	13.6
	One adult speaking Welsh	12	19.0	8	66.7	4	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	9	14.3	4	44.4	5	55.6
	Cohabiting couples' households	12	19.0	8	66.7	4	33.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	6	9.5	5	83.3	1	16.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	3.2	1	50.0	1	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	4	6.3	2	50.0	2	50.0
	Lone parent households	8	12.7	5	62.5	3	37.5
	Parent speaking Welsh	6	9.5	5	83.3	1	16.7
	Parent not speaking Welsh	2	3.2	0	0.0	2	100.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	34	54.0	29	85.3	5	14.7
(Mixed language households)	14	22.2	9	64.3	5	35.7	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	15	23.8	6	40.0	9	60.0	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Quarter Bach	All households	73		55	75.3	18	24.7
	Couple households	51	69.9	41	80.4	10	19.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	19	26.0	18	94.7	1	5.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	18	24.7	14	77.8	4	22.2
	No adults speaking Welsh	14	19.2	9	64.3	5	35.7
	Married couples' households	40	54.8	31	77.5	9	22.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	12	16.4	12	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	16	21.9	12	75.0	4	25.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	12	16.4	7	58.3	5	41.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	11	15.1	10	90.9	1	9.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	7	9.6	6	85.7	1	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	2.7	2	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	2	2.7	2	100.0	0	0.0
	Lone parent households	22	30.1	14	63.6	8	36.4
	Parent speaking Welsh	12	16.4	9	75.0	3	25.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	10	13.7	5	50.0	5	50.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	31	42.5	27	87.1	4	12.9
(Mixed language households)	18	24.7	14	77.8	4	22.2	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	24	32.9	14	58.3	10	41.7	
St. Clears	All households	59		28	47.5	31	52.5
	Couple households	50	84.7	25	50.0	25	50.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	11	18.6	9	81.8	2	18.2
	One adult speaking Welsh	19	32.2	9	47.4	10	52.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	20	33.9	7	35.0	13	65.0
	Married couples' households	31	52.5	17	54.8	14	45.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	8	13.6	7	87.5	1	12.5
	One adult speaking Welsh	8	13.6	5	62.5	3	37.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	15	25.4	5	33.3	10	66.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	19	32.2	8	42.1	11	57.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	5.1	2	66.7	1	33.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	11	18.6	4	36.4	7	63.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	5	8.5	2	40.0	3	60.0
	Lone parent households	9	15.3	3	33.3	6	66.7
	Parent speaking Welsh	4	6.8	1	25.0	3	75.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	5	8.5	2	40.0	3	60.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	15	25.4	10	66.7	5	33.3
(Mixed language households)	19	32.2	9	47.4	10	52.6	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	25	42.4	9	36.0	16	64.0	
St. Ishmael	All households	47		26	55.3	21	44.7
	Couple households	44	93.6	24	54.5	20	45.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	14	29.8	12	85.7	2	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	17	36.2	10	58.8	7	41.2
	No adults speaking Welsh	13	27.7	2	15.4	11	84.6
	Married couples' households	38	80.9	22	57.9	16	42.1
	Two adults speaking Welsh	11	23.4	10	90.9	1	9.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	16	34.0	10	62.5	6	37.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	11	23.4	2	18.2	9	81.8
	Cohabiting couples' households	6	12.8	2	33.3	4	66.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	6.4	2	66.7	1	33.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	1	2.1	0	0.0	1	100.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	2	4.3	0	0.0	2	100.0
	Lone parent households	3	6.4	2	66.7	1	33.3
	Parent speaking Welsh	2	4.3	2	100.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	1	2.1	0	0.0	1	100.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	16	34.0	14	87.5	2	12.5
(Mixed language households)	17	36.2	10	58.8	7	41.2	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	14	29.8	2	14.3	12	85.7	
Saron	All households	83		44	53.0	39	47.0
	Couple households	69	83.1	37	53.6	32	46.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	21	25.3	17	81.0	4	19.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	26	31.3	16	61.5	10	38.5
	No adults speaking Welsh	22	26.5	4	18.2	18	81.8
	Married couples' households	52	62.7	31	59.6	21	40.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	17	20.5	14	82.4	3	17.6
	One adult speaking Welsh	20	24.1	14	70.0	6	30.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	15	18.1	3	20.0	12	80.0
	Cohabiting couples' households	17	20.5	6	35.3	11	64.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	4.8	3	75.0	1	25.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	6	7.2	2	33.3	4	66.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	7	8.4	1	14.3	6	85.7
	Lone parent households	14	16.9	7	50.0	7	50.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	7	8.4	5	71.4	2	28.6
	Parent not speaking Welsh	7	8.4	2	28.6	5	71.4
	(Welsh speaking households)	28	33.7	22	78.6	6	21.4
(Mixed language households)	26	31.3	16	61.5	10	38.5	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	29	34.9	6	20.7	23	79.3	

TABLE 3.2

Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Swiss Valley	All households	40		14	35.0	26	65.0
	Couple households	35	87.5	13	37.1	22	62.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	7.5	3	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	7	17.5	5	71.4	2	28.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	25	62.5	5	20.0	20	80.0
	Married couples' households	23	57.5	9	39.1	14	60.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	2	5.0	2	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	10.0	3	75.0	1	25.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	17	42.5	4	23.5	13	76.5
	Cohabiting couples' households	12	30.0	4	33.3	8	66.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	2.5	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	7.5	2	66.7	1	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	8	20.0	1	12.5	7	87.5
	Lone parent households	5	12.5	1	20.0	4	80.0
	Parent speaking Welsh	1	2.5	1	100.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	4	10.0	0	0.0	4	100.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	4	10.0	4	100.0	0	0.0
(Mixed language households)	7	17.5	5	71.4	2	28.6	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	29	72.5	5	17.2	24	82.8	
Trelech	All households	35		24	68.6	11	31.4
	Couple households	32	91.4	22	68.8	10	31.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	12	34.3	12	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	7	20.0	3	42.9	4	57.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	13	37.1	7	53.8	6	46.2
	Married couples' households	25	71.4	20	80.0	5	20.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	11	31.4	11	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	5.7	2	100.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	12	34.3	7	58.3	5	41.7
	Cohabiting couples' households	7	20.0	2	28.6	5	71.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	2.9	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	5	14.3	1	20.0	4	80.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	1	2.9	0	0.0	1	100.0
	Lone parent households	3	8.6	2	66.7	1	33.3
	Parent speaking Welsh	1	2.9	1	100.0	0	0.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	2	5.7	1	50.0	1	50.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	13	37.1	13	100.0	0	0.0
(Mixed language households)	7	20.0	3	42.9	4	57.1	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	15	42.9	8	53.3	7	46.7	
Trimsaran	All households	60		33	55.0	27	45.0
	Couple households	42	70.0	23	54.8	19	45.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	6	10.0	5	83.3	1	16.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	13	21.7	7	53.8	6	46.2
	No adults speaking Welsh	23	38.3	11	47.8	12	52.2
	Married couples' households	30	50.0	18	60.0	12	40.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4	6.7	4	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	10	16.7	5	50.0	5	50.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	16	26.7	9	56.3	7	43.8
	Cohabiting couples' households	12	20.0	5	41.7	7	58.3
	Two adults speaking Welsh	2	3.3	1	50.0	1	50.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	5.0	2	66.7	1	33.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	7	11.7	2	28.6	5	71.4
	Lone parent households	18	30.0	10	55.6	8	44.4
	Parent speaking Welsh	8	13.3	5	62.5	3	37.5
	Parent not speaking Welsh	10	16.7	5	50.0	5	50.0
	(Welsh speaking households)	14	23.3	10	71.4	4	28.6
(Mixed language households)	13	21.7	7	53.8	6	46.2	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	33	55.0	16	48.5	17	51.5	
Tycroes	All households	61		28	45.9	33	54.1
	Couple households	47	77.0	26	55.3	21	44.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	14	23.0	12	85.7	2	14.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	16	26.2	11	68.8	5	31.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	17	27.9	3	17.6	14	82.4
	Married couples' households	37	60.7	23	62.2	14	37.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	11	18.0	10	90.9	1	9.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	13	21.3	10	76.9	3	23.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	13	21.3	3	23.1	10	76.9
	Cohabiting couples' households	10	16.4	3	30.0	7	70.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	4.9	2	66.7	1	33.3
	One adult speaking Welsh	3	4.9	1	33.3	2	66.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	4	6.6	0	0.0	4	100.0
	Lone parent households	14	23.0	2	14.3	12	85.7
	Parent speaking Welsh	6	9.8	1	16.7	5	83.3
	Parent not speaking Welsh	8	13.1	1	12.5	7	87.5
	(Welsh speaking households)	20	32.8	13	65.0	7	35.0
(Mixed language households)	16	26.2	11	68.8	5	31.3	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	25	41.0	4	16.0	21	84.0	

TABLE 3.2



Ward	Household Structure	Total		Children 3-4 years			
		#	%	speaking Welsh		not speaking Welsh	
				#	%	#	%
Tyisha	All households	109		25	22.9	84	77.1
	Couple households	53	48.6	12	22.6	41	77.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	2	1.8	0	0.0	2	100.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	3.7	3	75.0	1	25.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	47	43.1	9	19.1	38	80.9
	Married couples' households	26	23.9	3	11.5	23	88.5
	Two adults speaking Welsh	2	1.8	0	0.0	2	100.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	24	22.0	3	12.5	21	87.5
	Cohabiting couples' households	27	24.8	9	33.3	18	66.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	4	3.7	3	75.0	1	25.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	23	21.1	6	26.1	17	73.9
	Lone parent households	56	51.4	13	23.2	43	76.8
	Parent speaking Welsh	8	7.3	5	62.5	3	37.5
	Parent not speaking Welsh	48	44.0	8	16.7	40	83.3
(Welsh speaking households)	10	9.2	5	50.0	5	50.0	
(Mixed language households)	4	3.7	3	75.0	1	25.0	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	95	87.2	17	17.9	78	82.1	
Whitland	All households	35		13	37.1	22	62.9
	Couple households	29	82.9	12	41.4	17	58.6
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3	8.6	3	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	9	25.7	5	55.6	4	44.4
	No adults speaking Welsh	17	48.6	4	23.5	13	76.5
	Married couples' households	26	74.3	11	42.3	15	57.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	2	5.7	2	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	7	20.0	5	71.4	2	28.6
	No adults speaking Welsh	17	48.6	4	23.5	13	76.5
	Cohabiting couples' households	3	8.6	1	33.3	2	66.7
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1	2.9	1	100.0	0	0.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	2	5.7	0	0.0	2	100.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	Lone parent households	6	17.1	1	16.7	5	83.3
	Parent speaking Welsh	1	2.9	0	0.0	1	100.0
	Parent not speaking Welsh	5	14.3	1	20.0	4	80.0
(Welsh speaking households)	4	11.4	3	75.0	1	25.0	
(Mixed language households)	9	25.7	5	55.6	4	44.4	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	22	62.9	5	22.7	17	77.3	
Carmarthenshire	All households	4,124		1,888	45.8	2,236	54.2
	Couple households	3,027	73.4	1,500	49.6	1,527	50.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	708	17.2	604	85.3	104	14.7
	One adult speaking Welsh	972	23.6	561	57.7	411	42.3
	No adults speaking Welsh	1,347	32.7	335	24.9	1,012	75.1
	Married couples' households	2,189	53.1	1,143	52.2	1,046	47.8
	Two adults speaking Welsh	563	13.7	490	87.0	73	13.0
	One adult speaking Welsh	688	16.7	405	58.9	283	41.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	938	22.7	248	26.4	690	73.6
	Cohabiting couples' households	838	20.3	357	42.6	481	57.4
	Two adults speaking Welsh	145	3.5	114	78.6	31	21.4
	One adult speaking Welsh	284	6.9	156	54.9	128	45.1
	No adults speaking Welsh	409	9.9	87	21.3	322	78.7
	Lone parent households	1,097	26.6	388	35.4	709	64.6
	Parent speaking Welsh	340	8.2	200	58.8	140	41.2
	Parent not speaking Welsh	757	18.4	188	24.8	569	75.2
(Welsh speaking households)	1,048	25.4	804	76.7	244	23.3	
(Mixed language households)	972	23.6	561	57.7	411	42.3	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	2,104	51.0	523	24.9	1,581	75.1	
Wales	All households	69,801		16,347	23.4	53,454	76.6
	Couple households	51,051	73.1	12,639	24.8	38,412	75.2
	Two adults speaking Welsh	4,587	6.6	3,799	82.8	788	17.2
	One adult speaking Welsh	8,316	11.9	3,837	46.1	4,479	53.9
	No adults speaking Welsh	38,148	54.7	5,003	13.1	33,145	86.9
	Married couples' households	36,089	51.7	9,026	25.0	27,063	75.0
	Two adults speaking Welsh	3,319	4.8	2,773	83.5	546	16.5
	One adult speaking Welsh	5,758	8.2	2,704	47.0	3,054	53.0
	No adults speaking Welsh	27,012	38.7	3,549	13.1	23,463	86.9
	Cohabiting couples' households	14,962	21.4	3,613	24.1	11,349	75.9
	Two adults speaking Welsh	1,268	1.8	1,026	80.9	242	19.1
	One adult speaking Welsh	2,558	3.7	1,133	44.3	1,425	55.7
	No adults speaking Welsh	11,136	16.0	1,454	13.1	9,682	86.9
	Lone parent households	18,750	26.9	3,708	19.8	15,042	80.2
	Parent speaking Welsh	2,636	3.8	1,419	53.8	1,217	46.2
	Parent not speaking Welsh	16,114	23.1	2,289	14.2	13,825	85.8
(Welsh speaking households)	7,223	10.3	5,218	72.2	2,005	27.8	
(Mixed language households)	8,316	11.9	3,837	46.1	4,479	53.9	
(non-Welsh speaking households)	54,262	77.7	7,292	13.4	46,970	86.6	

TABLE 3.2

# Carmarthenshire 2011

Language transmission in the home by ward (summary)

Based on households with children aged 3-4 years of age

Ward	Children 3-4 years					
	speaking Welsh			not speaking Welsh		
	Welsh speaking	Mixed language	non-Welsh speaking	Welsh speaking	Mixed language	non-Welsh speaking
Abergwili	93.3	66.7	66.7	6.7	33.3	33.3
Ammanford	70.6	40.9	41.9	29.4	59.1	58.1
Betws	88.9	78.9	56.5	11.1	21.1	43.5
Bigyn	53.3	60.0	22.2	46.7	40.0	77.8
Burry Port	83.3	72.2	31.1	16.7	27.8	68.9
Bynea	36.4	50.0	11.8	63.6	50.0	88.2
Carmarthen Town (North)	56.5	54.5	16.9	43.5	45.5	83.1
Carmarthen Town (South)	50.0	16.7	11.1	50.0	83.3	88.9
Carmarthen Town (West)	71.1	35.3	9.2	28.9	64.7	90.8
Cenarth	90.9	85.7	43.5	9.1	14.3	56.5
Cilycwm	77.8	66.7	33.3	22.2	33.3	66.7
Cynwyl Elfed	78.3	61.5	25.0	21.7	38.5	75.0
Cynwyl Gaeo	66.7	33.3	30.8	33.3	66.7	69.2
Dafen	54.5	38.1	16.9	45.5	61.9	83.1
Elli	87.5	64.3	14.6	12.5	35.7	85.4
Felinfoel	33.3	56.3	27.7	66.7	43.8	72.3
Garnant	89.5	53.3	30.4	10.5	46.7	69.6
Glanaman	50.0	59.1	8.3	50.0	40.9	91.7
Glan-y-môr	50.0	52.0	22.3	50.0	48.0	77.7
Glyn	69.2	100.0	33.3	30.8	0.0	66.7
Gorslas	80.6	67.6	42.1	19.4	32.4	57.9
Hendy	90.0	75.0	26.3	10.0	25.0	73.7
Hengoed	100.0	66.7	10.3	0.0	33.3	89.7
Kidwelly	85.2	31.3	21.4	14.8	68.8	78.6
Laugharne Township	90.9	50.0	31.0	9.1	50.0	69.0
Llanboidy	85.7	100.0	23.8	14.3	0.0	76.2
Llanddarog	92.9	76.9	36.4	7.1	23.1	63.6
Llandeilo	91.7	45.5	39.3	8.3	54.5	60.7
Llandovery	78.6	54.5	45.5	21.4	45.5	54.5
Llandybie	60.0	62.5	32.1	40.0	37.5	67.9
Llanegwad	93.3	42.9	58.8	6.7	57.1	41.2
Llanfihangel Aberbythych	70.6	100.0	12.5	29.4	0.0	87.5
Llanfihangel-ar-Arth	92.9	46.7	23.1	7.1	53.3	76.9
Llangadog	85.0	50.0	40.0	15.0	50.0	60.0
Llangeler	81.3	52.4	19.0	18.8	47.6	81.0
Llangennech	80.0	53.5	28.4	20.0	46.5	71.6
Llangunnor	72.7	60.0	35.3	27.3	40.0	64.7
Llangyndeyrn	84.4	66.7	14.3	15.6	33.3	85.7
Llannon	78.4	63.4	25.0	21.6	36.6	75.0
Llansteffan	62.5	20.0	35.3	37.5	80.0	64.7

TABLE 3.3

Ward	speaking Welsh			not speaking Welsh		
	Welsh speaking	Mixed language	non-Welsh speaking	Welsh speaking	Mixed language	non-Welsh speaking
Llanybydder	87.2	70.0	25.0	12.8	30.0	75.0
Lliedi	61.5	27.3	14.8	38.5	72.7	85.2
Llwynhendy	33.3	60.9	18.7	66.7	39.1	81.3
Manordeilo and Salem	70.0	75.0	38.5	30.0	25.0	61.5
Pembrey	75.0	41.7	23.2	25.0	58.3	76.8
Penygroes	79.4	76.2	52.0	20.6	23.8	48.0
Pontaman	75.0	47.4	25.0	25.0	52.6	75.0
Pontyberem	85.3	64.3	40.0	14.7	35.7	60.0
Quarter Bach	87.1	77.8	58.3	12.9	22.2	41.7
St.Clears	66.7	47.4	36.0	33.3	52.6	64.0
St.Ishmael	87.5	58.8	14.3	12.5	41.2	85.7
Saron	78.6	61.5	20.7	21.4	38.5	79.3
Swiss Valley	100.0	71.4	17.2	0.0	28.6	82.8
Trelech	100.0	42.9	53.3	0.0	57.1	46.7
Trimsaran	71.4	53.8	48.5	28.6	46.2	51.5
Tycroes	65.0	68.8	16.0	35.0	31.3	84.0
Tyisha	50.0	75.0	17.9	50.0	25.0	82.1
Whitland	75.0	55.6	22.7	25.0	44.4	77.3
<b>Carmarthenshire</b>	<b>76.7</b>	<b>57.7</b>	<b>24.9</b>	<b>23.3</b>	<b>42.3</b>	<b>75.1</b>

**TABLE 3.3**



# Carmarthenshire 2001 and 2011

## Ability of Welsh speakers to Read and Write Welsh

Ward	2001			2011		
	Speaking Welsh only			Speaking Welsh only		
	as % of population aged 3+ years	as % of those with some knowledge of Welsh	as % of all those able to speak Welsh	as % of population aged 3+ years	as % of those with some knowledge of Welsh	as % of all those able to speak Welsh
Abergwili	4.9	7.2	8.5	5.9	8.7	10.6
Ammanford	11.7	15.2	18.9	10.1	14.6	20.2
Betws	11.2	14.8	17.7	8.7	12.6	16.3
Bigyn	6.5	13.5	22.5	4.7	11.6	20.3
Burry Port	6.6	13.2	18.2	5.5	11.1	17.2
Bynea	7.5	14.4	21.0	5.4	11.6	17.6
Carmarthen Town (North)	6.8	11.6	16.5	6.9	12.9	18.6
Carmarthen Town (South)	7.5	12.3	16.8	7.4	13.3	19.4
Carmarthen Town (West)	7.2	12.2	16.7	5.4	10.0	14.4
Cenarth	6.3	9.2	10.4	6.0	10.2	12.3
Cilycwm	5.0	8.1	10.2	3.7	6.5	8.1
Cynwyl Elfed	4.9	7.5	8.5	5.6	8.7	10.3
Cynwyl Gaeo	4.8	7.3	8.3	3.3	5.8	7.0
Dafen	7.2	14.2	22.3	6.5	14.6	24.3
Elli	8.3	15.5	23.7	5.6	11.9	19.4
Felinfoel	7.1	13.9	21.1	5.7	12.7	20.1
Garnant	10.1	12.7	14.5	9.4	13.3	16.1
Glanaman	10.6	13.6	15.6	11.1	15.5	18.6
Glan-y-môr	6.2	14.8	25.6	4.3	12.3	22.5
Glyn	8.2	11.0	12.5	7.5	10.7	12.7
Gorslas	6.8	8.7	9.7	7.8	10.7	12.2
Hendy	6.7	10.2	13.0	6.5	11.2	14.8
Hengoed	7.3	13.0	19.1	5.9	11.7	17.9
Kidwelly	9.9	15.0	19.5	8.3	13.6	18.7
Laugharne Township	4.6	11.8	18.9	4.3	11.6	19.4
Llanboidy	5.3	8.4	9.7	5.4	9.2	11.1
Llanddarog	6.4	8.9	10.3	6.4	9.3	11.1
Llandeilo	7.2	10.3	13.1	7.2	10.8	14.4
Llandovery	7.6	12.6	16.1	6.5	11.8	16.1
Llandybie	10.2	13.6	16.4	10.6	14.7	18.7
Llanegwad	5.0	7.2	8.3	5.6	8.9	10.5
Llanfihangel Aberbythych	5.1	7.9	9.1	6.1	9.9	11.9
Llanfihangel-ar-Arth	6.6	8.9	9.9	6.2	9.4	10.8
Llangadog	5.3	7.7	8.8	5.7	8.7	10.3
Llangeler	5.2	7.6	8.7	5.9	9.3	10.9
Llangennech	6.8	11.0	14.5	6.2	11.1	15.4
Llangunnor	8.4	12.6	15.7	6.9	10.8	14.4
Llangyndeyrn	7.5	9.8	11.4	7.2	10.3	12.3
Llannon	8.5	10.7	12.0	9.9	13.4	15.5
Llansteffan	5.2	8.6	10.8	6.2	10.6	14.0
Llanybydder	5.9	8.1	9.1	7.1	10.5	12.1
Lliedi	6.6	13.0	20.3	5.3	11.6	18.7
Llwynhendy	7.6	15.2	23.1	5.8	13.4	22.2
Manordeilo and Salem	5.6	9.4	11.2	6.1	10.5	12.7
Pembrey	6.6	12.4	18.1	5.4	11.1	17.3
Penygroes	7.4	9.2	10.6	8.0	11.0	12.9
Pontaman	9.9	13.3	16.6	9.3	13.3	17.5
Pontyberem	8.3	10.2	11.3	8.1	10.7	12.0
Quarter Bach	7.6	9.1	10.1	9.8	12.6	14.3
Saron	6.2	9.0	11.1	5.9	9.1	11.8
St. Clears	5.7	8.4	10.4	6.3	10.0	12.9
St. Ishmael	10.1	13.1	15.4	9.2	13.7	16.9
Swiss Valley	5.7	10.6	15.9	6.1	11.9	18.5
Trelech	5.9	8.5	9.6	5.2	8.4	9.7
Trimsaran	9.4	13.3	16.4	8.9	13.4	17.6
Tycoes	9.9	13.6	17.0	9.4	14.5	19.9
Tyisha	7.2	15.5	25.5	5.4	14.6	25.2
Whitland	7.2	12.4	15.9	6.4	11.5	15.1
<b>Carmarthenshire</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>15.3</b>
<b>Wales</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>9.9</b>	<b>13.8</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>14.3</b>

TABLE 4.2

# Carmarthenshire, 1901-2011

## Birthplace

Year	Population total	Born in Wales		Born in England		Born outside Wales	
		number	percent	number	percent	number	percent
1901	135,328	129,829	95.9	4,579	3.4	5,499	4.1
1911	160,406	147,864	92.2	9,651	6.0	12,542	7.8
1921	175,073	159,751	91.2	12,540	7.2	15,322	8.8
1931	179,100	168,122	93.9	9,163	5.1	10,978	6.1
1941							
1951	172,034	157,251	91.4	10,950	6.4	14,783	8.6
1961	168,008	153,321	91.3	10,864	6.5	14,687	8.7
1971	162,560	145,610	89.6	13,190	8.1	16,950	10.4
1981	162,271	140,178	86.4	18,334	11.3	22,093	13.6
1991	168,364	137,740	81.8	26,110	15.5	30,624	18.2
2001	172,846	138,390	80.1	28,972	16.8	34,456	19.9
2011	183,777	139,693	76.0	34,799	18.9	44,084	24.0

# Carmarthenshire, 2001 a 2011

Percentages of non-Welsh speakers and residents born outside Wales

Ward	2001		2011	
	non-Welsh speakers percent (%)	Born outside Wales percent (%)	non-Welsh speakers percent (%)	Born outside Wales percent (%)
<b>Carmarthen</b>				
Abergwili	41.8	27.5	44.3	28.4
Carmarthen Town (North)	58.8	19.1	62.6	22.9
Carmarthen Town (South)	55.5	22.5	61.8	29.4
Carmarthen Town (West)	56.8	19.9	62.8	24.2
Cenarth	39.6	38.0	51.2	41.9
Cynwyl Elfed	42.2	32.8	45.7	34.0
Gorslas	29.6	17.5	35.9	21.0
Laugharne Township	75.7	30.3	77.6	32.6
Llanboidy	45.6	36.2	51.3	36.7
Llanddarog	37.7	23.1	42.2	25.5
Llanfihangel-ar-arth	34.0	30.7	42.5	35.4
Llangeler	40.3	36.7	45.5	40.7
Llangunnor	46.2	17.0	52.0	20.8
Llangyndeyrn	34.4	18.4	41.2	22.7
Llansteffan	51.5	31.5	55.8	33.7
Llanybydder	35.2	32.5	41.4	34.2
St. Clears	43.8	20.3	49.7	23.6
St. Ishmael	44.8	24.6	51.3	29.1
Trelech	38.8	34.0	46.5	39.5
Whitland	54.6	23.7	57.6	30.2
<b>Dinefwr</b>				
Ammanford	37.9	12.2	50.1	17.3
Betws	36.7	16.9	46.6	19.7
Cilycwm	50.8	39.4	54.0	42.6
Cynwyl Gaeo	42.0	40.2	53.3	45.5
Garnant	30.5	17.0	41.5	25.6
Glanaman	32.4	20.8	40.2	24.7
Llandeilo	44.9	24.1	49.7	28.3
Llandovery	52.5	31.7	59.7	35.1
Llandybïe	37.7	15.4	43.0	18.4
Llanegwad	40.0	33.7	46.5	35.9
Llanfihangel Aberbythych	43.5	32.0	48.4	35.4
Llangadog	39.8	31.5	44.3	32.3
Manordeilo and Salem	50.1	37.8	51.8	38.0
Penygroes	30.1	16.5	37.8	20.0
Pontaman	40.5	14.9	47.0	18.7
Quarter Bach	25.2	17.0	31.3	21.1
Saron	34.9	16.3	45.6	22.6

TABLE 5.2

Ward	non-Welsh speakers percent (%)	Born outside Wales percent (%)	non-Welsh speakers percent (%)	Born outside Wales percent (%)
<b><i>Llanelli</i></b>				
Bigyn	71.3	12.4	77.0	17.0
Burry Port	63.6	15.8	67.8	19.7
Bynea	64.2	12.3	69.0	15.2
Dafen	67.7	12.0	73.1	15.4
Elli	65.2	12.8	71.4	18.2
Felinfoel	66.5	10.6	71.9	14.9
Glan-y-môr	75.7	11.8	80.8	20.6
Glyn	34.2	19.4	41.1	21.7
Hendy	48.0	13.1	56.2	15.1
Hengoed	62.0	13.5	67.3	16.7
Kidwelly	49.4	20.9	55.6	24.0
Llangennech	53.5	15.3	60.1	17.6
Llannon	29.0	13.7	35.8	19.3
Lliedi	67.4	9.5	71.9	16.1
Llwynhendy	67.1	11.1	73.9	13.4
Pembrey	63.7	19.9	68.9	24.1
Pontyberem	26.6	16.5	32.6	20.6
Swiss Valley	64.2	13.6	66.9	16.5
Trimsaran	42.9	17.0	49.6	21.1
Tycroes	41.8	14.7	52.9	20.3
Tyisha	71.6	12.1	78.5	23.8

TABLE 5.2



# Carmarthenshire 2011

Population according to birthplace and ability to speak Welsh (based on KS204EW and DC2206WA)

Ward	Pop.	Birthplace				Able to speak Welsh			
		Wales	%	outside	%	Born in Wales	%	Born outside Wales	%
Abergwili	2,315	1,658	71.6	657	28.4	1,153	72.0	104	15.9
Ammanford	2,662	2,202	82.7	460	17.3	1,217	57.2	73	15.9
Betws	2,175	1,746	80.3	429	19.7	1,045	63.3	64	15.1
Bigyn	6,761	5,612	83.0	1,149	17.0	1,406	26.2	90	7.9
Burry Port	4,246	3,411	80.3	835	19.7	1,255	38.3	69	8.3
Bynea	4,207	3,568	84.8	639	15.2	1,188	35.0	59	9.3
Carmarthen Town (North)	5,142	3,963	77.1	1,179	22.9	1,685	44.5	168	14.4
Carmarthen Town (South)	3,800	2,684	70.6	1,116	29.4	1,299	50.0	115	10.4
Carmarthen Town (West)	5,243	3,973	75.8	1,270	24.2	1,688	45.3	168	13.4
Cenarth	2,214	1,287	58.1	927	41.9	914	75.1	131	14.2
Cilycwm	1,518	871	57.4	647	42.6	599	71.4	82	12.8
Cynwyl Elfed	3,018	1,991	66.0	1,027	34.0	1,443	75.4	154	15.0
Cynwyl Gaeo	1,613	879	54.5	734	45.5	645	77.6	85	11.6
Dafen	3,597	3,042	84.6	555	15.4	876	30.1	55	10.1
Elli	3,203	2,621	81.8	582	18.2	843	33.3	47	8.2
Felinfoel	2,054	1,747	85.1	307	14.9	517	31.2	34	11.3
Garnant	2,139	1,592	74.4	547	25.6	1,105	72.9	101	18.5
Glanaman	2,347	1,768	75.3	579	24.7	1,262	74.2	99	17.2
Glan-y-môr	5,668	4,503	79.4	1,165	20.6	935	22.1	95	8.3
Glyn	2,155	1,688	78.3	467	21.7	1,158	71.6	69	14.8
Gorslas	4,066	3,211	79.0	855	21.0	2,406	78.0	117	13.7
Hendy	3,226	2,739	84.9	487	15.1	1,299	49.4	63	13.0
Hengoed	3,745	3,119	83.3	626	16.7	1,116	37.1	73	11.7
Kidwelly	3,523	2,677	76.0	846	24.0	1,390	54.4	120	14.2
Laugharne Township	2,851	1,922	67.4	929	32.6	544	29.6	75	8.1
Llanboidy	2,087	1,321	63.3	766	36.7	887	69.6	106	13.9
Llanddarog	1,963	1,462	74.5	501	25.5	1,033	73.6	68	13.6
Llandeilo	2,971	2,130	71.7	841	28.3	1,318	64.3	136	16.2
Llandovery	2,689	1,745	64.9	944	35.1	944	56.3	112	11.9
Llandybie	3,994	3,259	81.6	735	18.4	2,094	66.8	113	15.4
Llanegwad	2,440	1,565	64.1	875	35.9	1,143	75.8	130	14.9
Llanfihangel Aberbythych	1,851	1,195	64.6	656	35.4	830	71.8	103	15.8
Llanfihangel-ar-Arth	2,851	1,843	64.6	1,008	35.4	1,440	81.9	148	14.7
Llangadog	1,929	1,306	67.7	623	32.3	970	77.0	78	12.5
Llangeler	3,427	2,031	59.3	1,396	40.7	1,565	80.7	247	17.8
Llangennech	4,964	4,088	82.4	876	17.6	1,808	46.2	104	11.9
Llangunnor	2,381	1,885	79.2	496	20.8	1,066	58.5	45	9.1
Llangyndeyrn	3,102	2,397	77.3	705	22.7	1,673	72.4	98	14.0
Llannon	5,270	4,255	80.7	1,015	19.3	3,080	75.7	182	18.0
Llansteffan	2,006	1,329	66.3	677	33.7	790	61.1	80	11.8
Llanybydder	2,807	1,848	65.8	959	34.2	1,420	82.4	150	15.7
Lliedi	5,457	4,580	83.9	877	16.1	1,417	32.4	57	6.6
Llwynhendy	4,506	3,902	86.6	604	13.4	1,070	29.1	47	7.8
Manordeilo and Salem	2,248	1,393	62.0	855	38.0	945	70.1	115	13.5
Pembrey	4,301	3,265	75.9	1,036	24.1	1,194	37.8	107	10.4
Penygroes	2,889	2,311	80.0	578	20.0	1,633	74.0	100	17.3
Pontaman	2,749	2,235	81.3	514	18.7	1,356	62.6	63	12.4
Pontyberem	2,768	2,197	79.4	571	20.6	1,697	80.3	109	19.2
Quarter Bach	2,921	2,304	78.9	617	21.1	1,801	81.4	141	22.9
Saron	2,995	2,287	76.4	708	23.6	2,021	66.2	143	15.5
St. Clears	2,674	1,895	70.9	779	29.1	1,369	62.1	94	13.3
St. Ishmael	4,111	3,180	77.4	931	22.6	1,164	63.2	111	14.3
Swiss Valley	2,536	2,118	83.5	418	16.5	782	37.9	40	9.6

TABLE 5.3

Ward	Pop.	Birthplace				Able to speak Welsh			
		Wales	%	outside	%	Born in Wales	%	Born outside Wales	%
Trelech	2,072	1,253	60.5	819	39.5	962	79.1	126	15.4
Trimsaran	2,541	2,004	78.9	537	21.1	1,162	60.6	74	13.9
Tycroes	2,438	1,944	79.7	494	20.3	1,048	56.0	66	13.4
Tyisha	4,079	3,107	76.2	972	23.8	761	25.7	81	8.4
Whitland	2,272	1,585	69.8	687	30.2	837	55.2	96	14.0
<b>Carmarthenshire</b>	183,777	139,693	76.0	44,084	24.0	72,268	54.0	5,780	13.2
<b>Wales</b>	3,063,456	2,226,005	72.7	837,451	27.3	495,583	23.3	66,433	8.0

TABLE 5.3

# Carmarthenshire, 2011

Industry by those speaking Welsh and those unable to speak Welsh  
(Based on DC2607WA1a)

	ALL age 16+ years		Speaking Welsh by industry		Speaking Welsh within the sector		no Welsh within the sector	
	number	%	number	%	number	%	number	%
<b>ALL INDUSTRIES</b>								
A; B; D; E. Agriculture, energy and water	4,863	6.0	2,761	8.2	2,761	56.8	2,102	43.2
C. Manufacturing	7,067	8.7	2,322	6.9	2,322	32.9	4,745	67.1
F. Construction	7,272	8.9	3,239	9.6	3,239	44.5	4,033	55.5
G. Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles	13,502	16.6	5,044	14.9	5,044	37.4	8,458	62.6
H. Transport and storage	3,122	3.8	1,232	3.6	1,232	39.5	1,890	60.5
I. Accommodation and food service activities	4,335	5.3	1,452	4.3	1,452	33.5	2,883	66.5
J. Information and communication	1,364	1.7	524	1.6	524	38.4	840	61.6
K. Financial and insurance activities	1,573	1.9	637	1.9	637	40.5	936	59.5
L. Real estate activities	893	1.1	372	1.1	372	41.7	521	58.3
M. Professional, scientific and technical activities	2,944	3.6	1,105	3.3	1,105	37.5	1,839	62.5
N. Administrative and support service activities	2,660	3.3	858	2.5	858	32.3	1,802	67.7
O. Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	7,338	9.0	3,424	10.1	3,424	46.7	3,914	53.3
P. Education	8,486	10.4	4,679	13.9	4,679	55.1	3,807	44.9
Q. Human health and social work activities	12,600	15.5	4,802	14.2	4,802	38.1	7,798	61.9
R; S; T: U. Other	3,383	4.2	1,314	3.9	1,314	38.8	2,069	61.2
<b>ALL</b>	<b>81,402</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>33,765</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>33,765</b>	<b>41.5</b>	<b>47,637</b>	<b>58.5</b>

TABLE 6.1

# Carmarthenshire, 2011

Occupation by those speaking Welsh and those unable to speak Welsh  
(Based on DC2608WA1a)

	ALL		Speaking Welsh		Speaking Welsh		no Welsh	
	age 16+ years		within occupation		16+ years		16+ years	
<b>1. Managers and Senior Officials</b>	<b>7,439</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>2,591</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>2,591</b>	<b>34.8</b>	<b>4,848</b>	<b>65.2</b>
1.1 corporate managers and directors	4,154	55.8	1,548	59.7	1,548	37.3	2,606	62.7
1.2. other managers and proprietors	3,285	44.2	1,043	40.3	1,043	31.8	2,242	68.2
<b>2. Professional Occupations</b>	<b>12,255</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>5,671</b>	<b>16.8</b>	<b>5,671</b>	<b>46.3</b>	<b>6,584</b>	<b>53.7</b>
2.1 science, research, engineering and technology professionals	1,904	15.5	686	12.1	686	36.0	1,218	64.0
2.2 health professionals	3,829	31.2	1,488	26.2	1,488	38.9	2,341	61.1
2.3 teaching and educational professionals	4,002	32.7	2,419	42.7	2,419	60.4	1,583	39.6
2.4 business, media and public service professionals	2,520	20.6	1,078	19.0	1,078	42.8	1,442	57.2
<b>3. Associate Professional and Technical Occupations</b>	<b>7,878</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>3,218</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>3,218</b>	<b>40.8</b>	<b>4,660</b>	<b>59.2</b>
3.1 science, research, engineering and technology associate professionals	962	12.2	362	11.2	362	37.6	600	62.4
3.2 health and social care associate professionals	1,157	14.7	474	14.7	474	41.0	683	59.0
3.3 protective service occupations	1,254	15.9	544	16.9	544	43.4	710	56.6
3.4 culture, media and sports occupations	1,201	15.2	493	15.3	493	41.0	708	59.0
3.5 business and public service associate professionals	3,304	41.9	1,345	41.8	1,345	40.7	1,959	59.3
<b>4. Administrative and Secretarial Occupations</b>	<b>8,488</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>3,553</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>3,553</b>	<b>41.9</b>	<b>4,935</b>	<b>58.1</b>
4.1 administrative occupations	6,661	78.5	2,779	78.2	2,779	41.7	3,882	58.3
4.2 secretarial and related occupations	1,827	21.5	774	21.8	774	42.4	1,053	57.6
<b>5. Skilled Trades Occupations</b>	<b>13,499</b>	<b>16.6</b>	<b>6,409</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>6,409</b>	<b>47.5</b>	<b>7,090</b>	<b>52.5</b>
5.1 skilled agricultural and related trades	3,616	26.8	2,276	35.5	2,276	62.9	1,340	37.1
5.2 skilled metal, electrical and electronic trades	3,741	27.7	1,611	25.1	1,611	43.1	2,130	56.9
5.3 skilled construction and building trades	4,128	30.6	1,832	28.6	1,832	44.4	2,296	55.6
5.4 textiles, printing and other skilled trades	2,014	14.9	690	10.8	690	34.3	1,324	65.7
<b>6. Personal Service Occupations</b>	<b>9,005</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>3,888</b>	<b>11.5</b>	<b>3,888</b>	<b>43.2</b>	<b>5,117</b>	<b>56.8</b>
6.1 caring personal service occupations	7,411	82.3	3,270	84.1	3,270	44.1	4,141	55.9
6.2 leisure, travel and related personal service occupations	1,594	17.7	618	15.9	618	38.8	976	61.2
<b>7. Sales and Customer Service Occupations</b>	<b>7,054</b>	<b>8.7</b>	<b>2,571</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>2,571</b>	<b>36.4</b>	<b>4,483</b>	<b>63.6</b>
7.1 sales occupations	6,310	89.5	2,264	88.1	2,264	35.9	4,046	64.1
7.2 customer service occupations	744	10.5	307	11.9	307	41.3	437	58.7
<b>8. Process, Plant and Machine Operatives</b>	<b>6,594</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>2,560</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>2,560</b>	<b>38.8</b>	<b>4,034</b>	<b>61.2</b>
8.1 process, plant and machine operatives	3,075	46.6	1,015	39.6	1,015	33.0	2,060	67.0
8.2 transport and mobile machine drivers and operatives	3,519	53.4	1,545	60.4	1,545	43.9	1,974	56.1
<b>9. Elementary Occupations</b>	<b>9,190</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>3,304</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>3,304</b>	<b>36.0</b>	<b>5,886</b>	<b>64.0</b>
9.1 elementary trades and related occupations	2,326	25.3	913	27.6	913	39.3	1,413	60.7
9.2 elementary administration and service occupations	6,864	74.7	2,391	72.4	2,391	34.8	4,473	65.2
<b>ALL</b>	<b>81,402</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>33,765</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>33,765</b>	<b>41.5</b>	<b>47,637</b>	<b>58.5</b>

TABLE 6.2

# Carmarthenshire, 2011

Socio-Economic Classification by those able to speak Welsh and those unable to speak Welsh  
(Based on DC2609WA1a)

NATIONAL STATISTICS - SOCIO-ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION	ALL age 16+ years		Speaking Welsh within each class		Speaking Welsh 16+ years		no Welsh 16+ years	
	nifer	%	nifer	%	nifer	%	nifer	%
<b>1. Higher managerial, administrative and professional occupations</b>	<b>10,078</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>3,990</b>	<b>6.4</b>	<b>3,990</b>	<b>39.6</b>	<b>6,088</b>	<b>60.4</b>
1.1 Large employers and higher managerial occupations	2,355	23.4	849	21.3	849	36.1	1,506	63.9
1.2 Higher professional occupations	7,723	76.6	3,141	78.7	3,141	40.7	4,582	59.3
<b>2. Lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations</b>	<b>29,459</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>12,925</b>	<b>20.7</b>	<b>12,925</b>	<b>43.9</b>	<b>16,534</b>	<b>56.1</b>
<b>3. Intermediate occupations</b>	<b>17,436</b>	<b>11.6</b>	<b>7,497</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>7,497</b>	<b>43.0</b>	<b>9,939</b>	<b>57.0</b>
<b>4. Small employers and own account workers</b>	<b>19,370</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>8,534</b>	<b>13.6</b>	<b>8,534</b>	<b>44.1</b>	<b>10,836</b>	<b>55.9</b>
<b>5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations</b>	<b>11,839</b>	<b>7.9</b>	<b>4,902</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>4,902</b>	<b>41.4</b>	<b>6,937</b>	<b>58.6</b>
<b>6. Semi-routine occupations</b>	<b>24,925</b>	<b>16.5</b>	<b>9,279</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>9,279</b>	<b>37.2</b>	<b>15,646</b>	<b>62.8</b>
<b>7. Routine occupations</b>	<b>20,234</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>8,216</b>	<b>13.1</b>	<b>8,216</b>	<b>40.6</b>	<b>12,018</b>	<b>59.4</b>
<b>8. Never worked and long-term unemployed</b>	<b>8,338</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>2,681</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>2,681</b>	<b>32.2</b>	<b>5,657</b>	<b>67.8</b>
L14.1 Never worked	6,313	75.7	2,181	81.4	2,181	34.5	4,132	65.5
L14.2 Long-term unemployed	2,025	24.3	500	18.6	500	24.7	1,525	75.3
<b>L15. Full-time students</b>	<b>9,084</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>4,510</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>4,510</b>	<b>49.6</b>	<b>4,574</b>	<b>50.4</b>
<b>ALL</b>	<b>150,763</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>62,534</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>62,534</b>	<b>41.5</b>	<b>88,229</b>	<b>58.5</b>

TABLE 6.3